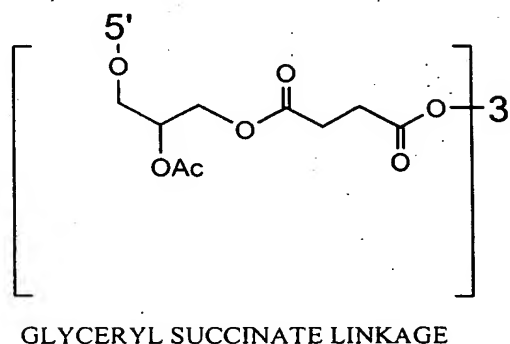
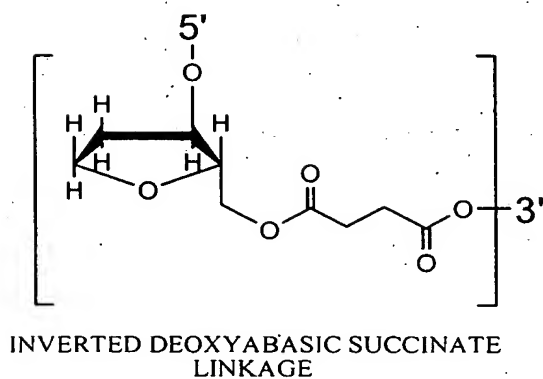
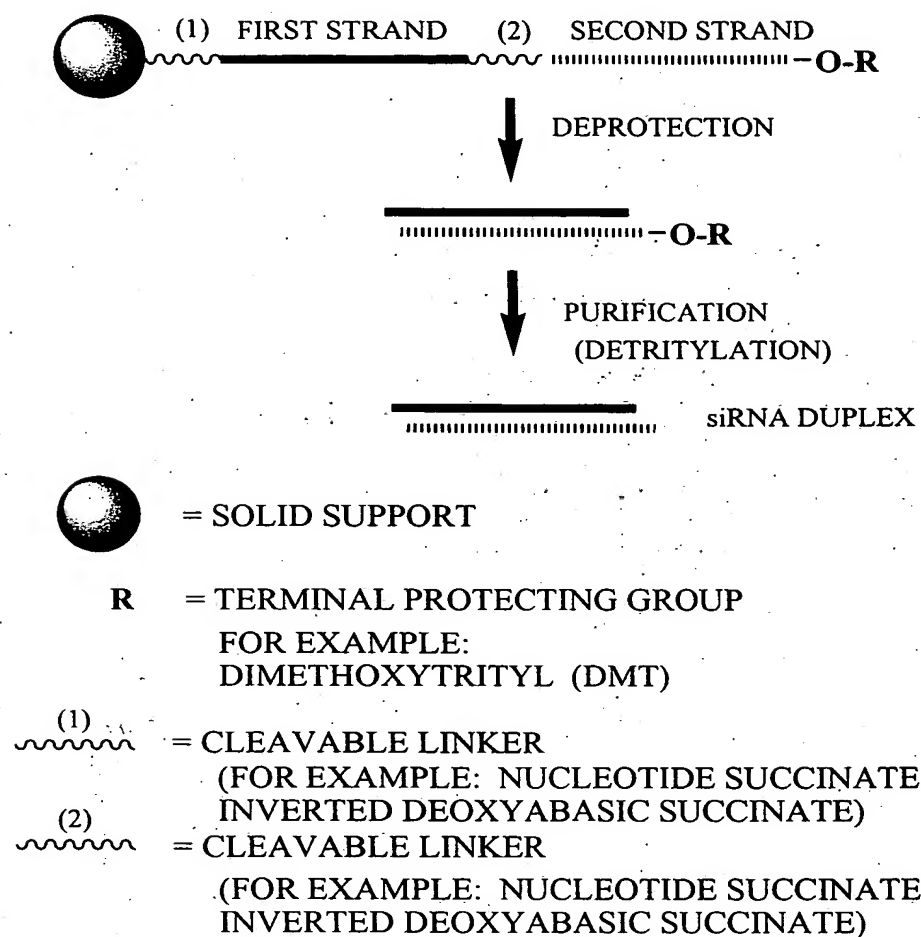
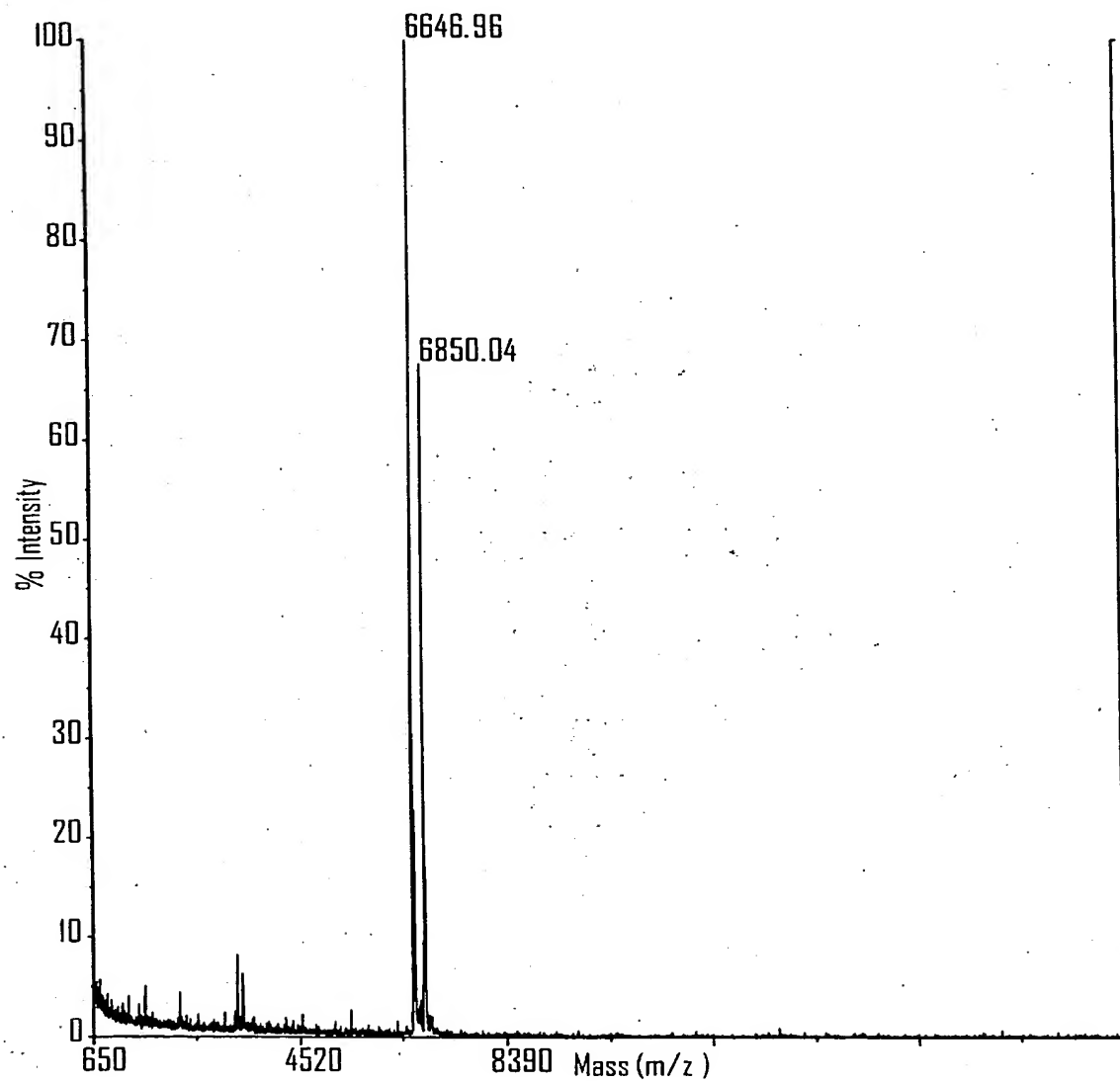


**Figure 1**



**Figure 2**



## Figure 3

5'-CGUACGCGGAUACUUCGATT (SEQ ID NO: 394) 3'-TTGCAUGCGCCUUAUGAAGCU (SEQ ID NO: 395)	$T_{1/2} = 15$ seconds (control)
5'-B cAaccAcAAAAuAcAAcAATT B (SEQ ID NO: 396) 3'-TXGuuGGuGuuuuAuGuuGuu (SEQ ID NO: 397)	$T_{1/2} = 138$ min
5'-B cAaccAcAAAAuAcAAcAATT B (SEQ ID NO: 396) 3'-TDGuuGGuGuuuuAuGuuGuu (SEQ ID NO: 398)	$T_{1/2} = 3.7$ days
5'-B cAaccAcAAAAuAcAAcAATT B (SEQ ID NO: 396) 3'-XTGuuGGuGuuuuAuGuuGuu (SEQ ID NO: 399)	$T_{1/2} = 72$ minutes
5'-B cAaccAcAAAAuAcAAcAATT B (SEQ ID NO: 396) 3'-LTGuuGGuGuuuuAuGuuGuu (SEQ ID NO: 400)	$T_{1/2} = 40$ days
5'-B cAaccAcAAAAuAcAAcAATT B (SEQ ID NO: 396) 3'-tTGuuGGuGuuuuAuGuuGuu (SEQ ID NO: 401)	$T_{1/2} = 32$ days

G, A, U, C = Guanosine, Adenosine, Uridine, Cytidine

T = Thymidine

Lower Cas = 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro

S = phosphorothioate

B = invert d deoxyabasic

D = inverted Thymidine

X = 3'-deoxy Thymidine

t = L-thymidine

L = Glyceryl moiety

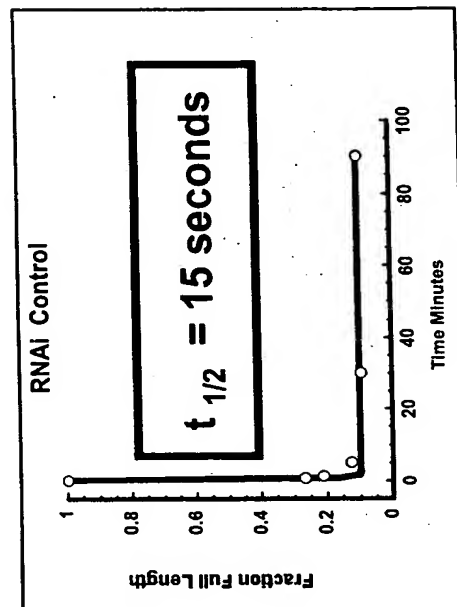


Figure 4

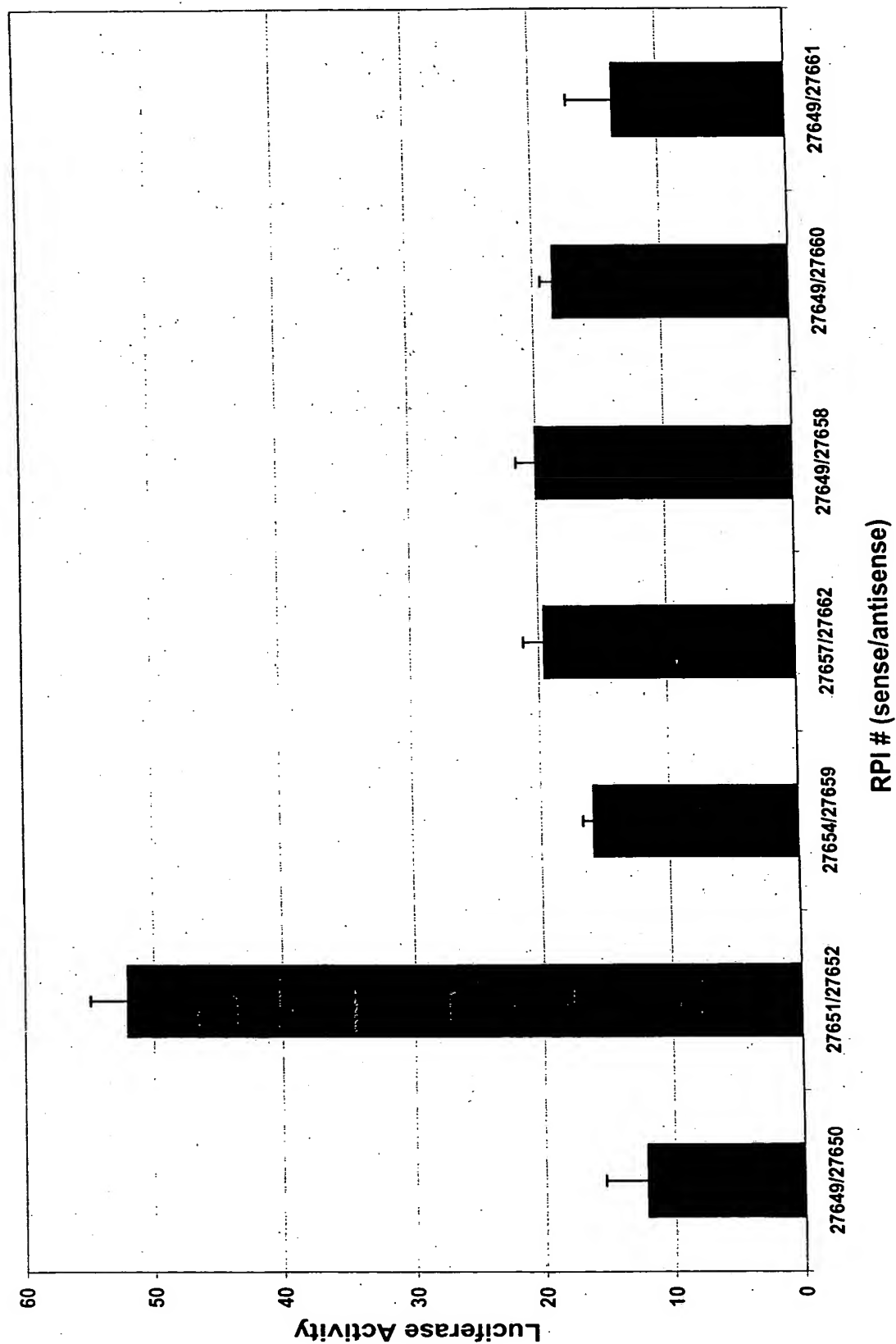


Figure 5

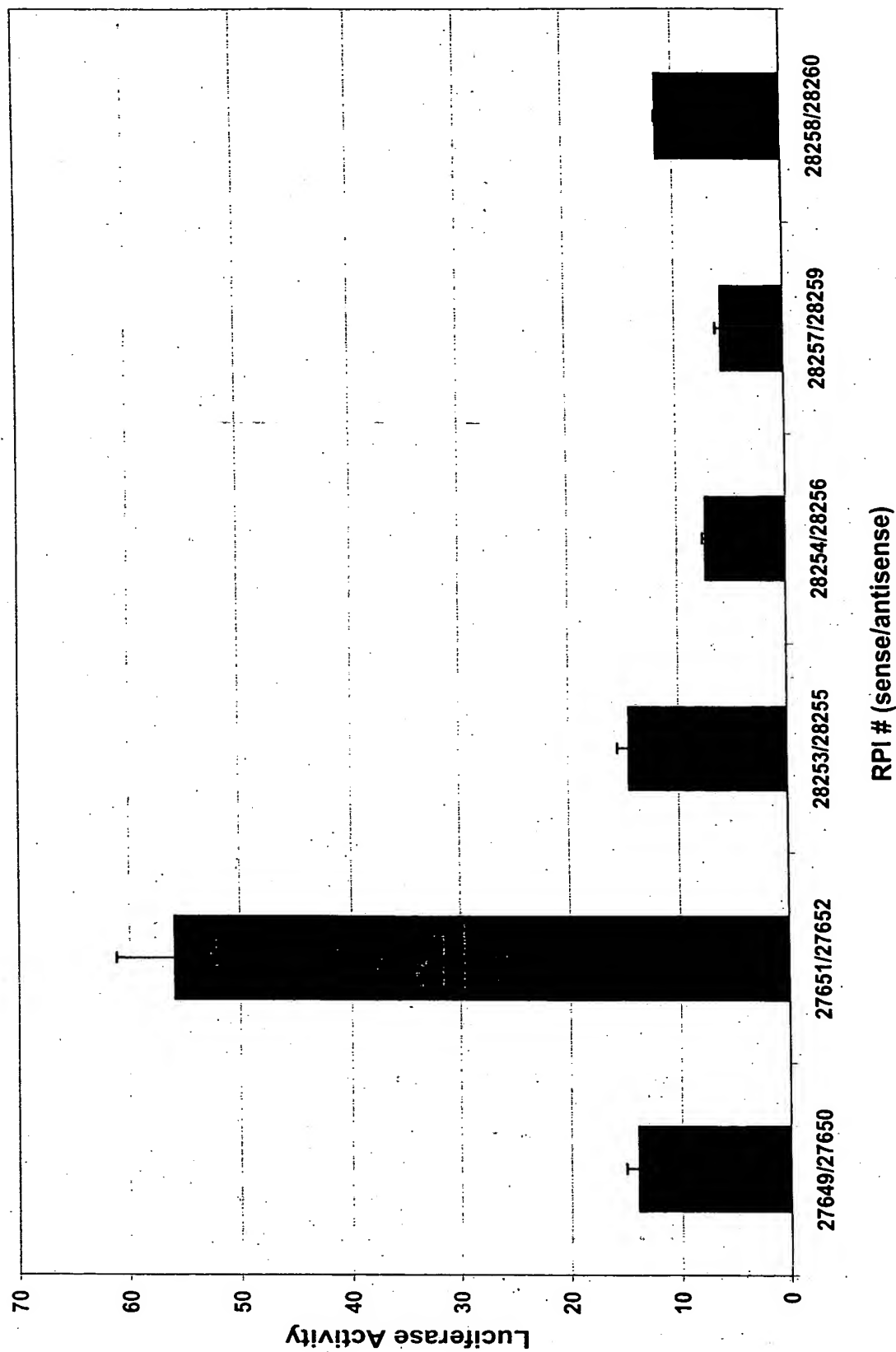
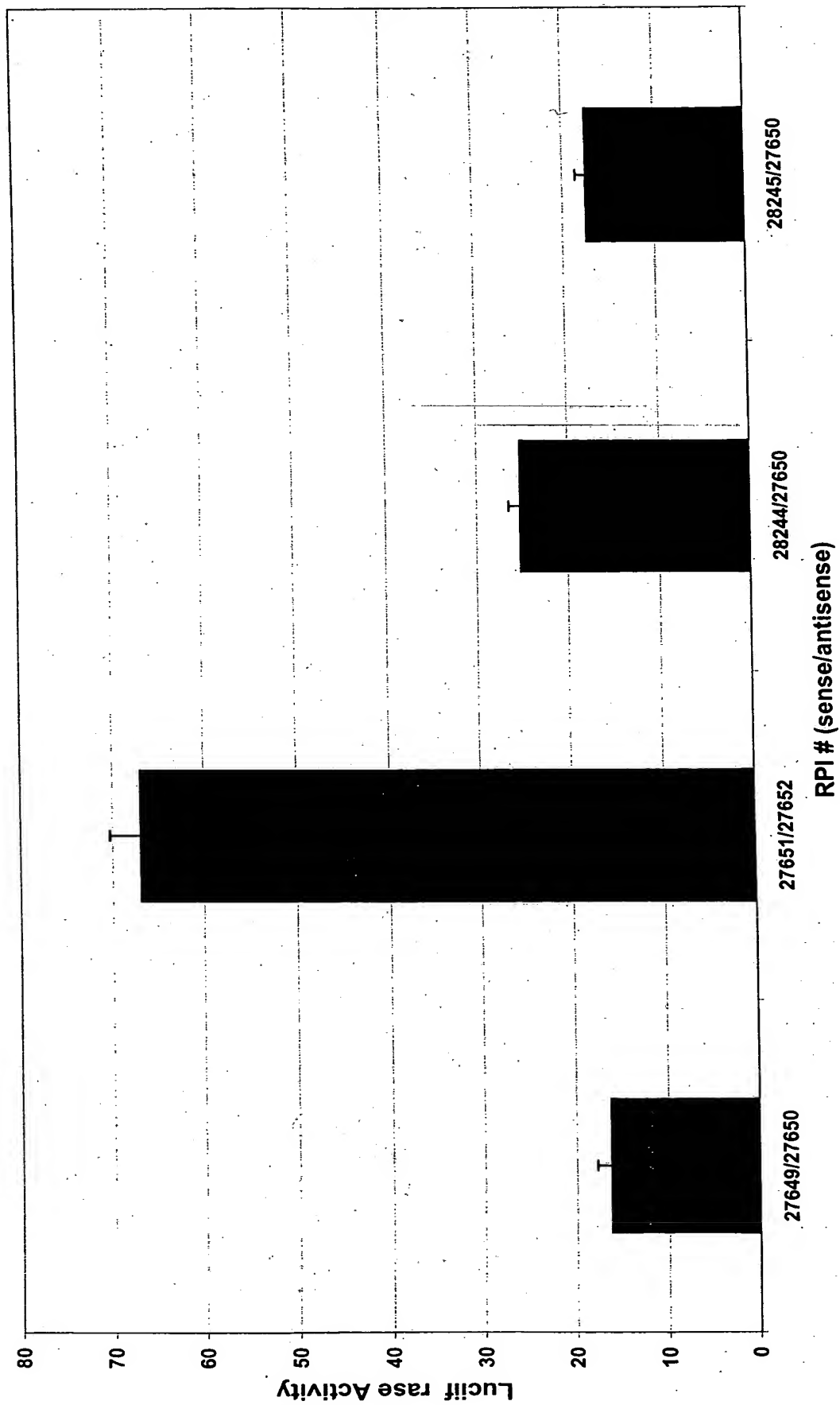
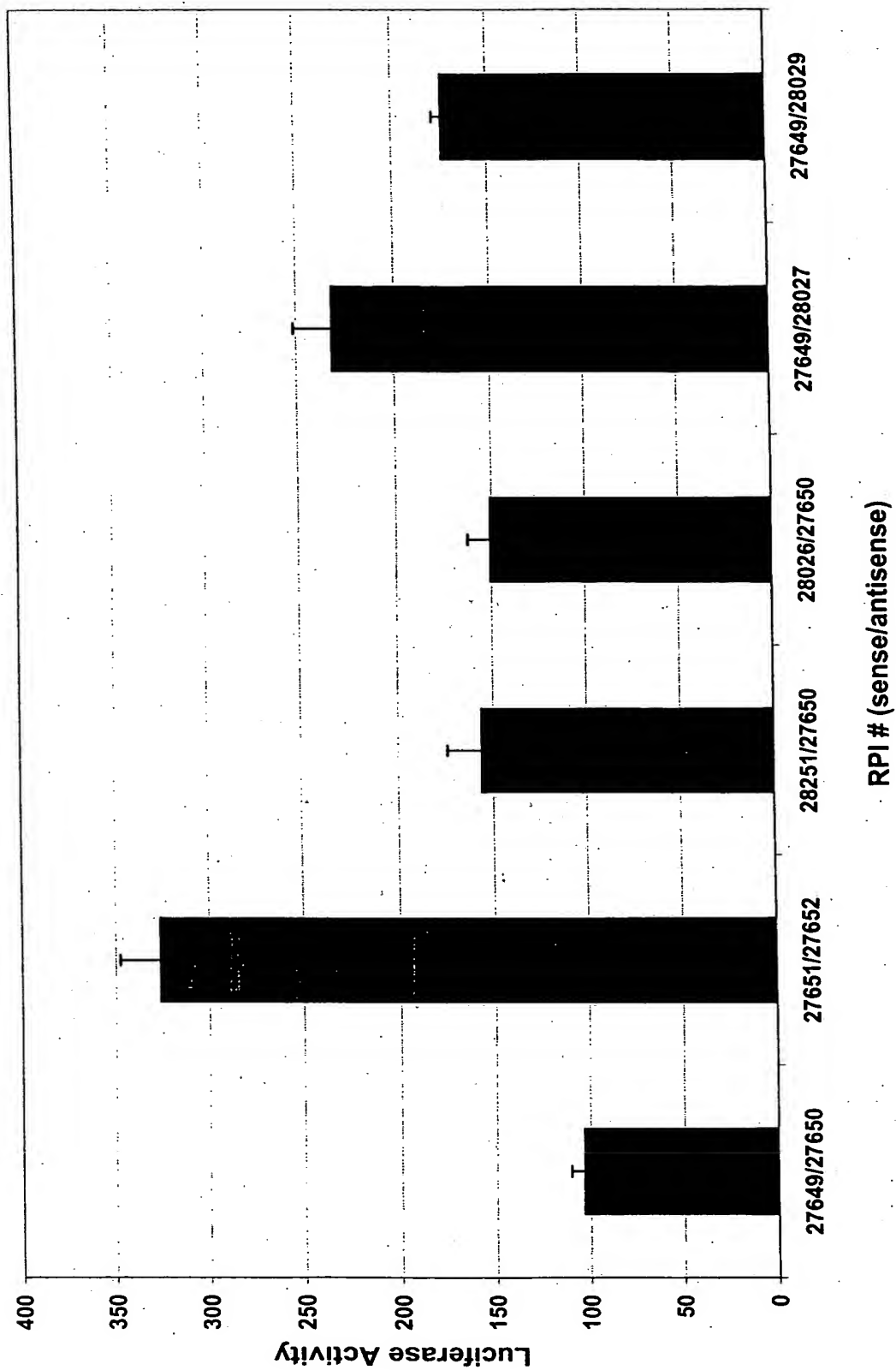


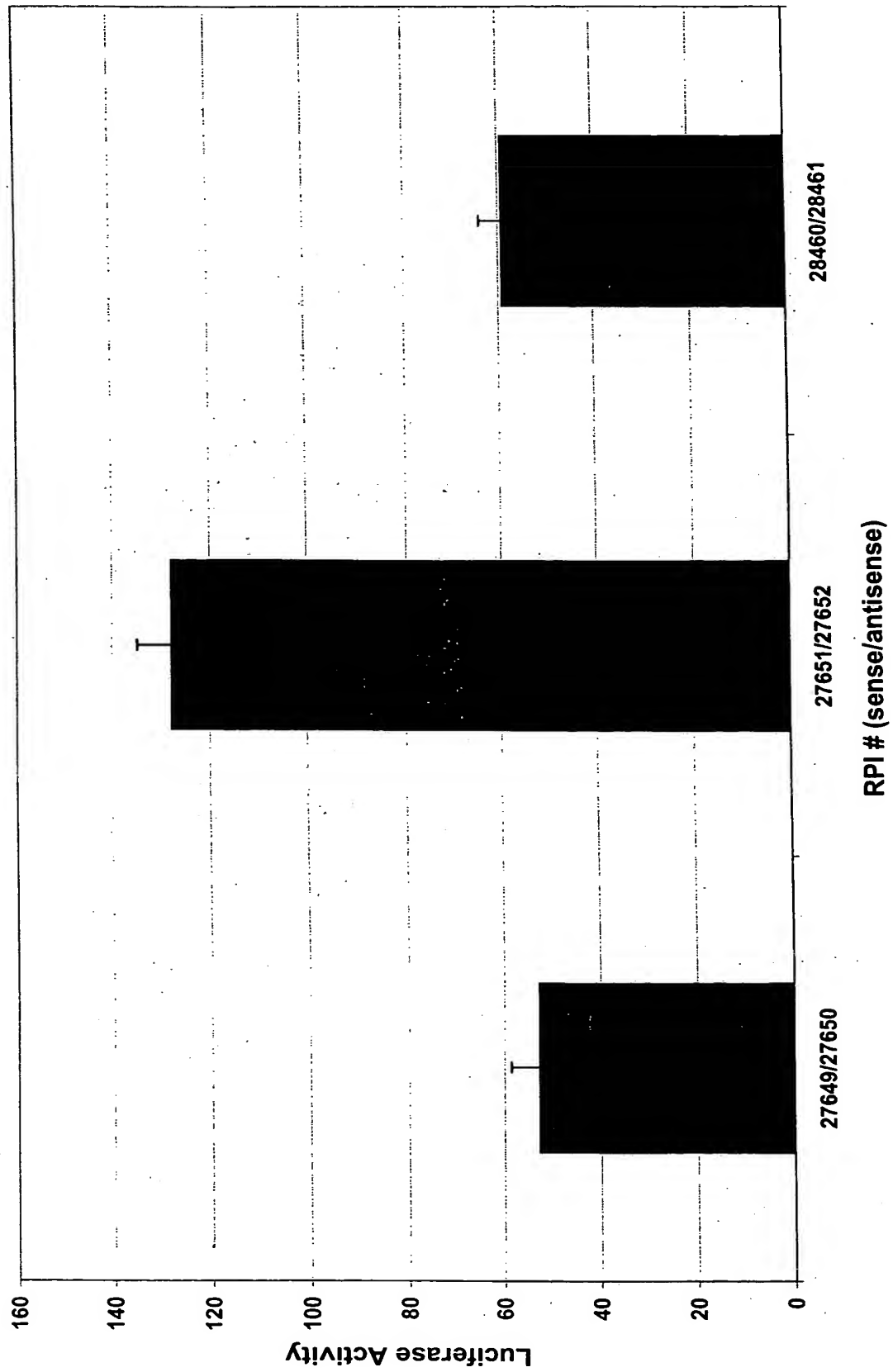
Figure 6



**Figure 7**



**Figure 8**





*Figure 9*

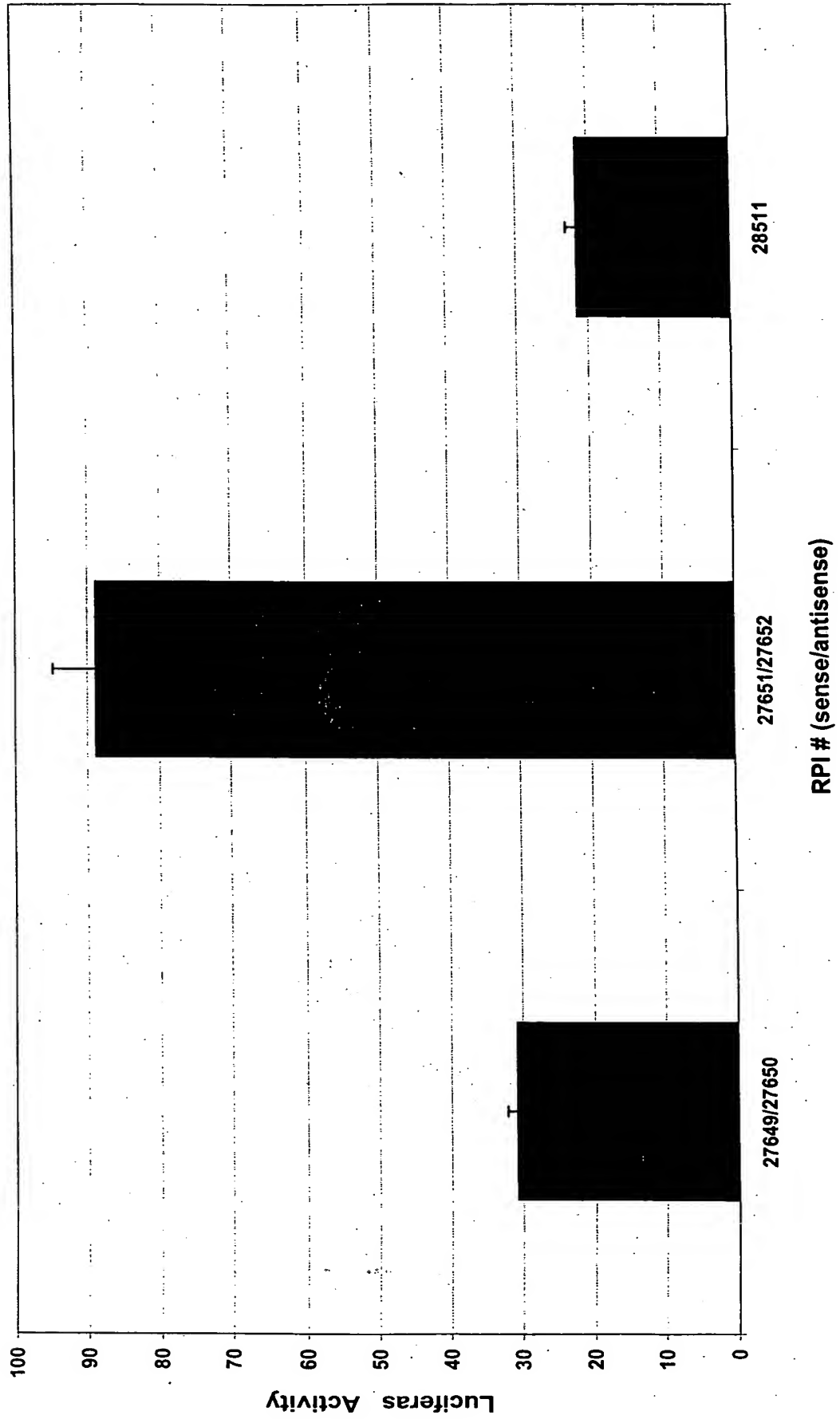


Figure 10

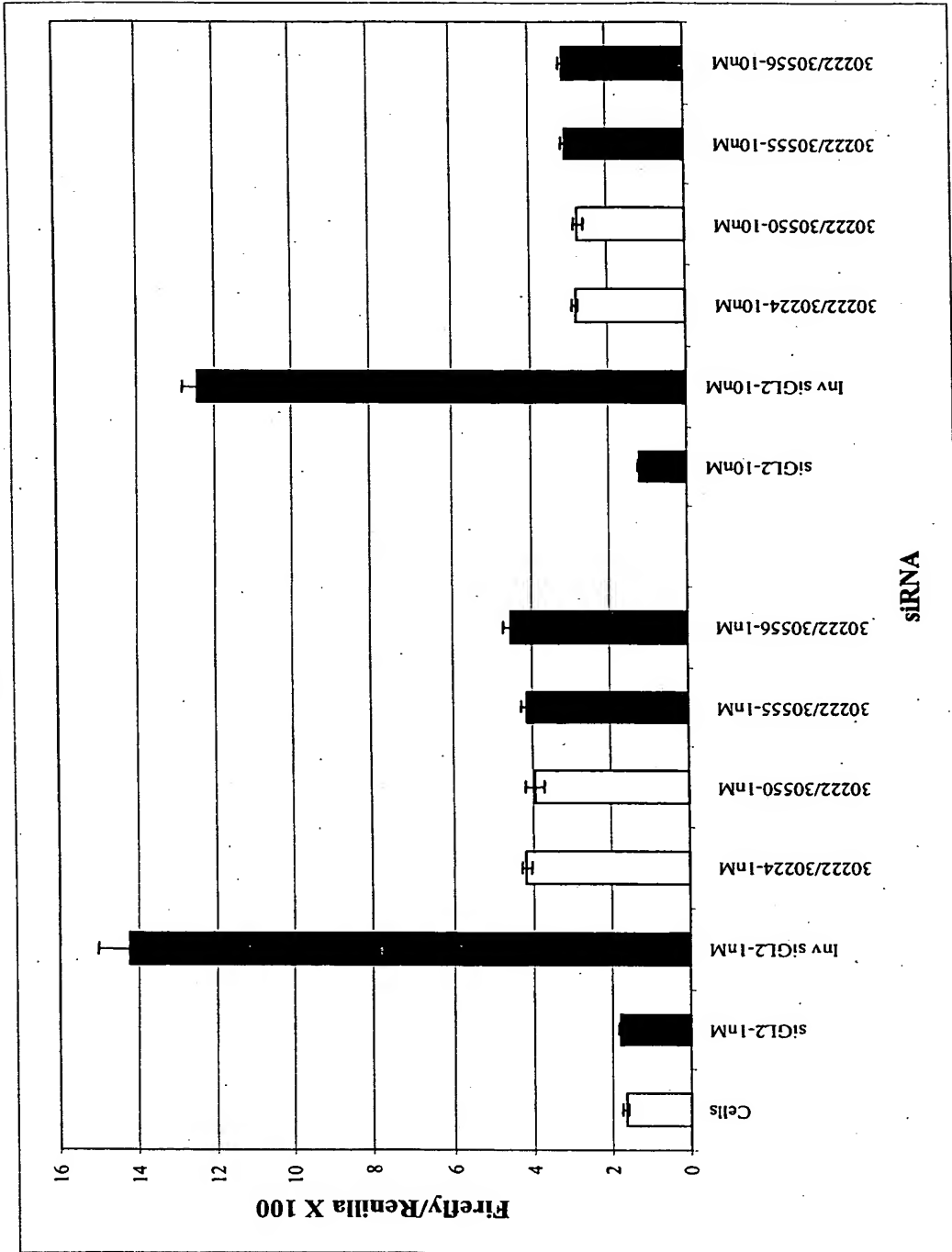


Figure 11

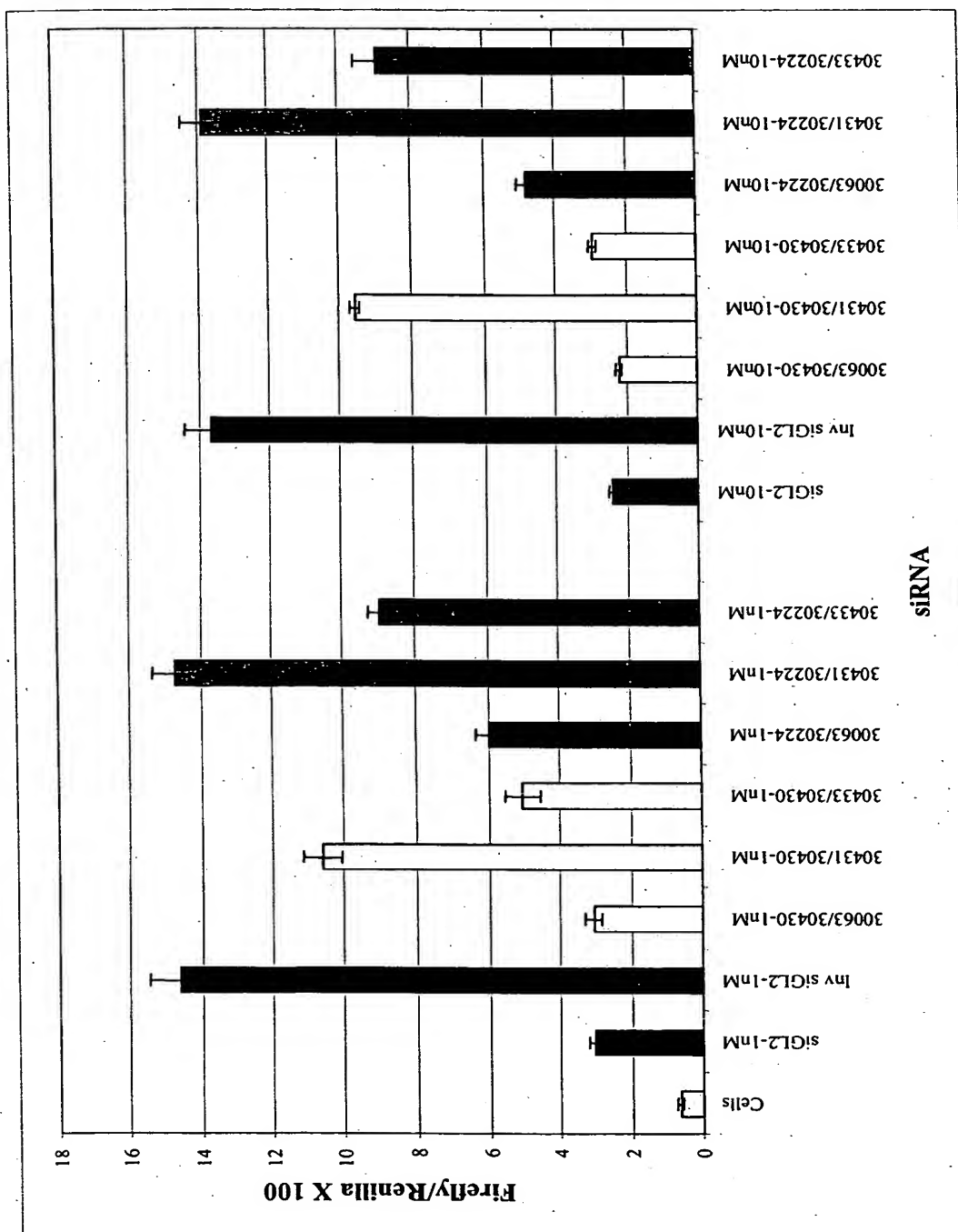


Figure 12

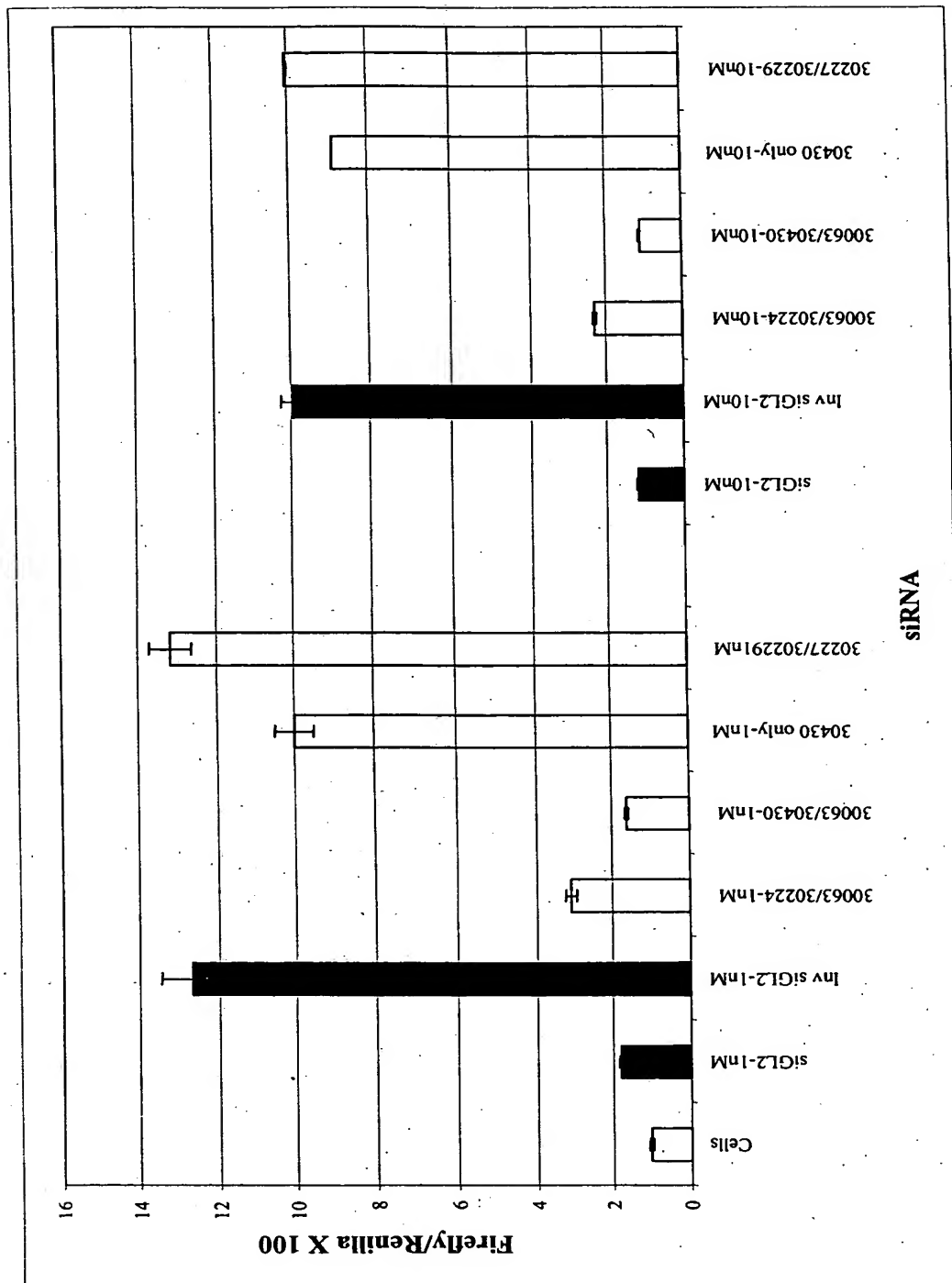
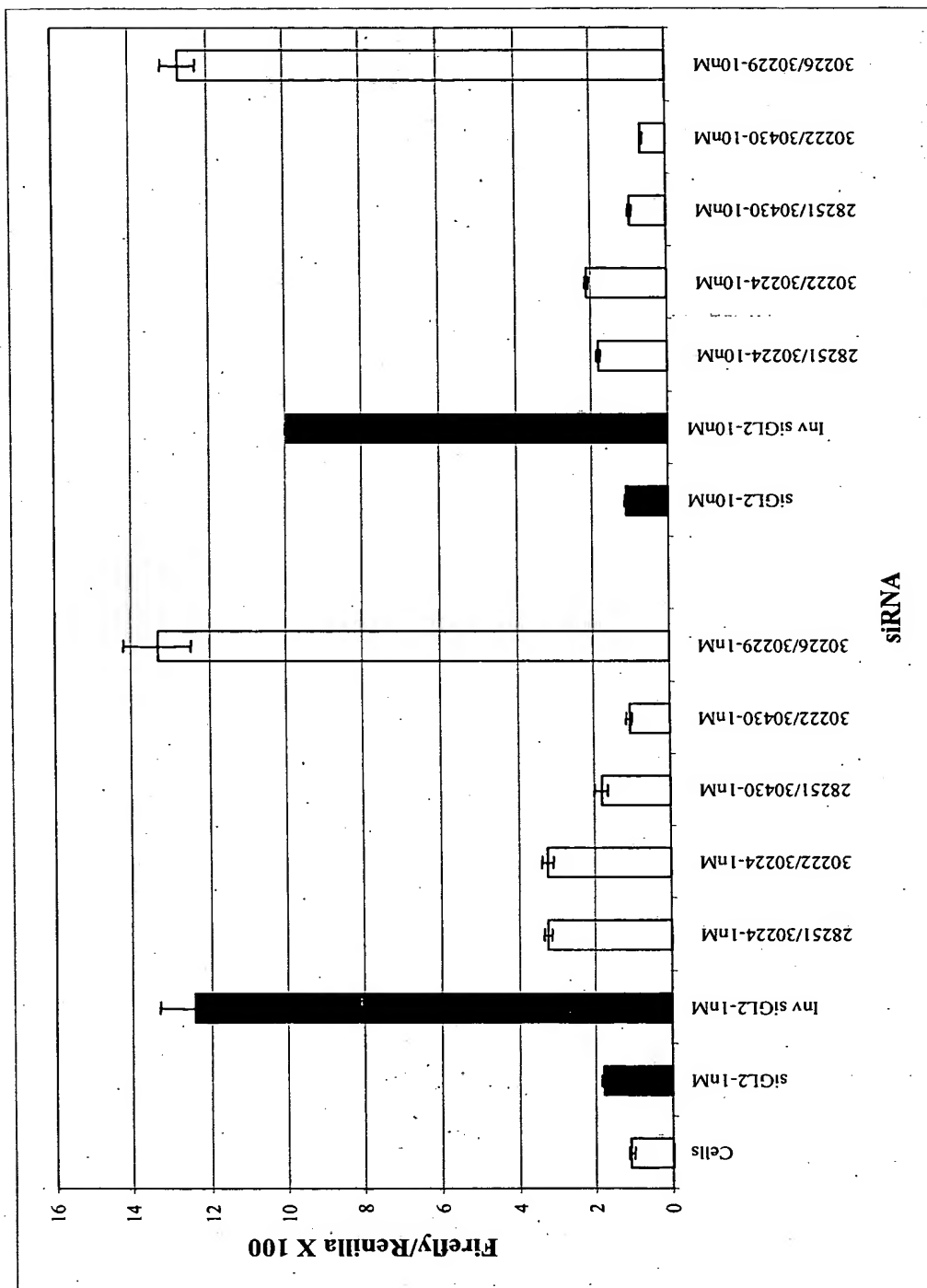


Figure 13



**Figure 14**

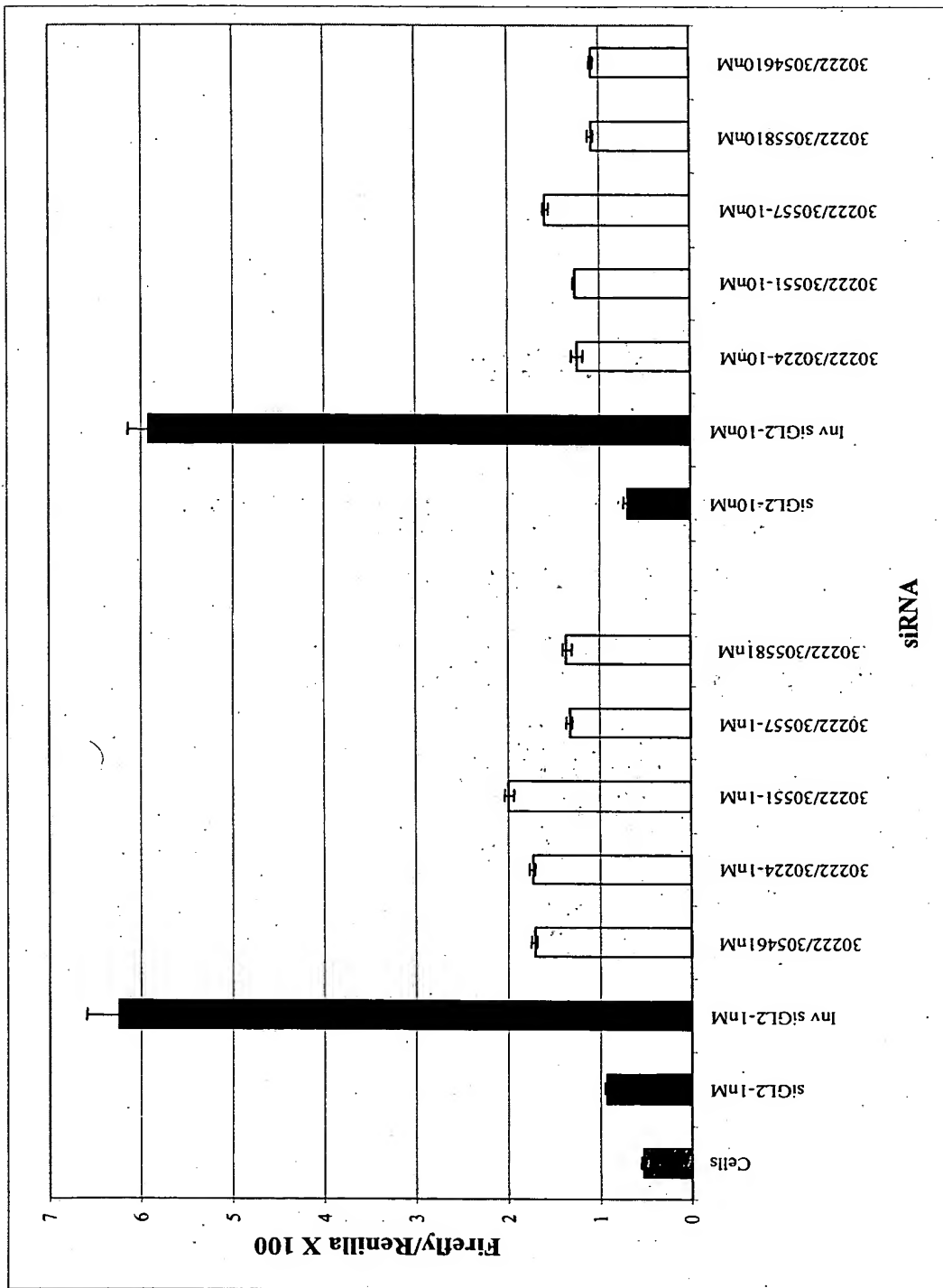


Figure 15

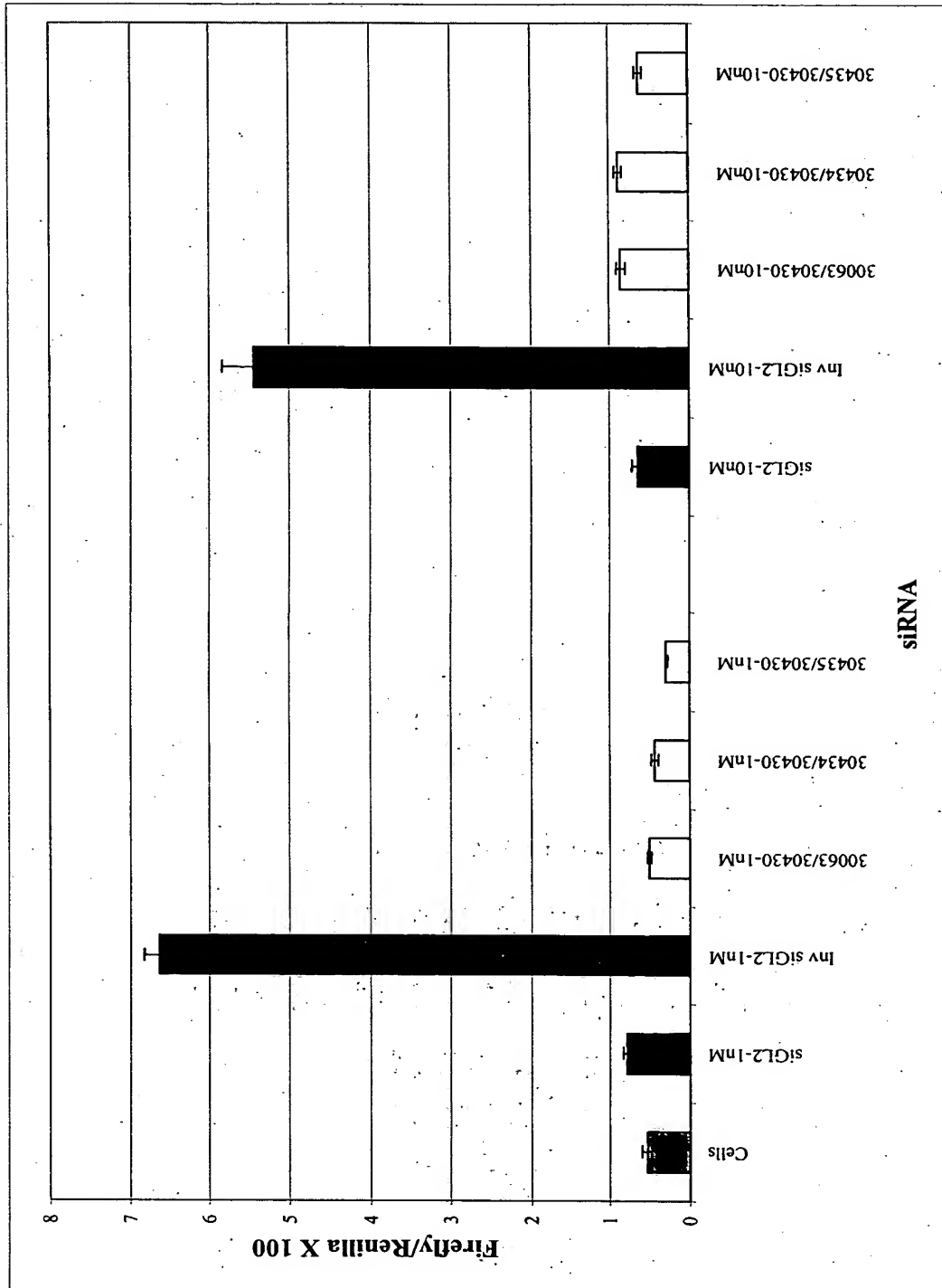
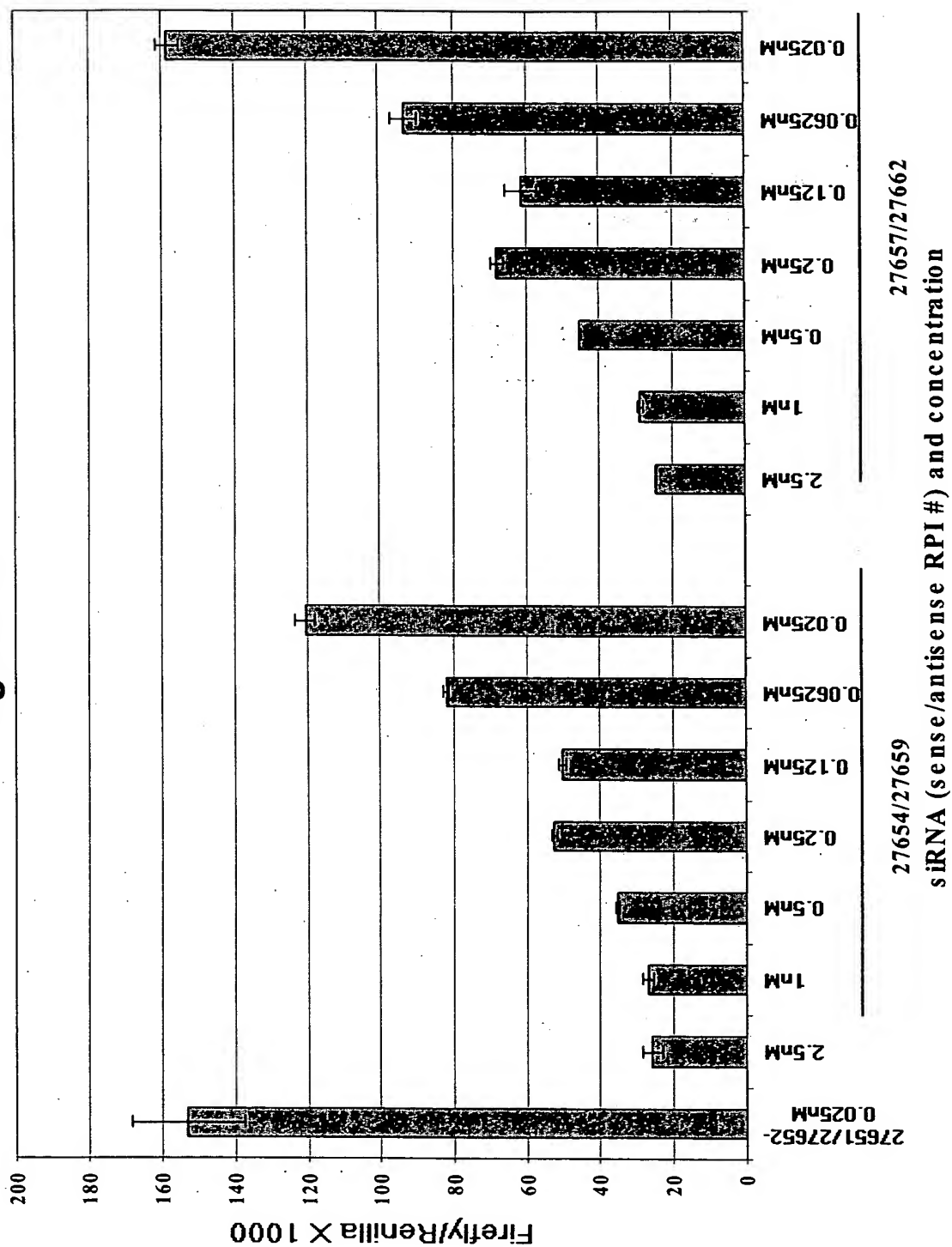
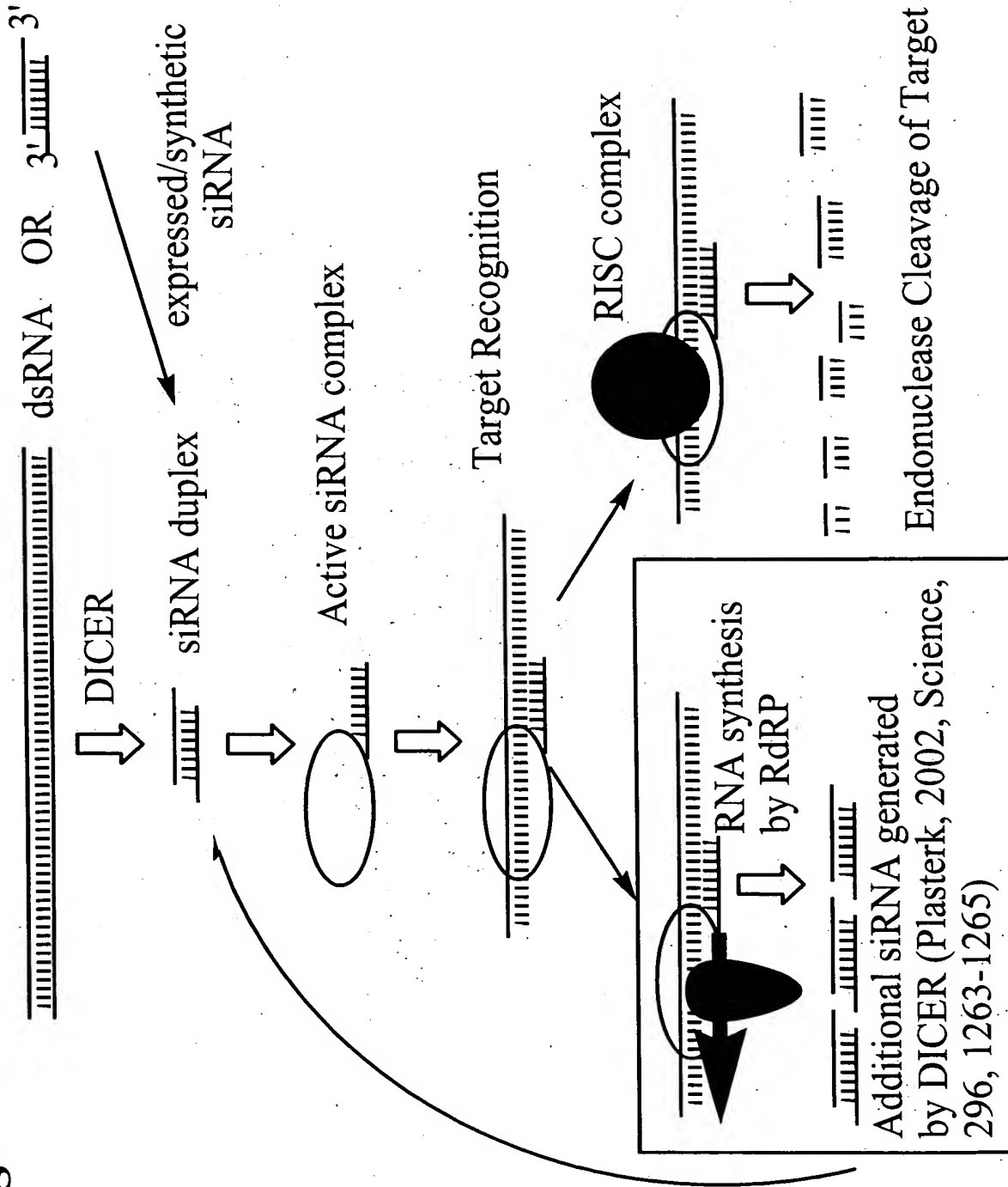


Figure 16

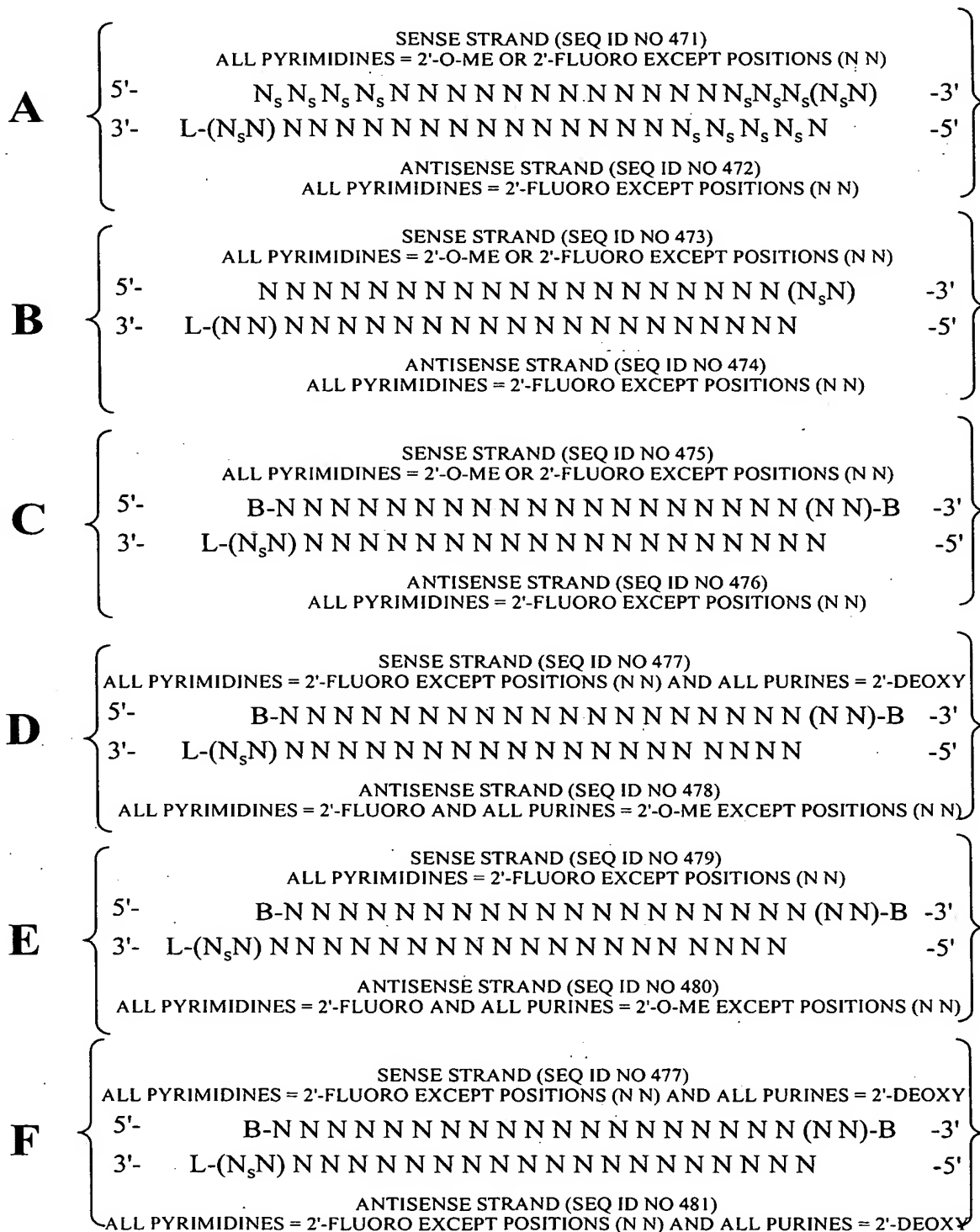




**Figure 17**

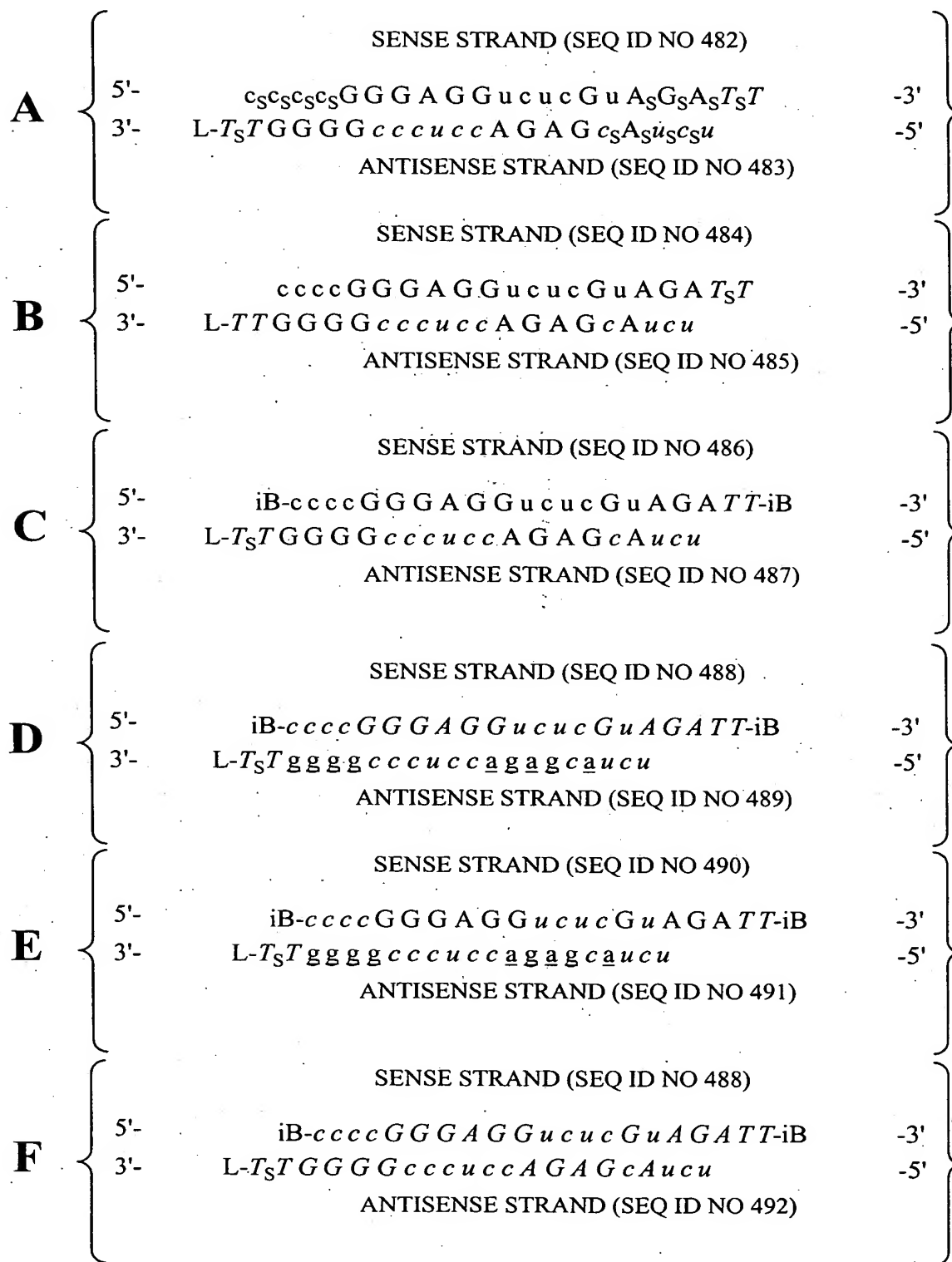


**Figure 18**



POSITIONS (NN) CAN COMPRISE ANY NUCLEOTIDE, SUCH AS DEOXYNUCLEOTIDES (eg. THYMIDINE) OR UNIVERSAL BASES  
B = ABASIC, INVERTED ABASIC, INVERTED NUCLEOTIDE OR OTHER TERMINAL CAP THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT  
L = GLYCERYL or B THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT  
S = PHOSPHOROTHIOATE OR PHOSPHORODITHIOATE that is optionally absent

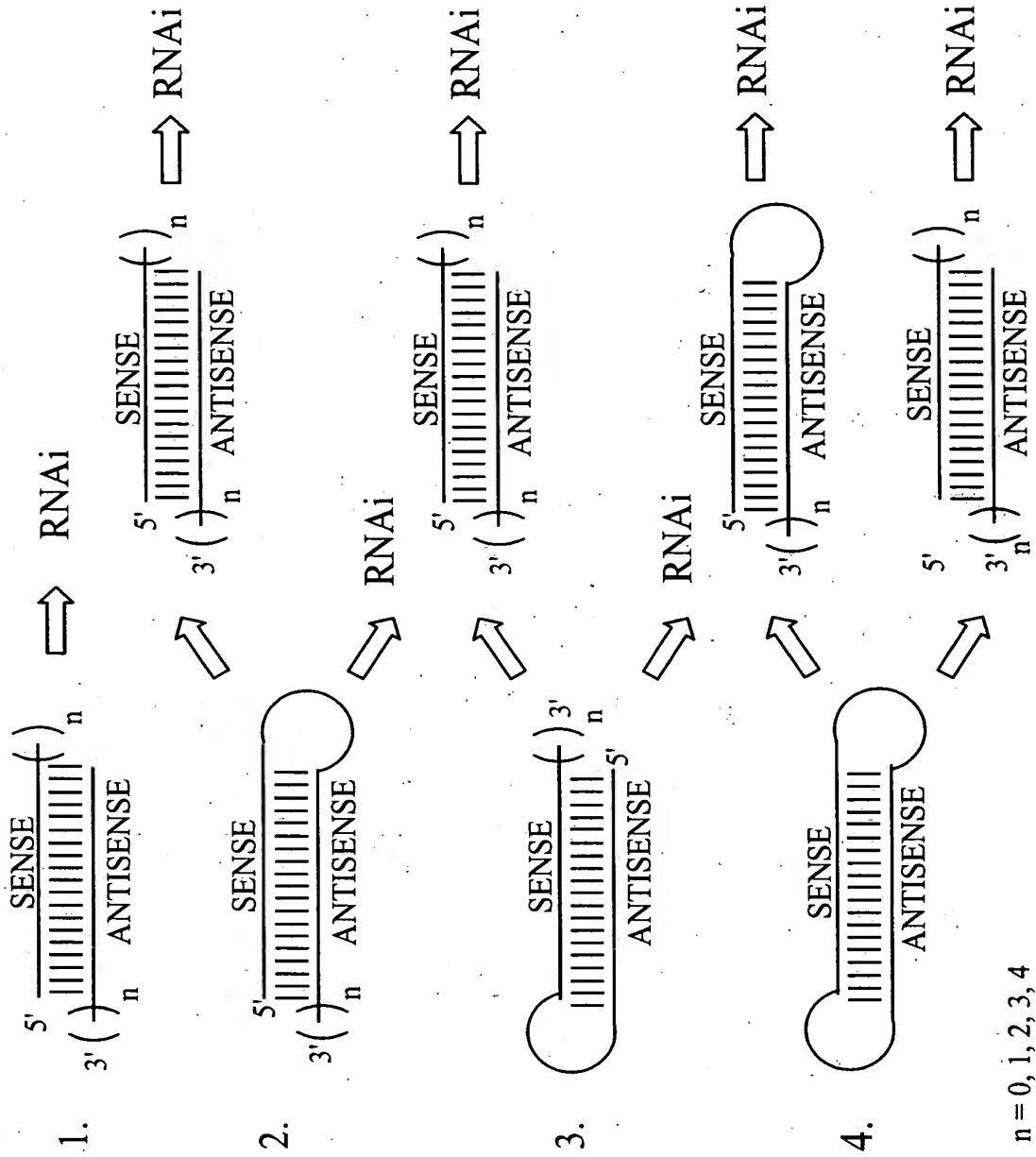
**Figure 19**



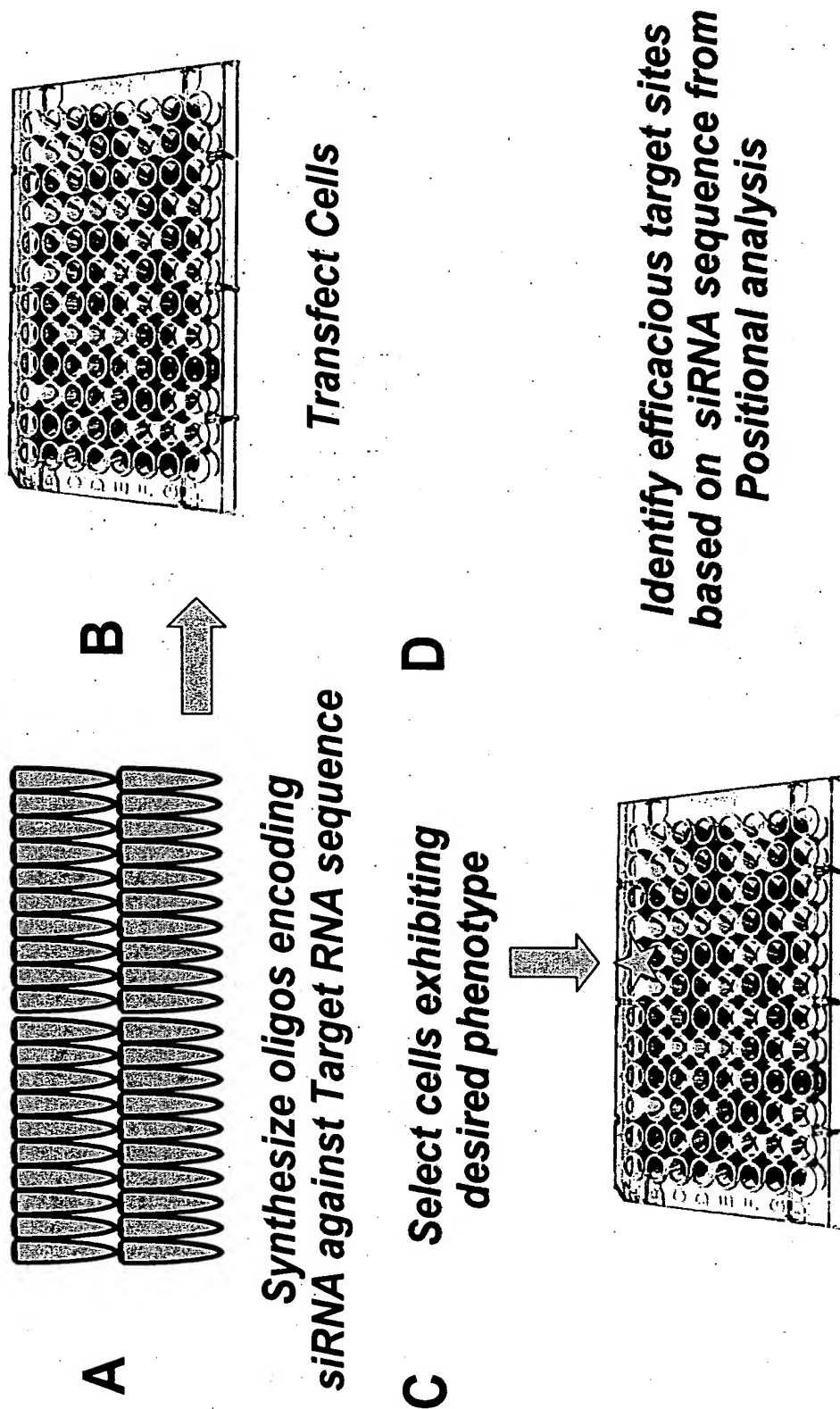
lower case = 2'-O-Methyl or 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro  
*italic lower case* = 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro  
underline = 2'-O-methyl

*ITALIC UPPER CASE* = DEOXY  
 iB = INVERTED DEOXYABASIC  
 L = GLYCERYL MOIETY or iB OPTIONALLY PRESENT  
 S = PHOSPHOROTHIOATE OR  
 PHOSPHORODITHIOATE OPTIONALLY PRESENT

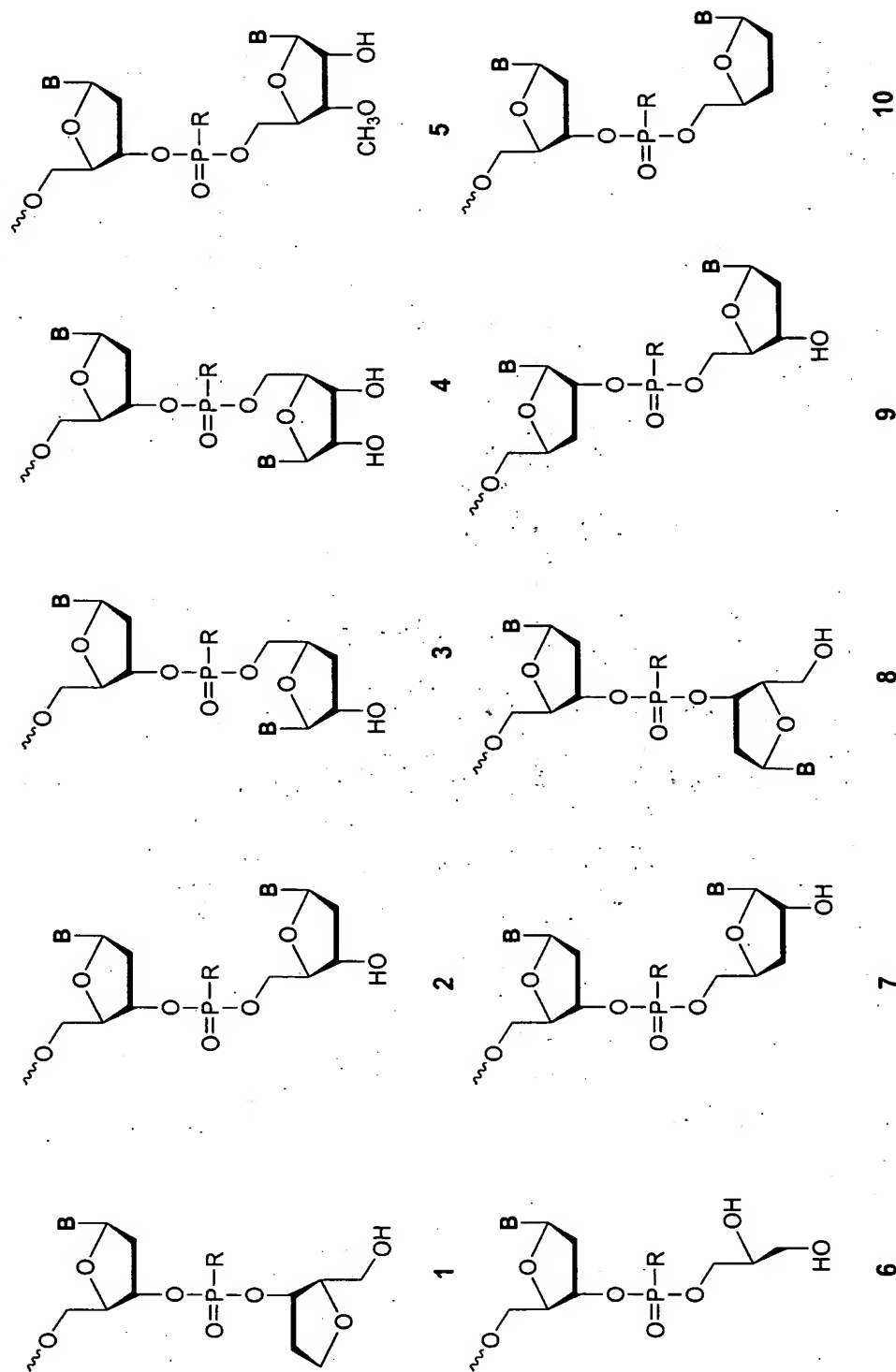
**Figure 20**



**Figure 21: Target site Selection using siRNA**



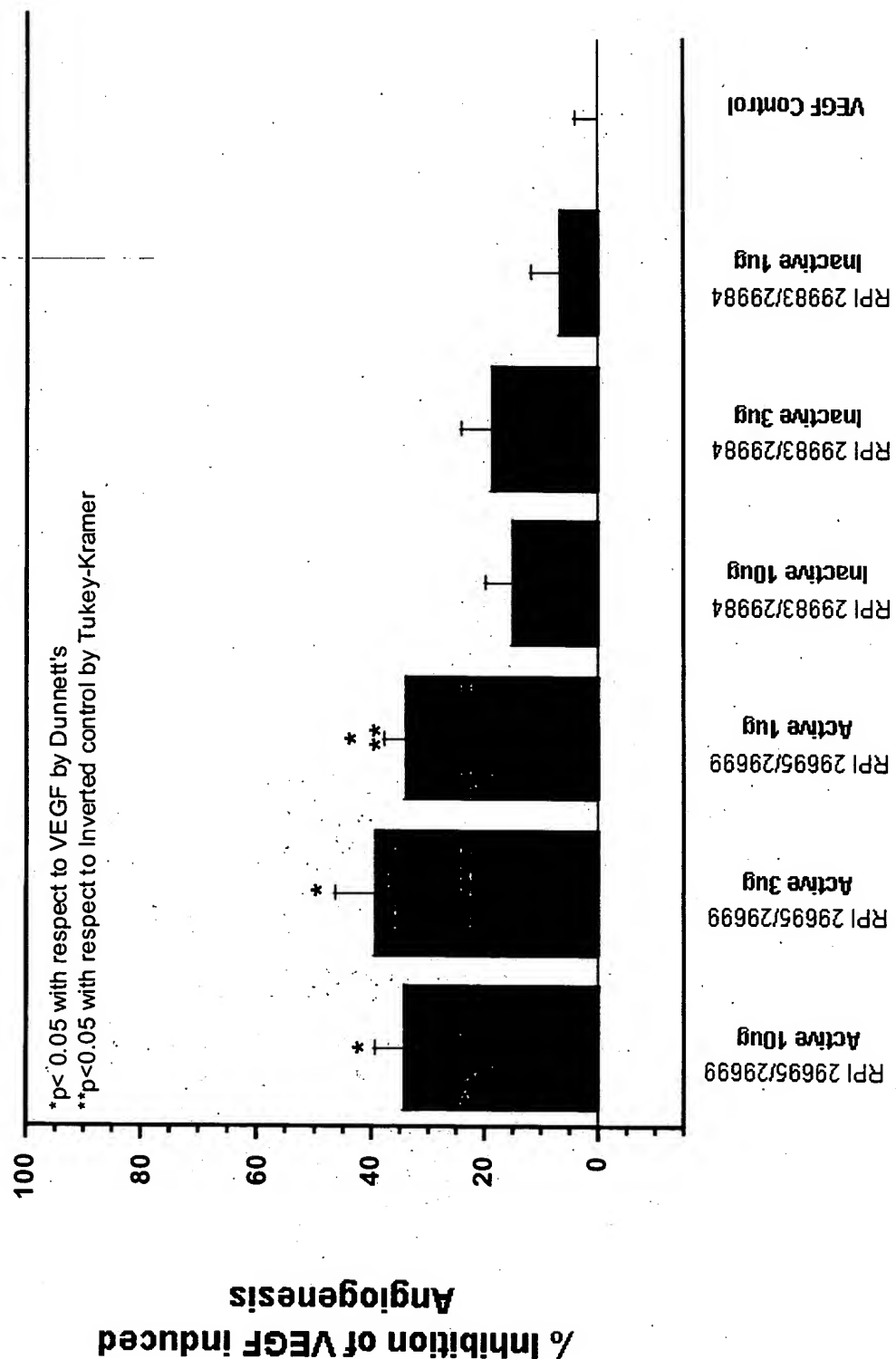
**Figure 22**



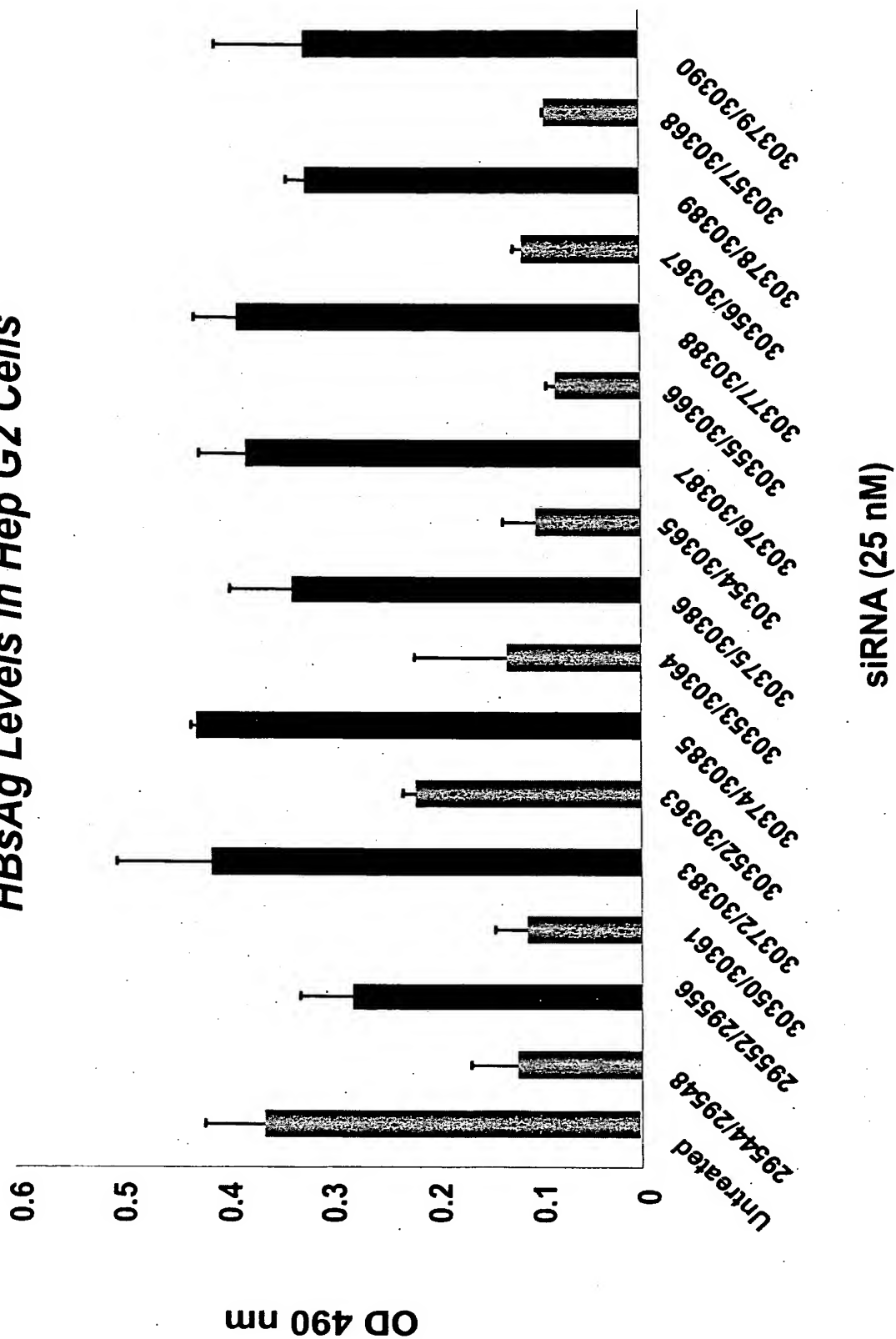
R = O, S, N, alkyl, substituted alkyl, O-alkyl, S-alkyl, alkaryl, or aralkyl

B = Independently any nucleotide base, either naturally occurring or chemically modified, or optionally H (abasic).

**Figure 23: Inhibition of VEGF-Induced Angiogenesis by siRNAs**

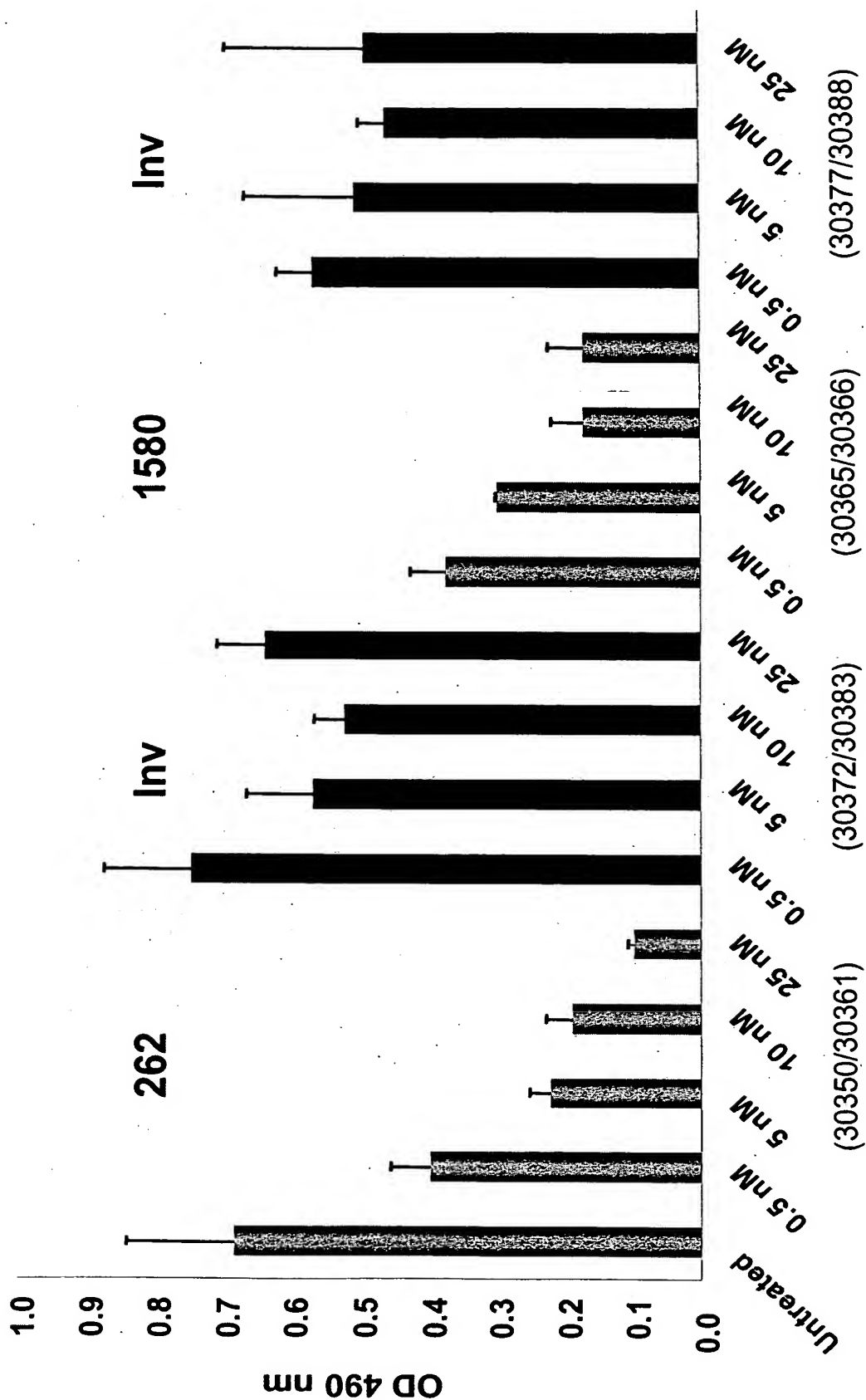


**Figure 24: Stab4/5 siNA Targeted to HBV:  
 HBsAg Levels in Hep G2 Cells**

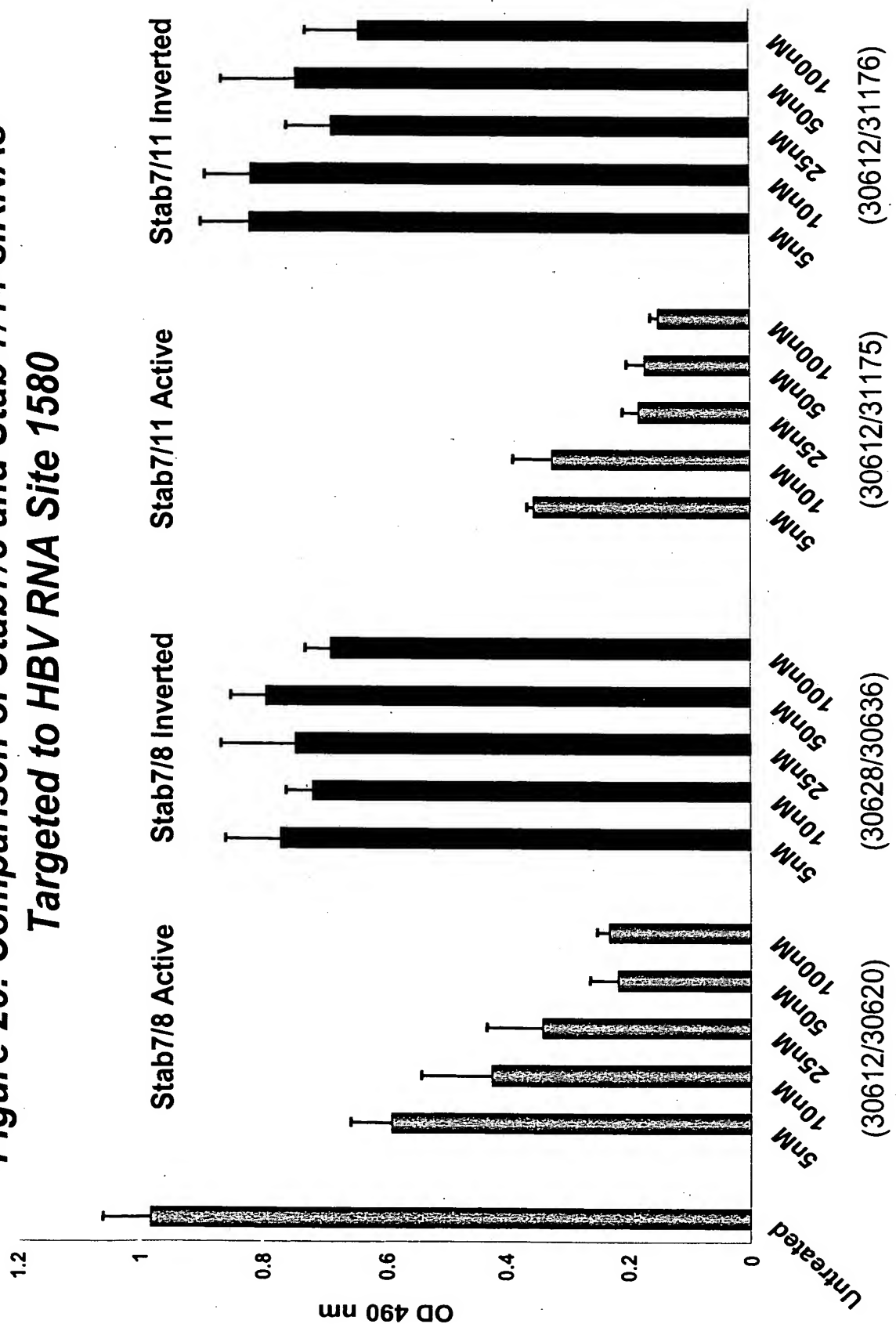




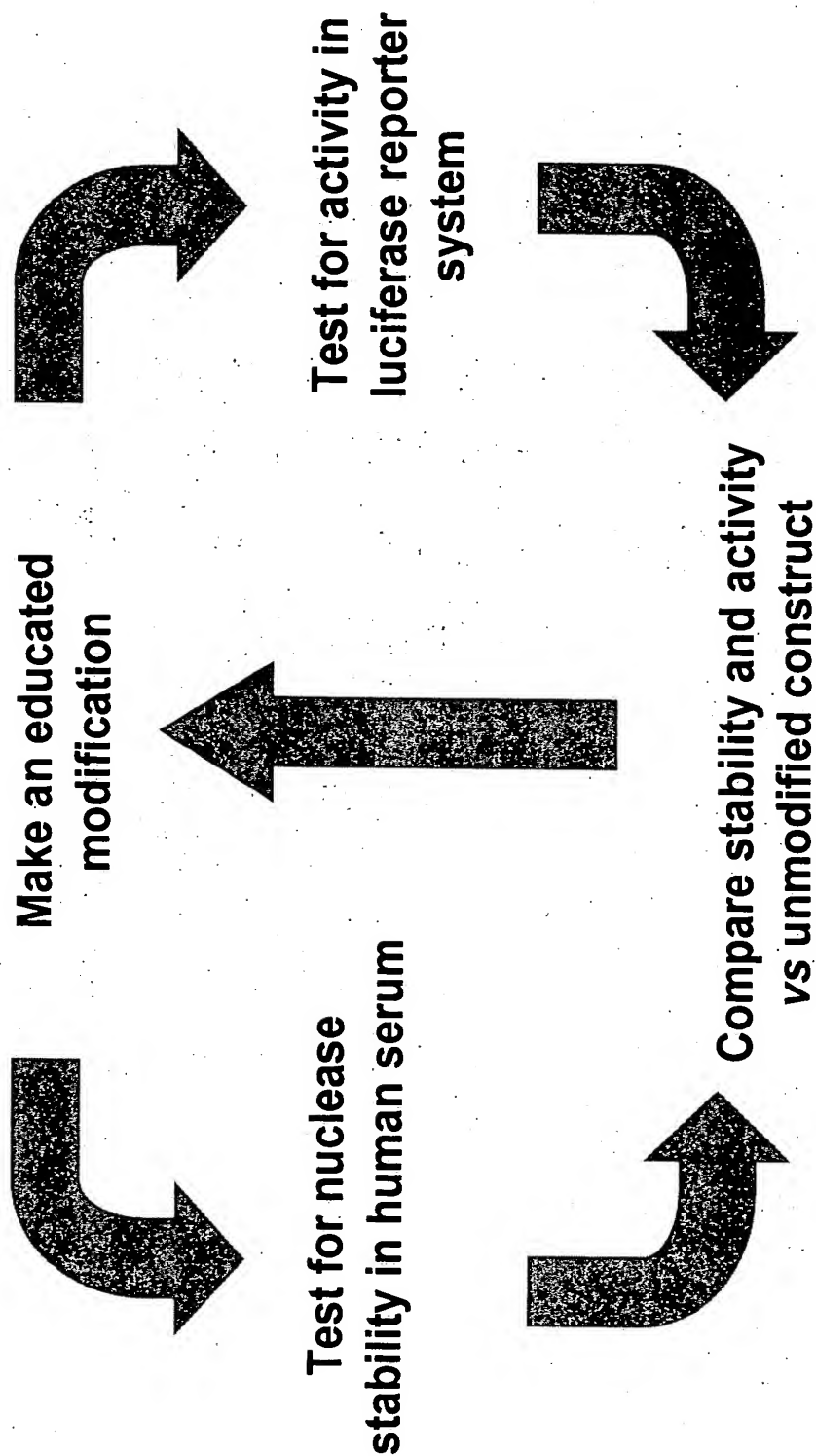
**Figure 25: Dose Response with Stab4/5 siRNAs Targeted to  
 HBV Sites 262 & 1580**



**Figure 26: Comparison of Stab7/8 and Stab 7/11 siRNAs Targeted to HBV RNA Site 1580**



***Figure 27: Modification Strategy***



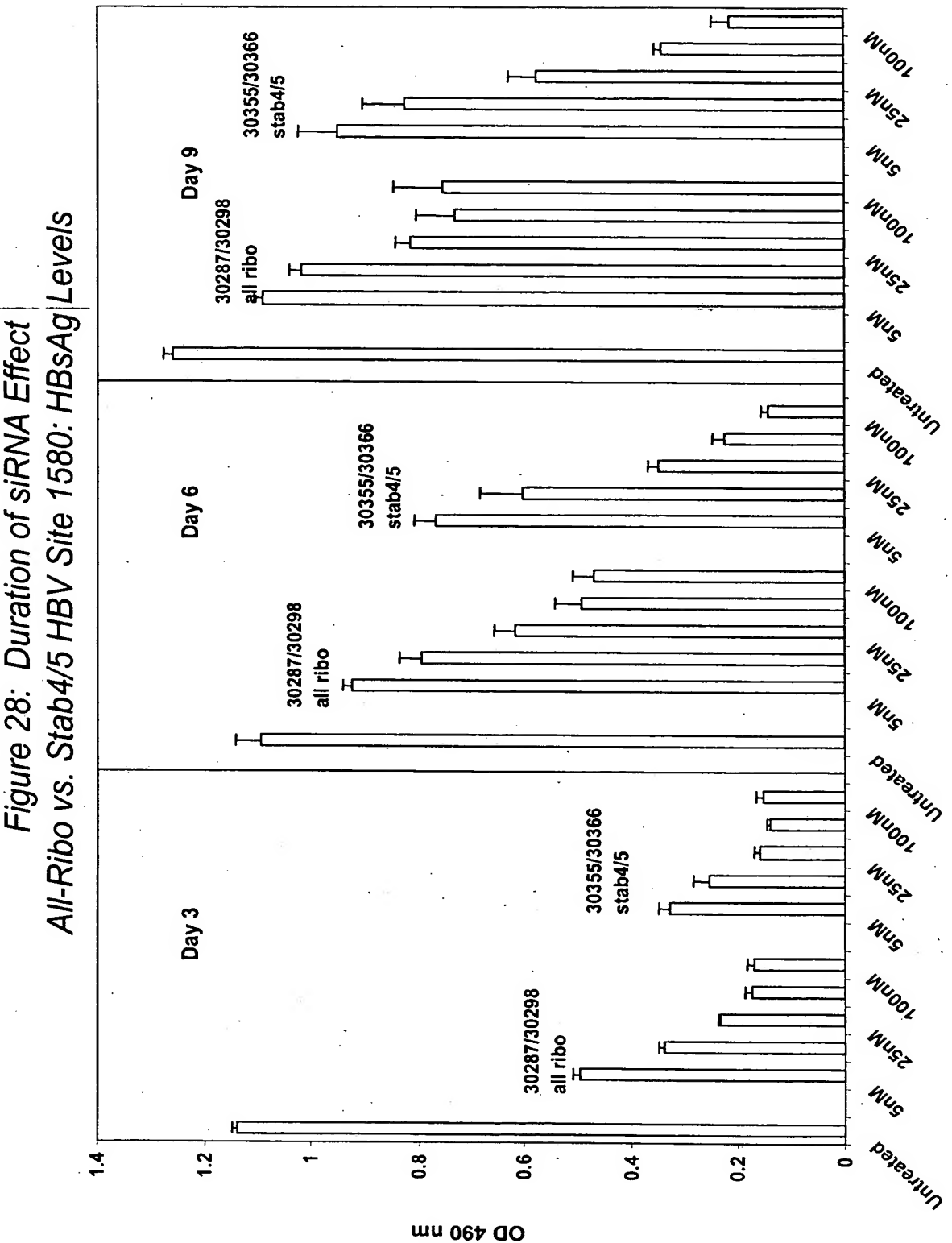


Figure 29: Duration of siRNA Effect  
 All-Ribo vs. Stab7/8 HBV Site 1580: HBsAg Levels

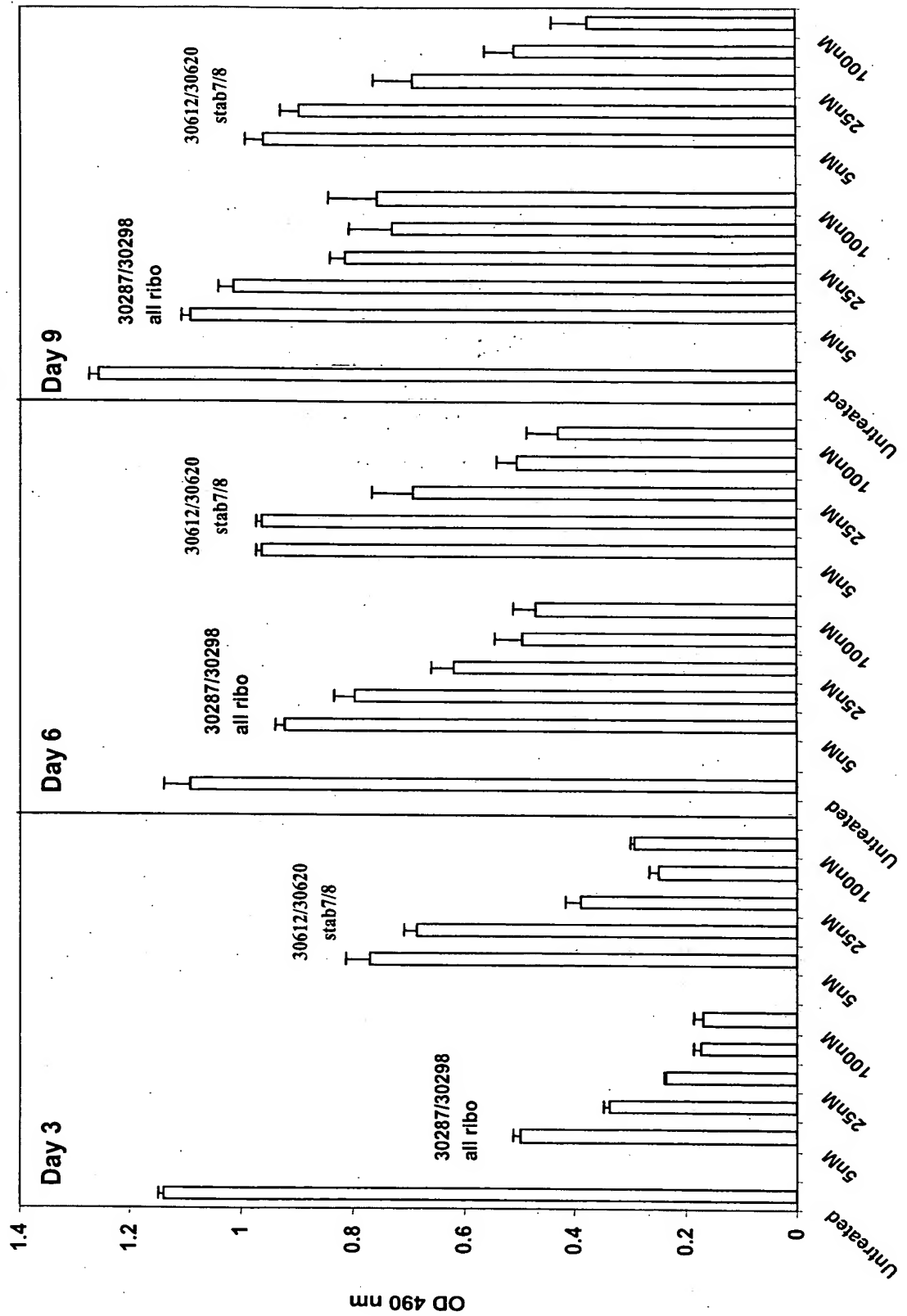


Figure 30: Duration of siRNA Effect  
 All-Ribo vs. Stab7/11 HBV Site 1580: HBsAg Levels

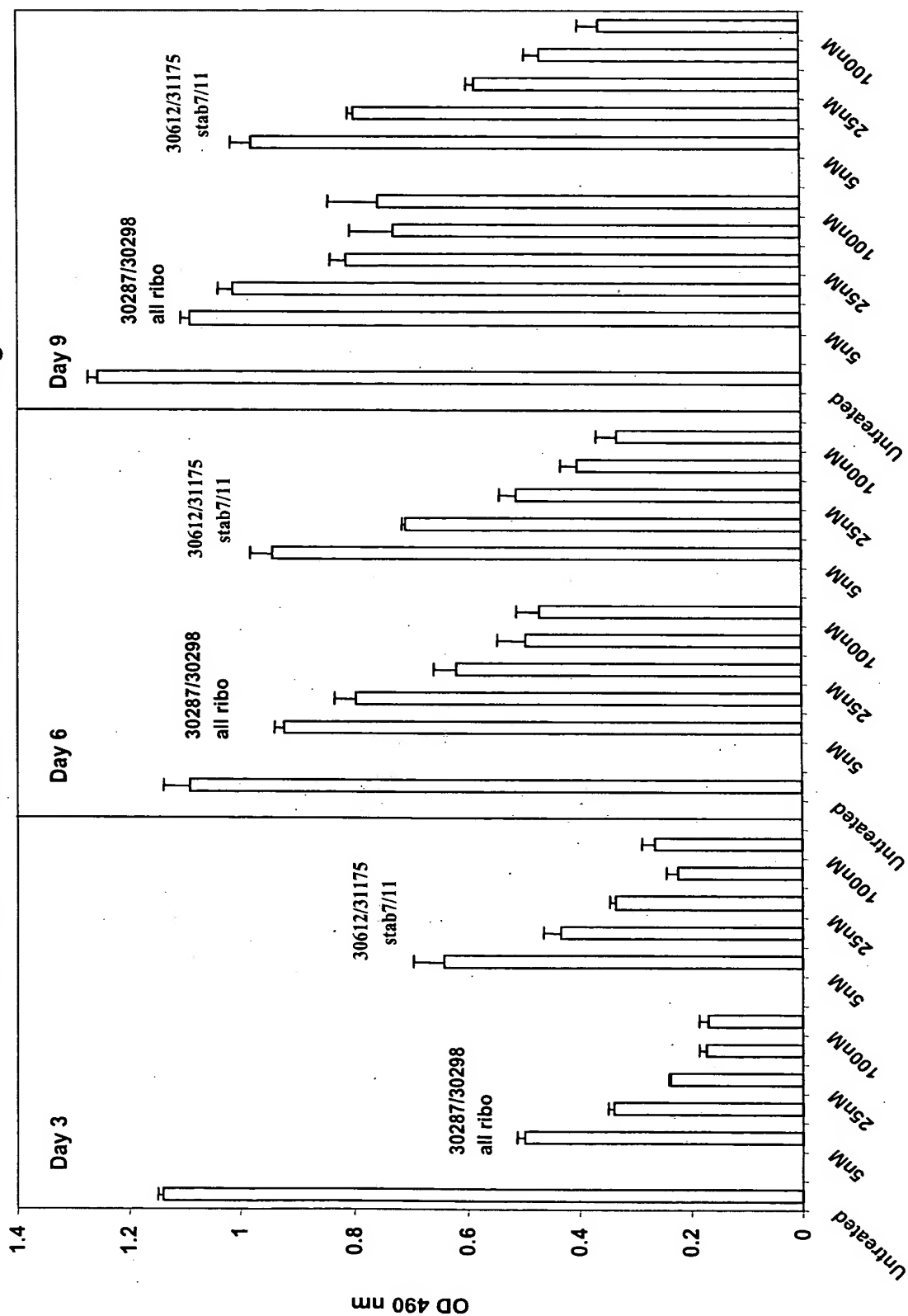
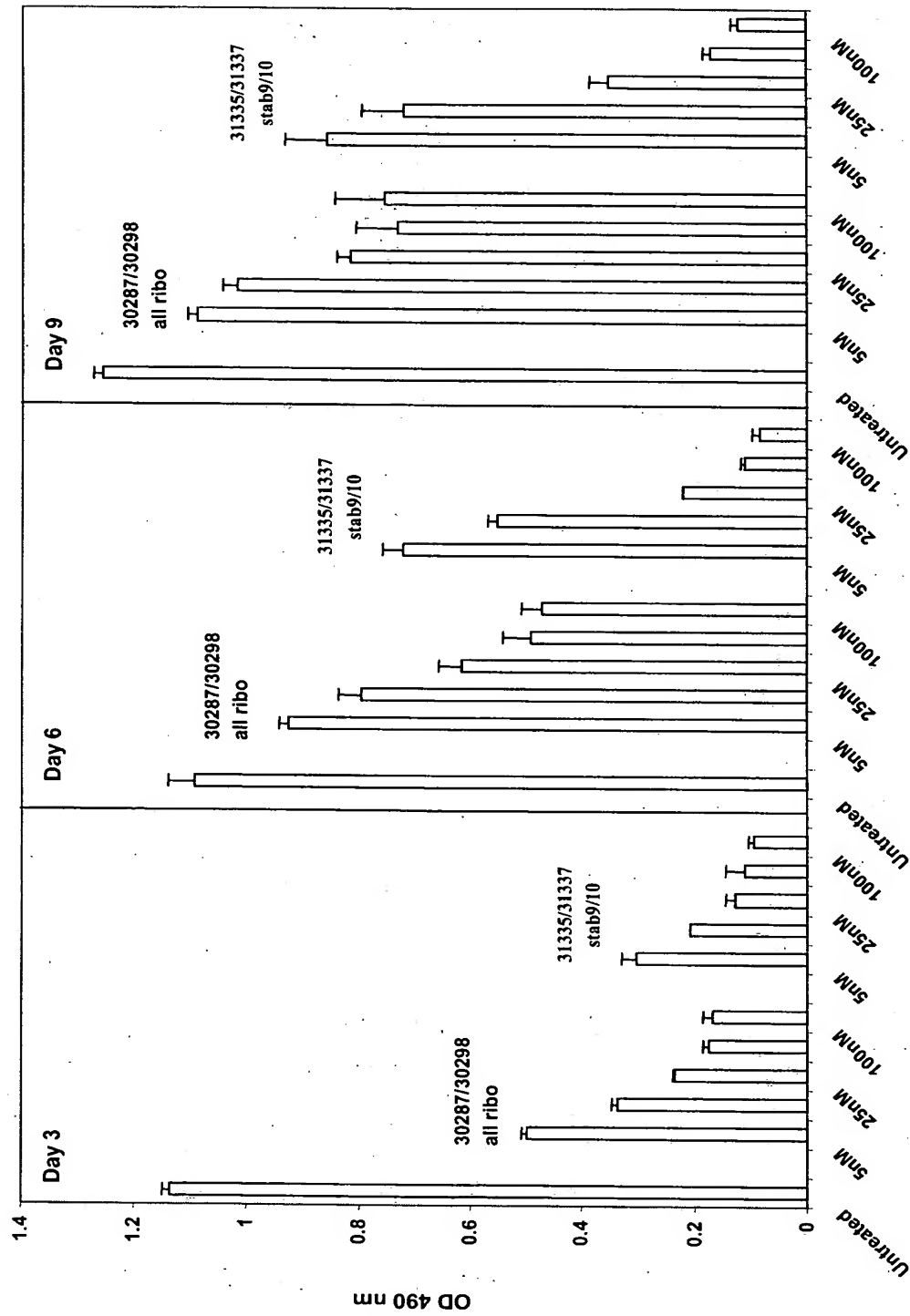
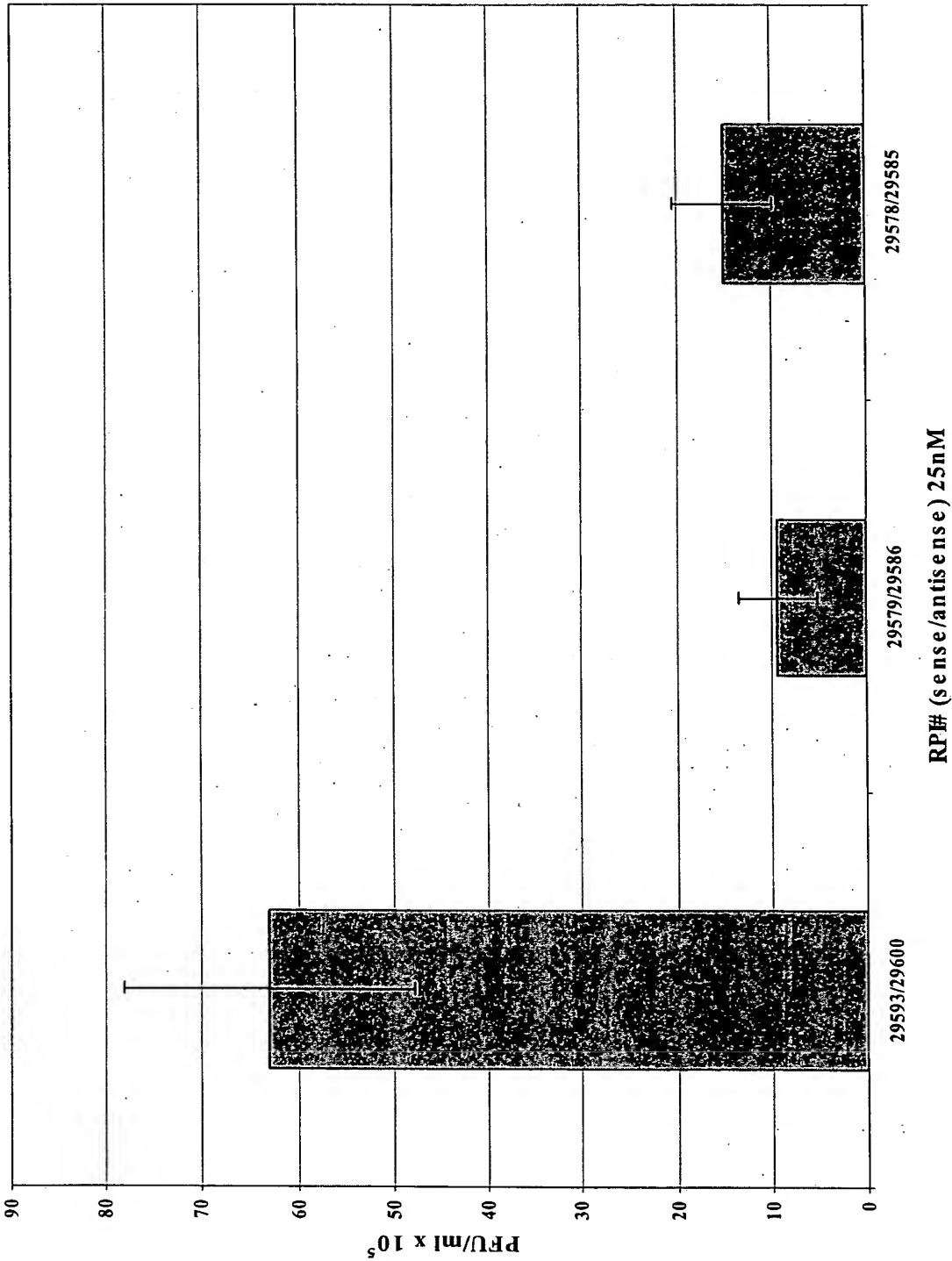


Figure 31: Duration of siRNA Effect  
 All-Ribo vs. Stab9/10 HBV Site 1580: HBsAg Levels

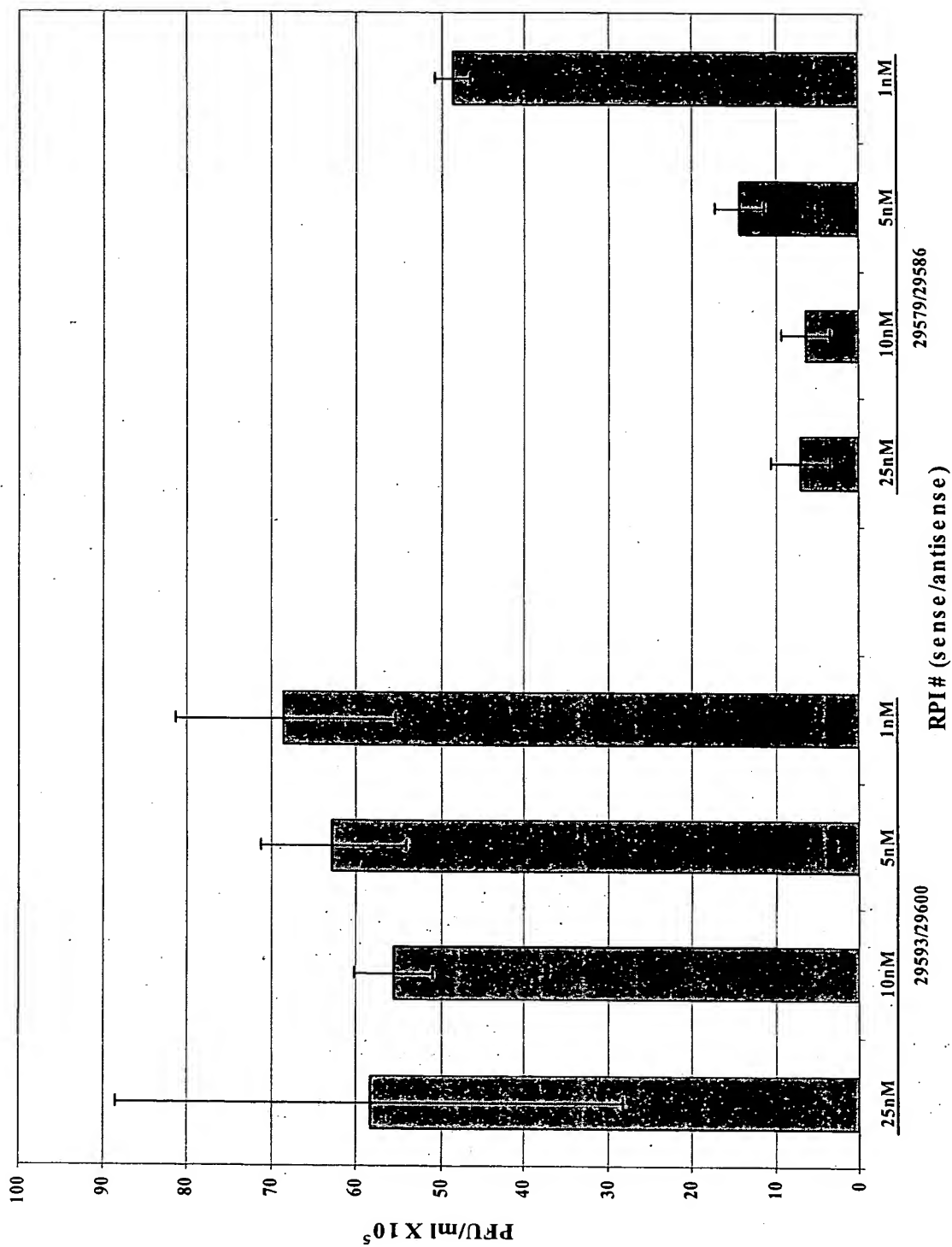


*Figure 32 : siRNAs targeting HCV chimera*

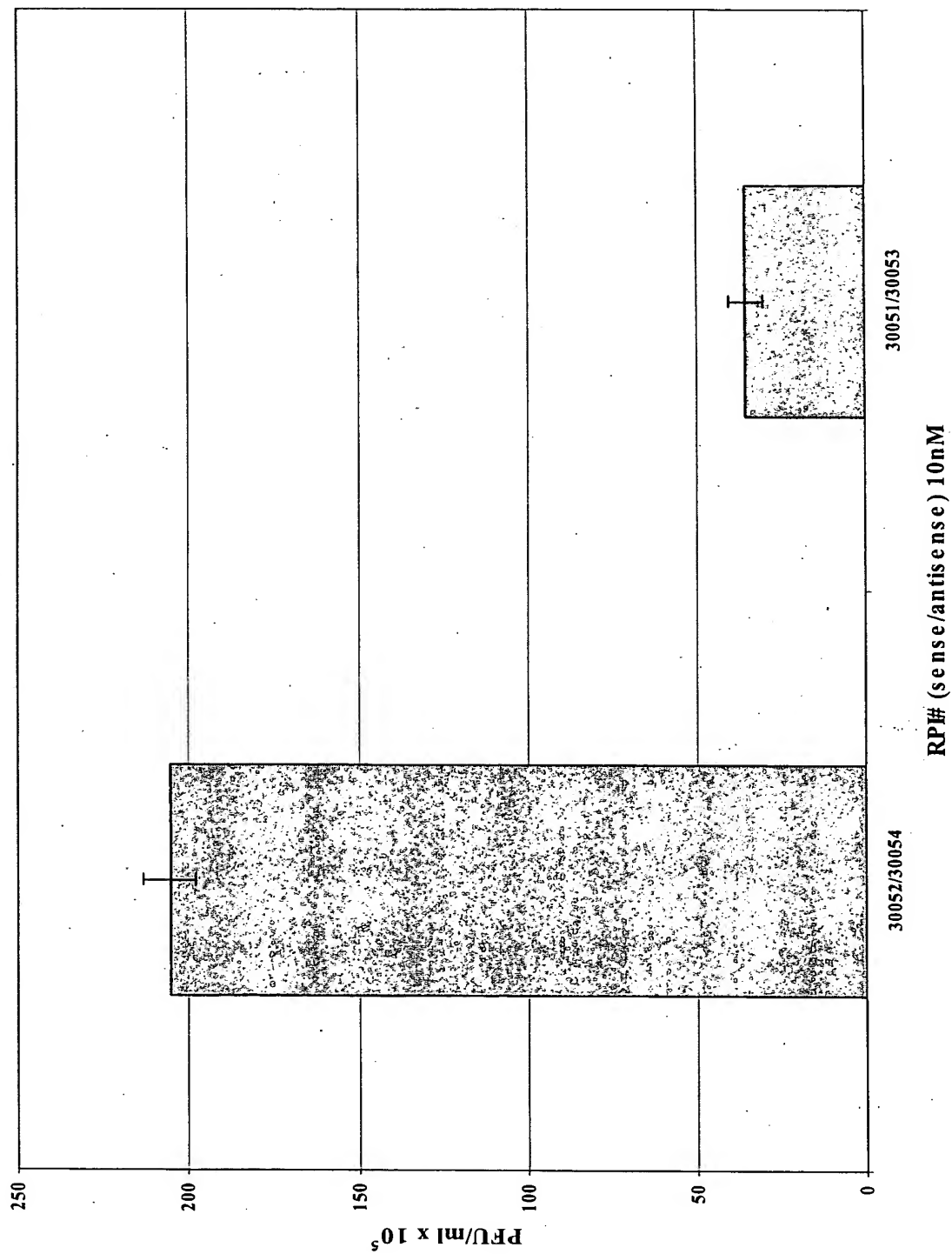




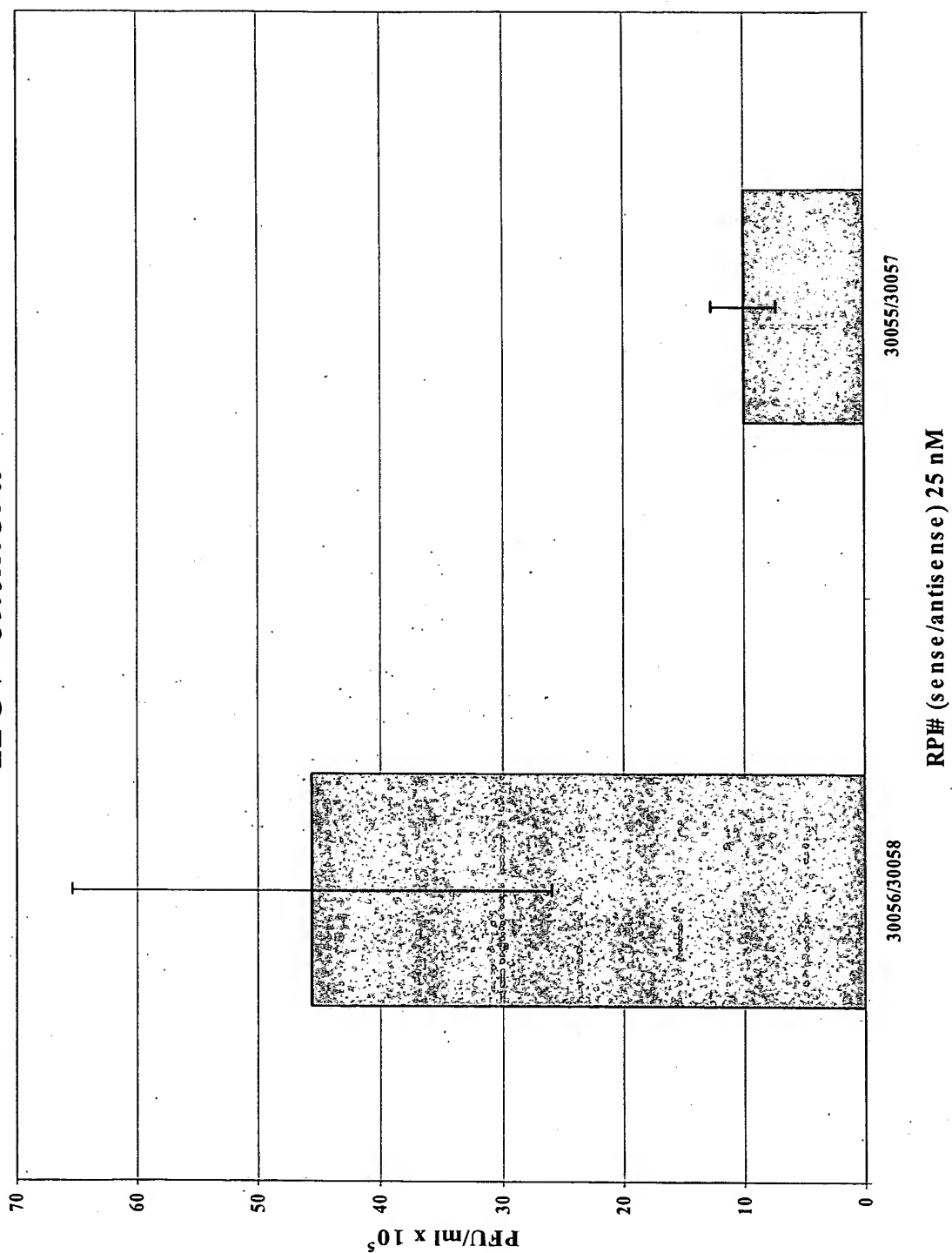
*Figure 33: HCV siRNA dose response*



**Figure 34: Chemically Modified siRNA targeting  
HCV chimera**

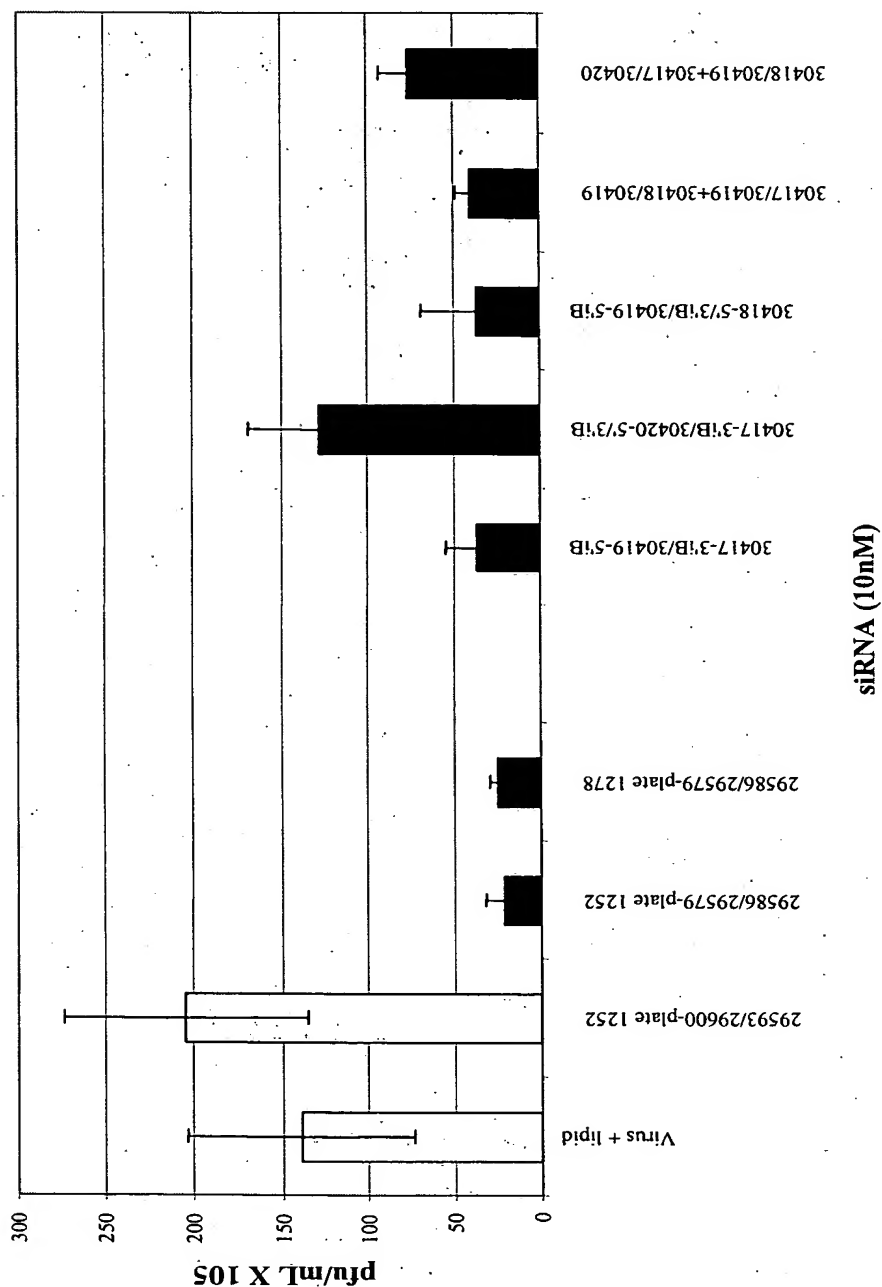


**Figure 35: Chemically Modified siRNA targeting  
HCV chimera**



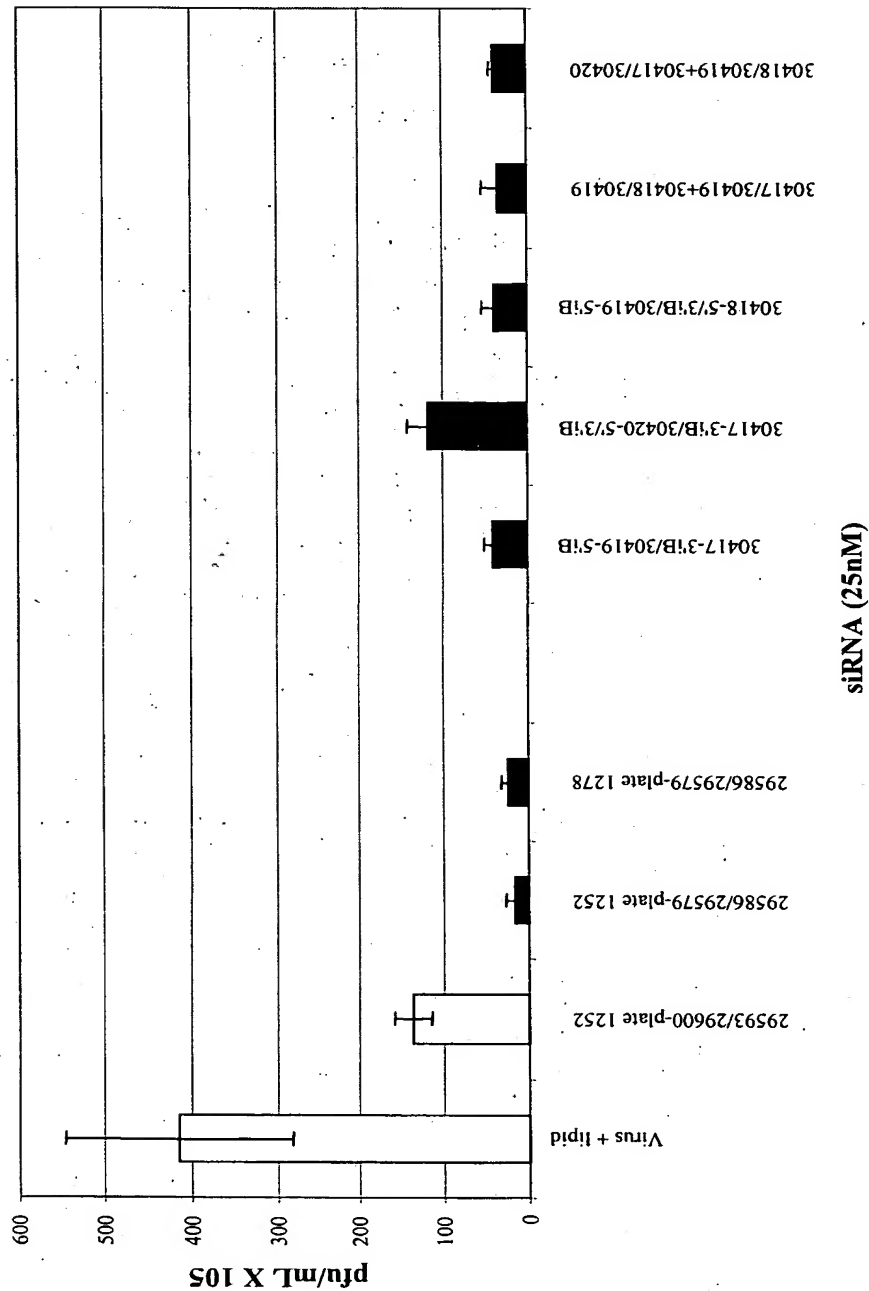
**Figure 36: Chemically Modified siRNA  
 targeting HCV chimera**

HCV/PV#280-siRNA to HCV-Luc 325/345

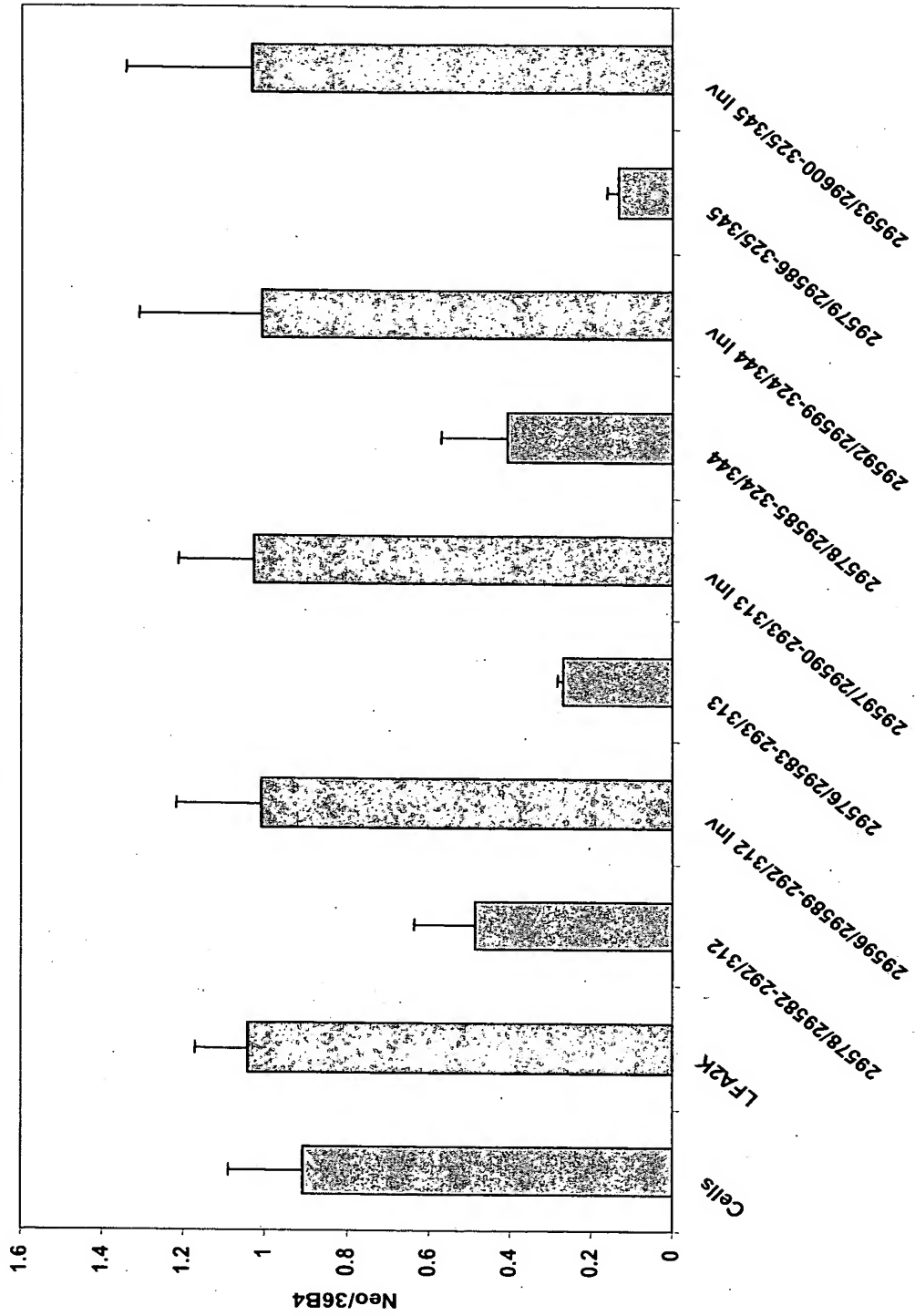


**Figure 37: Chemically Modified siRNA  
targeting HCV chimera**

HCV/PV#280-siRNA to HCV-Luc site 325/345



**Figure 38: HCV/Replicon Cells transfected  
 with 0.5 $\mu$ l/well LFA 2K-72 hours**



**Figure 39: Dose Response with Stab4/5 siNA Leads in HCV Subgenomic Replicon**

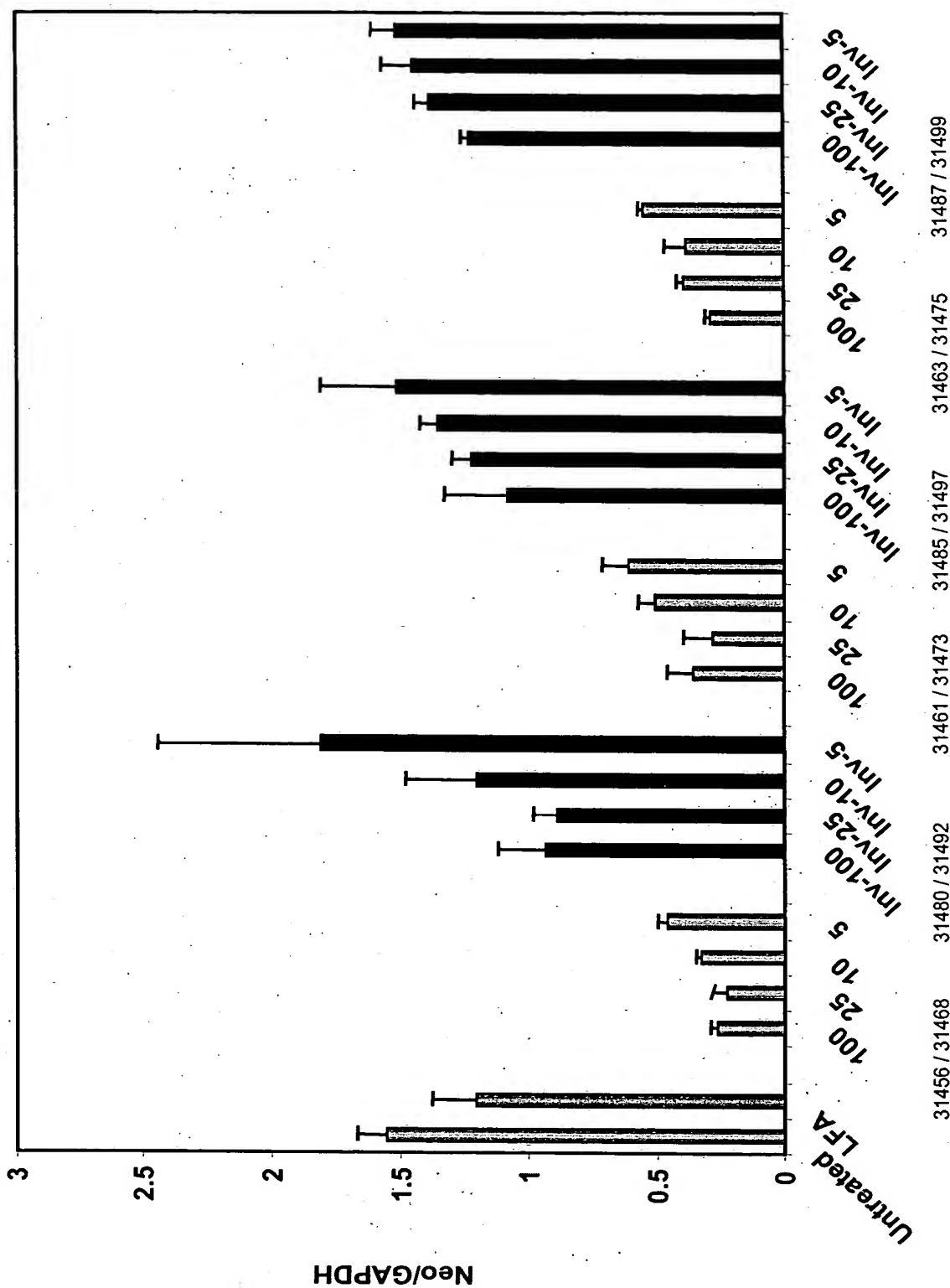
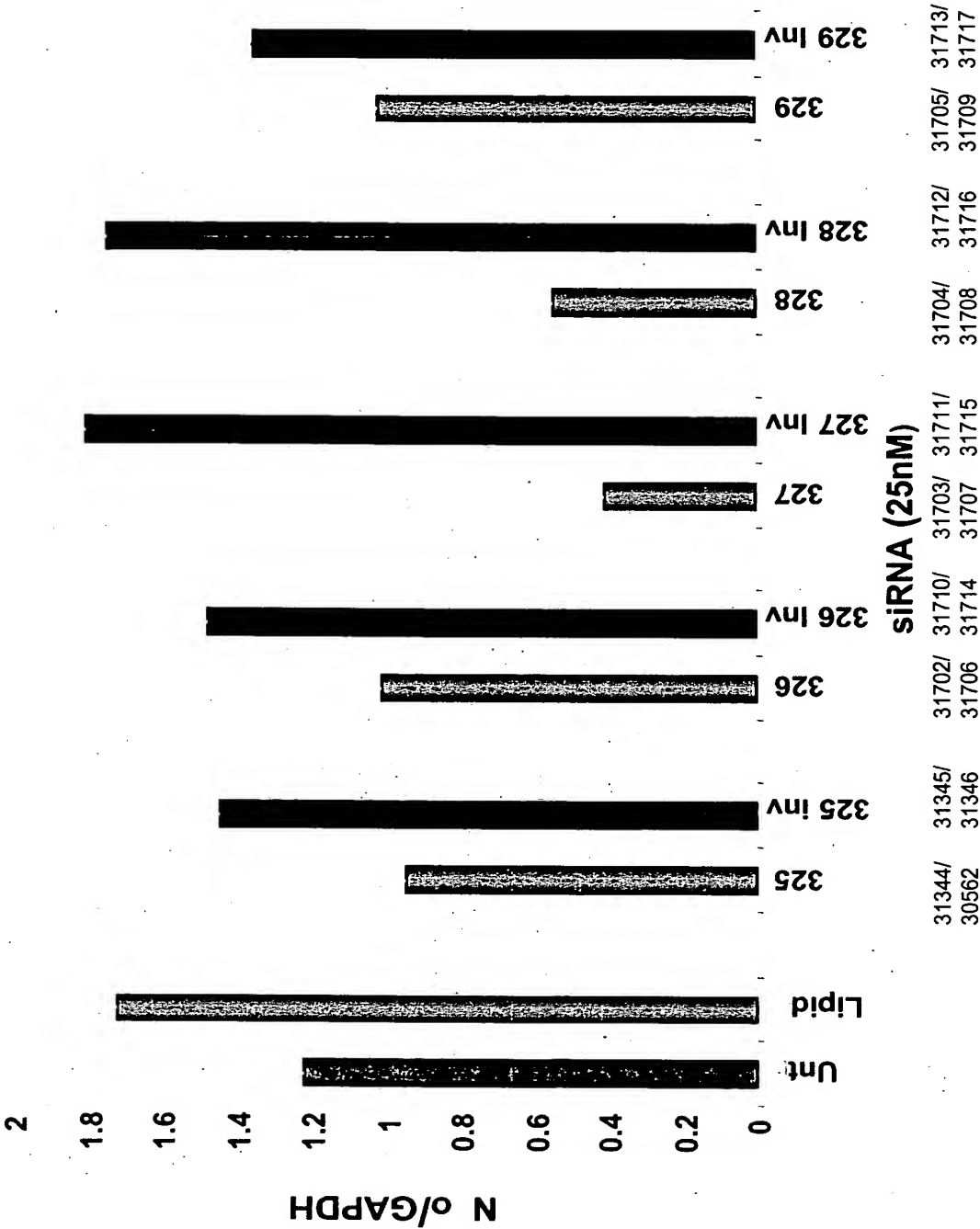
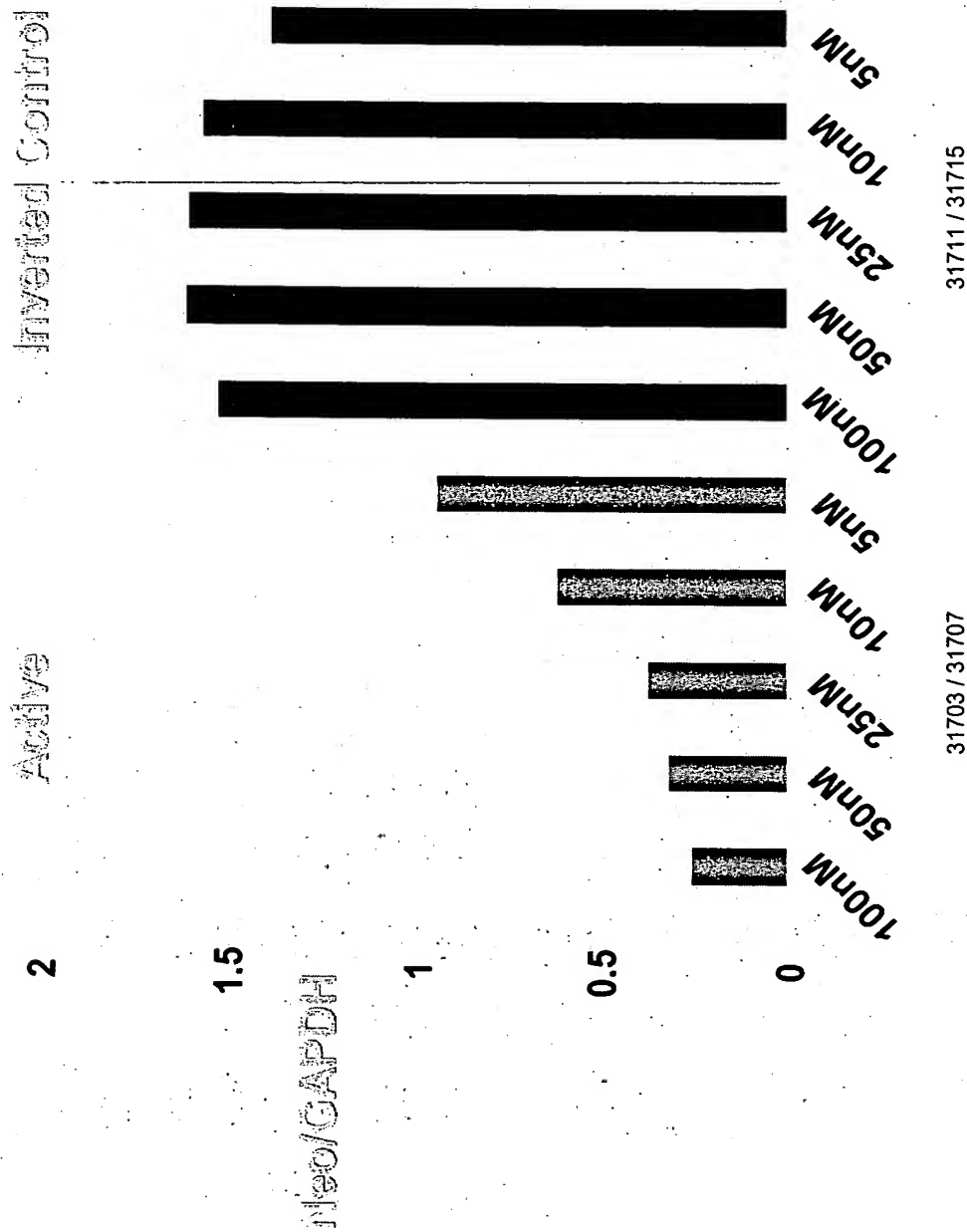


Figure 40: Activity of Stab 7/8 siNA Leads in HCV  
Subgenomic Replicon

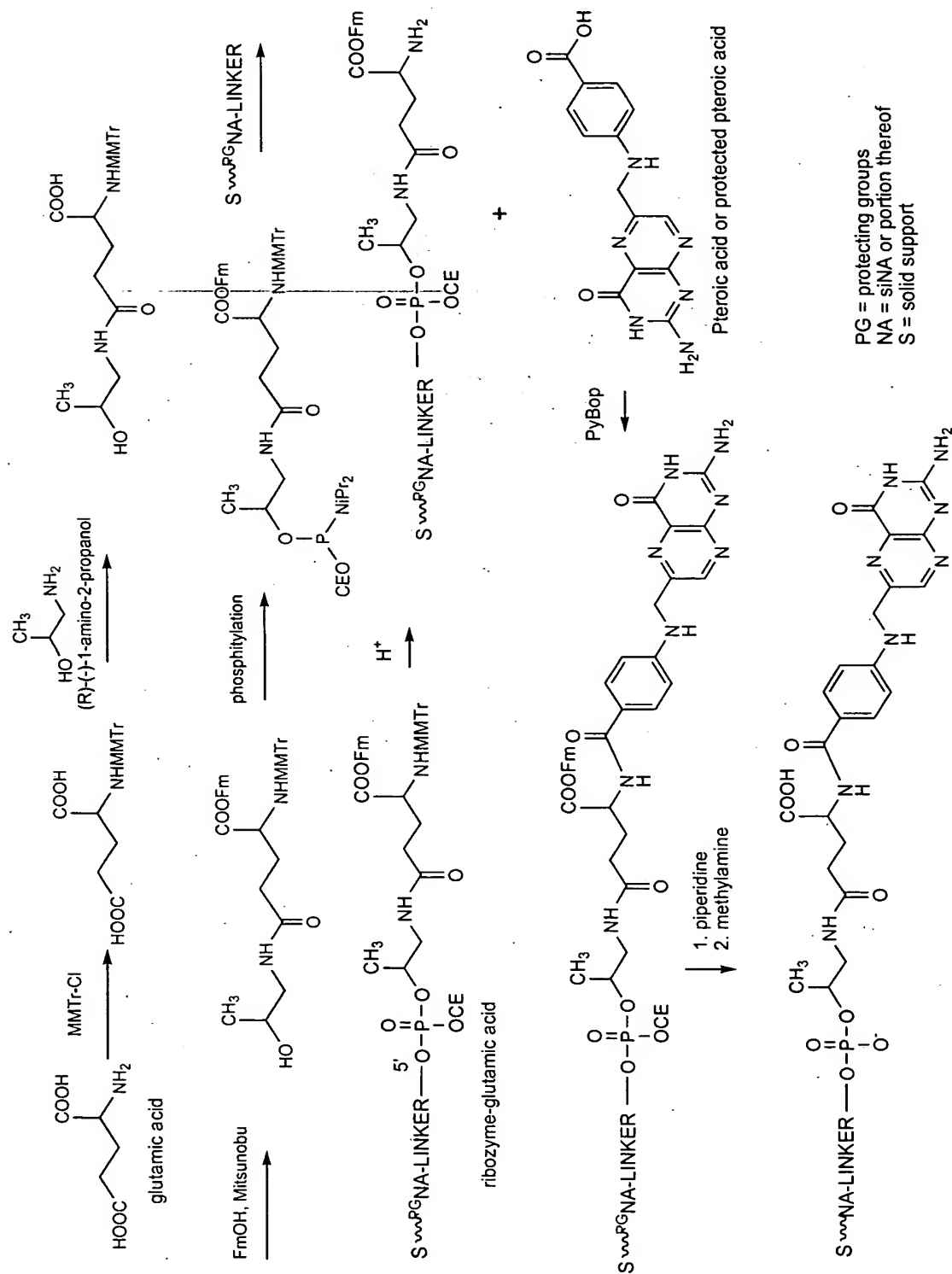




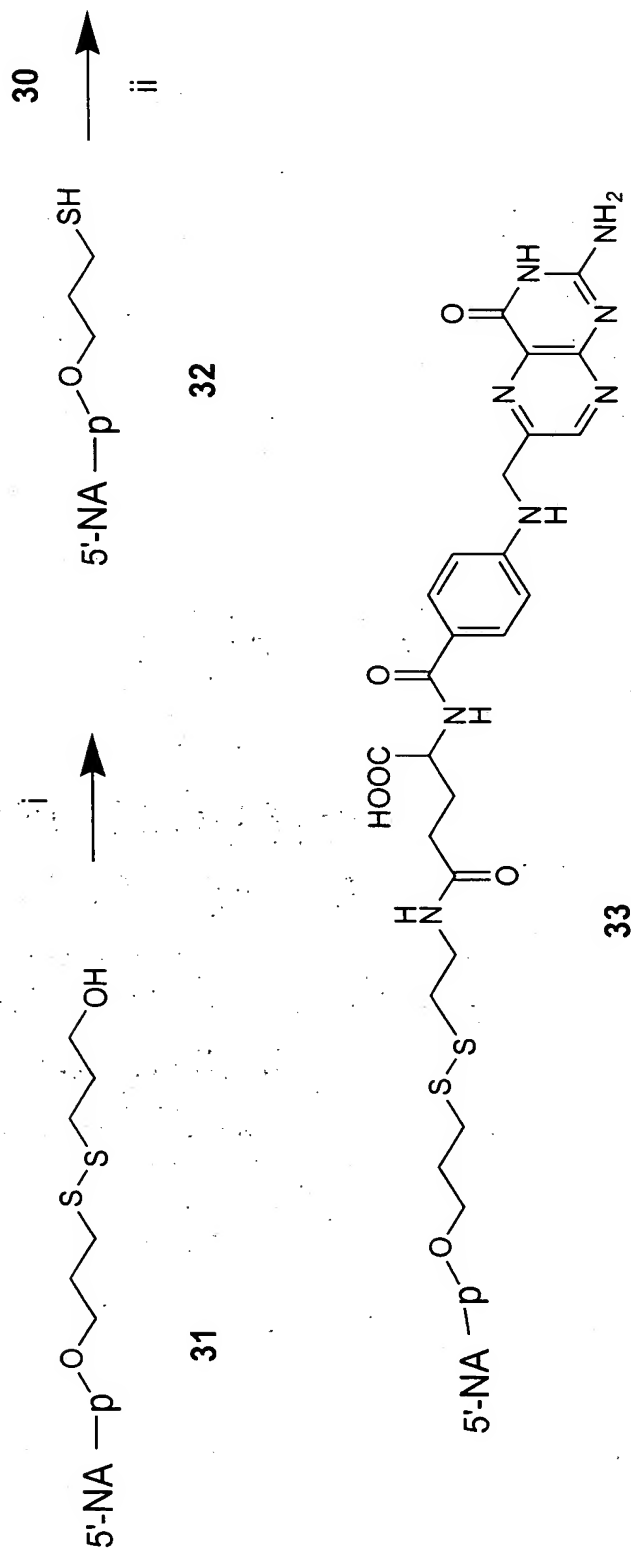
**Figure 41: Dose Response with Fully Modified  
HCV Site 327 siNA**



**Figure 42: Solid Phase Post-synthetic conjugation of pterioic acid**

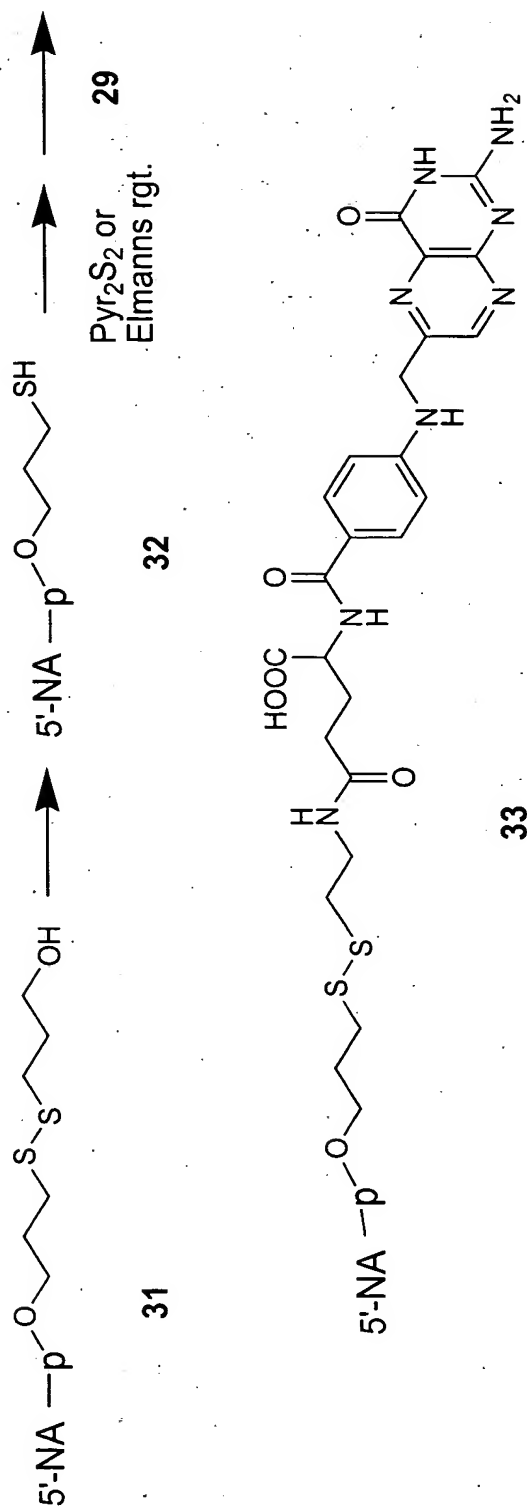


## Figure 43

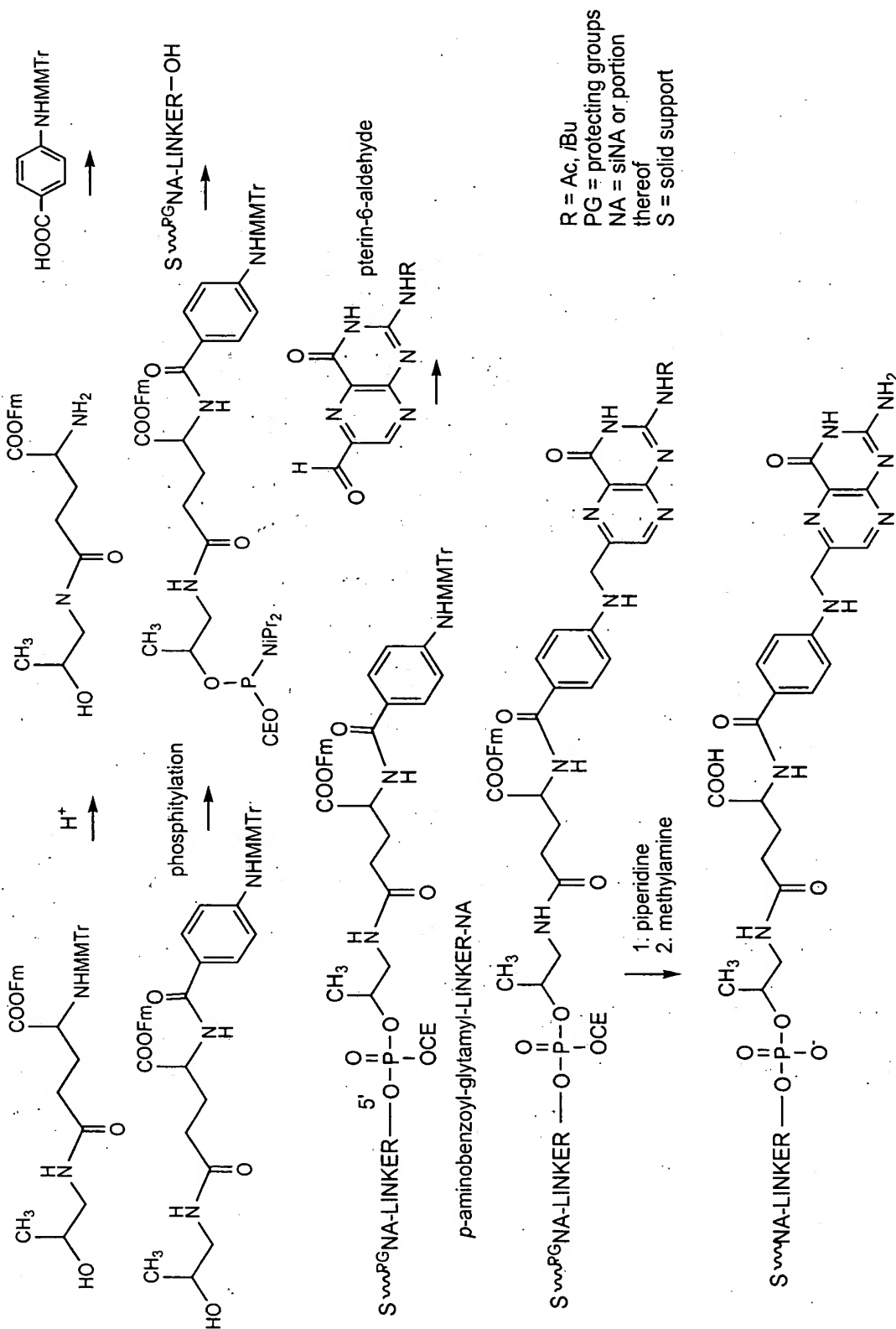


NA = siNA or a portion thereof  
p = phosphorous moiety

**Figure 44**



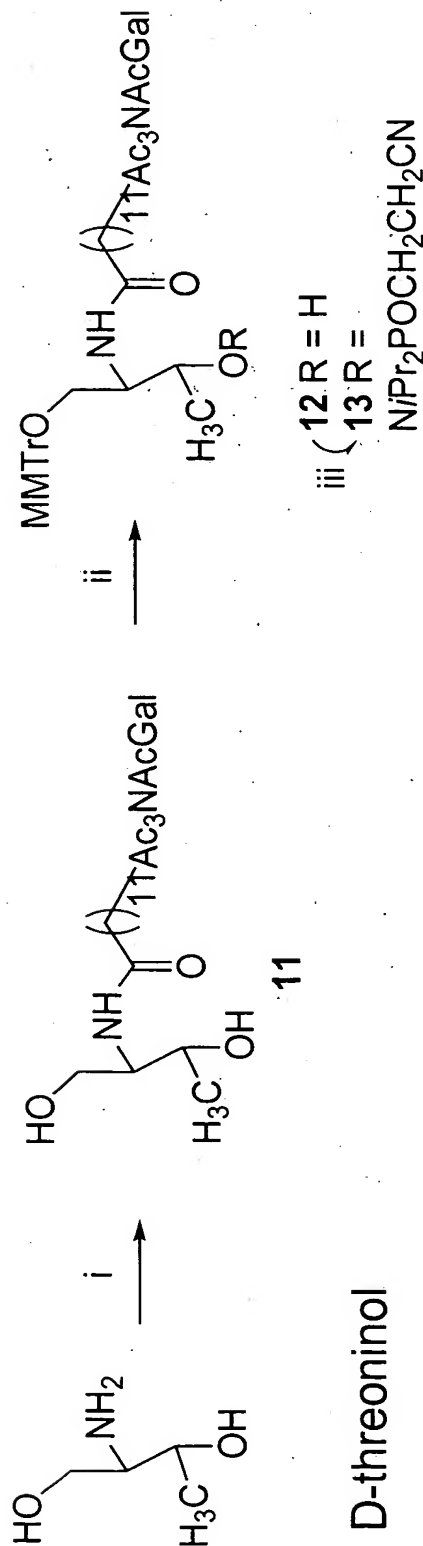
NA = siNA or a portion thereof  
 p = phosphorous moiety

**Figure 45: Solid Phase Post-synthetic conjugation of pterotic acid**

[illegible]

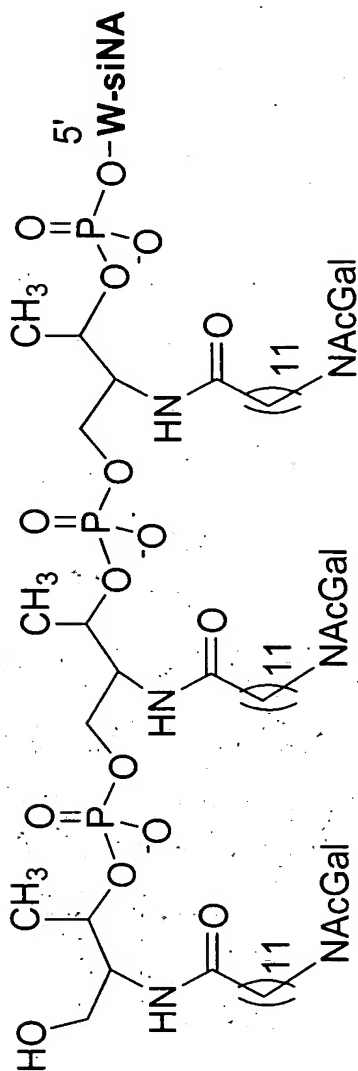
Reagents and Conditions: (i) diethylamine, DMF, (ii) **8**, diisopropylethylamine, DMF, (iii) 2-cyanoethyl *N,N*-diisopropylchlorophosphoramidite, 1-methylimidazole, DIPEA, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, (iv) Ac<sub>2</sub>O, TEA, CH<sub>3</sub>CN, (v) HCl, Ac<sub>2</sub>O, (vi) Hg(CN)<sub>2</sub>, MS 4A, CH<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>-toluene 1:1, (vii) H<sub>2</sub>, 5% Pd-C, ethanol, (viii) *N*-hydroxysuccinimide, DCC, THF.

**Figure 47: Synthesis of N-acetyl-D-galactosamine-D-threoninol conjugate**



Reagents and Conditions: (i) 7, DCC, N-hydroxysuccinimide, (ii) MMTr-Cl, pyridine, (iii) 2-cyanoethyl N,N-diisopropylchlorophosphoramidite, 1-methylimidazole, DIPEA, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.

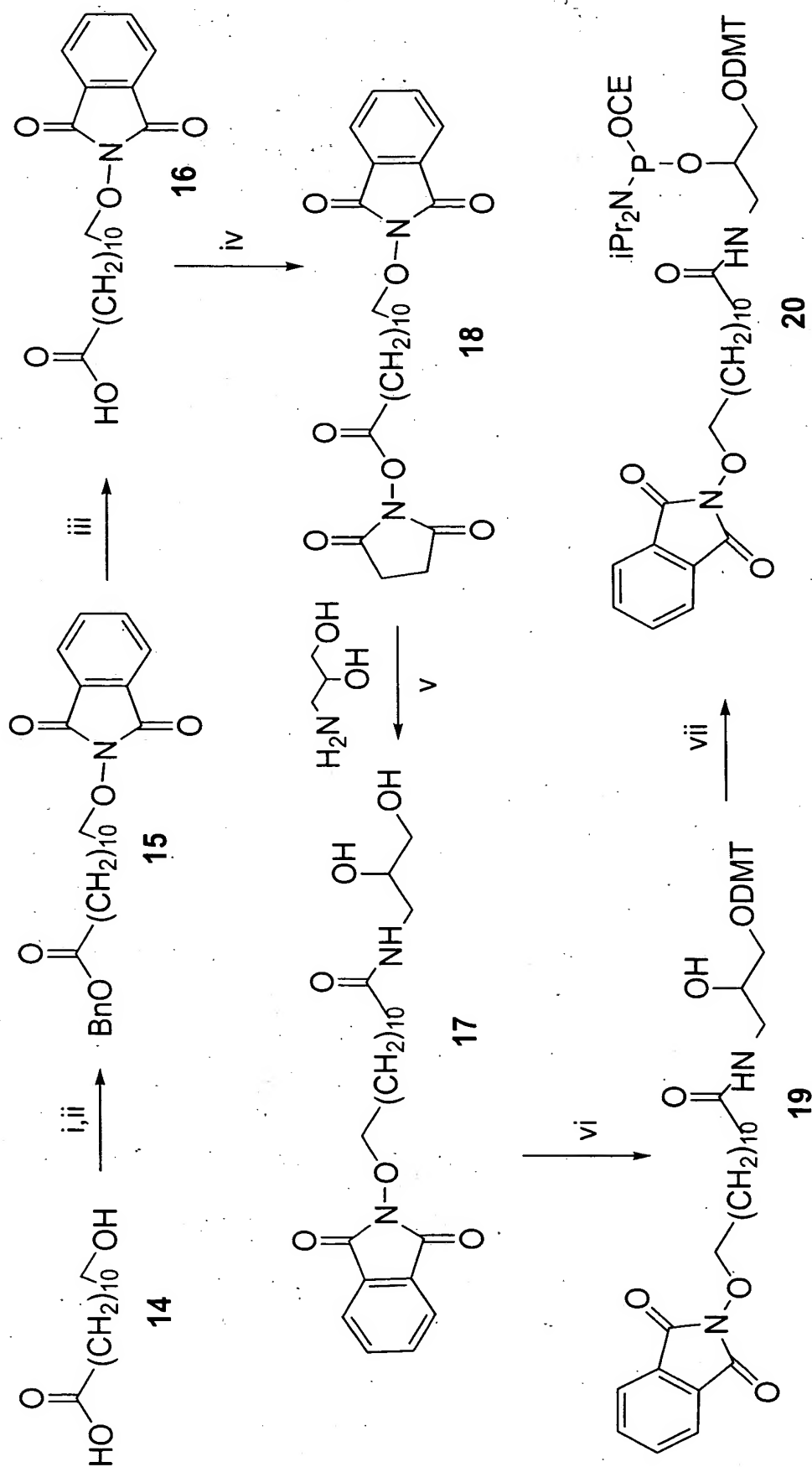
**Figure 48: Conjugation of targeting ligands to the 5'-end of a siNA molecule**



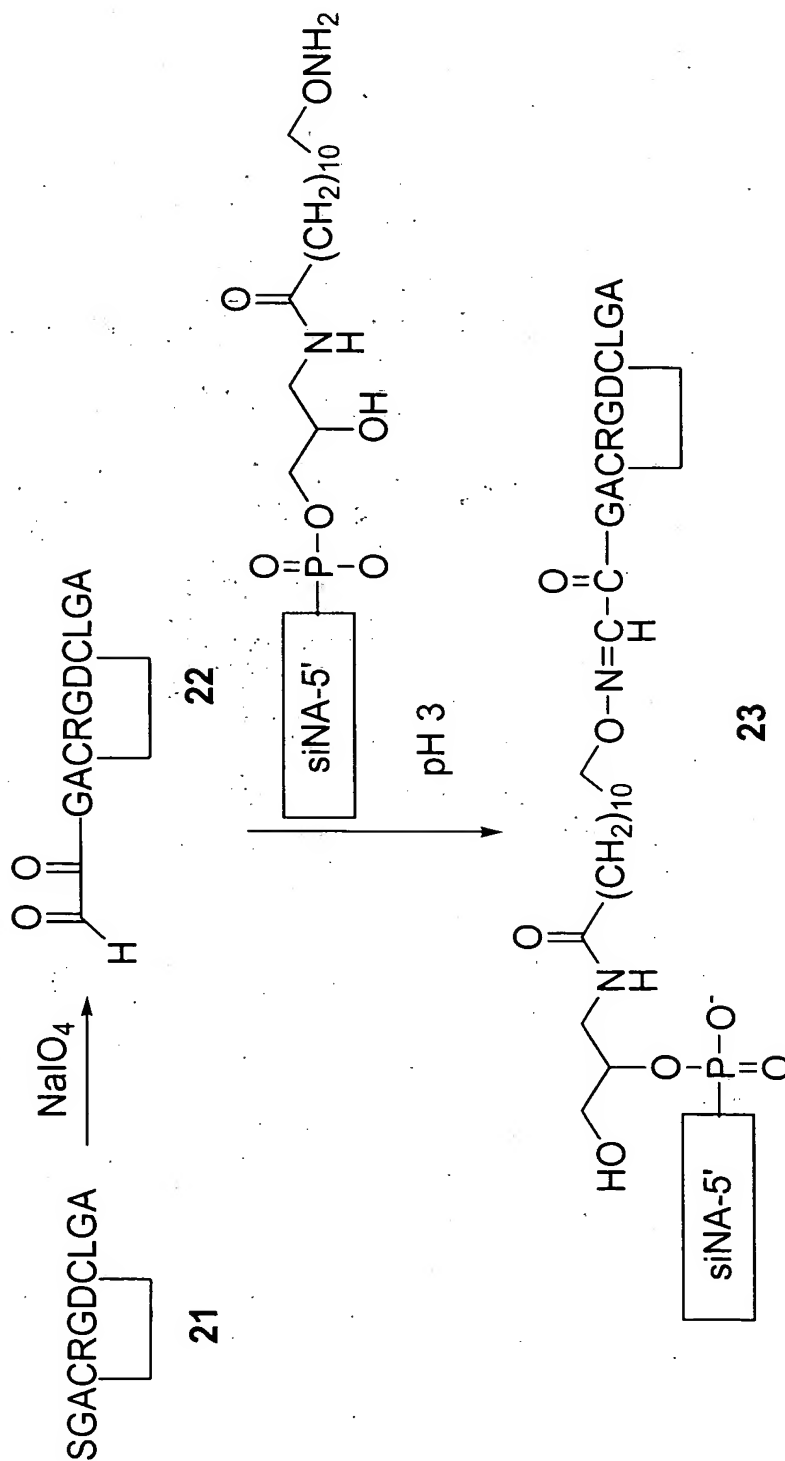
**N-acetyl-D-galactosamine conjugate**

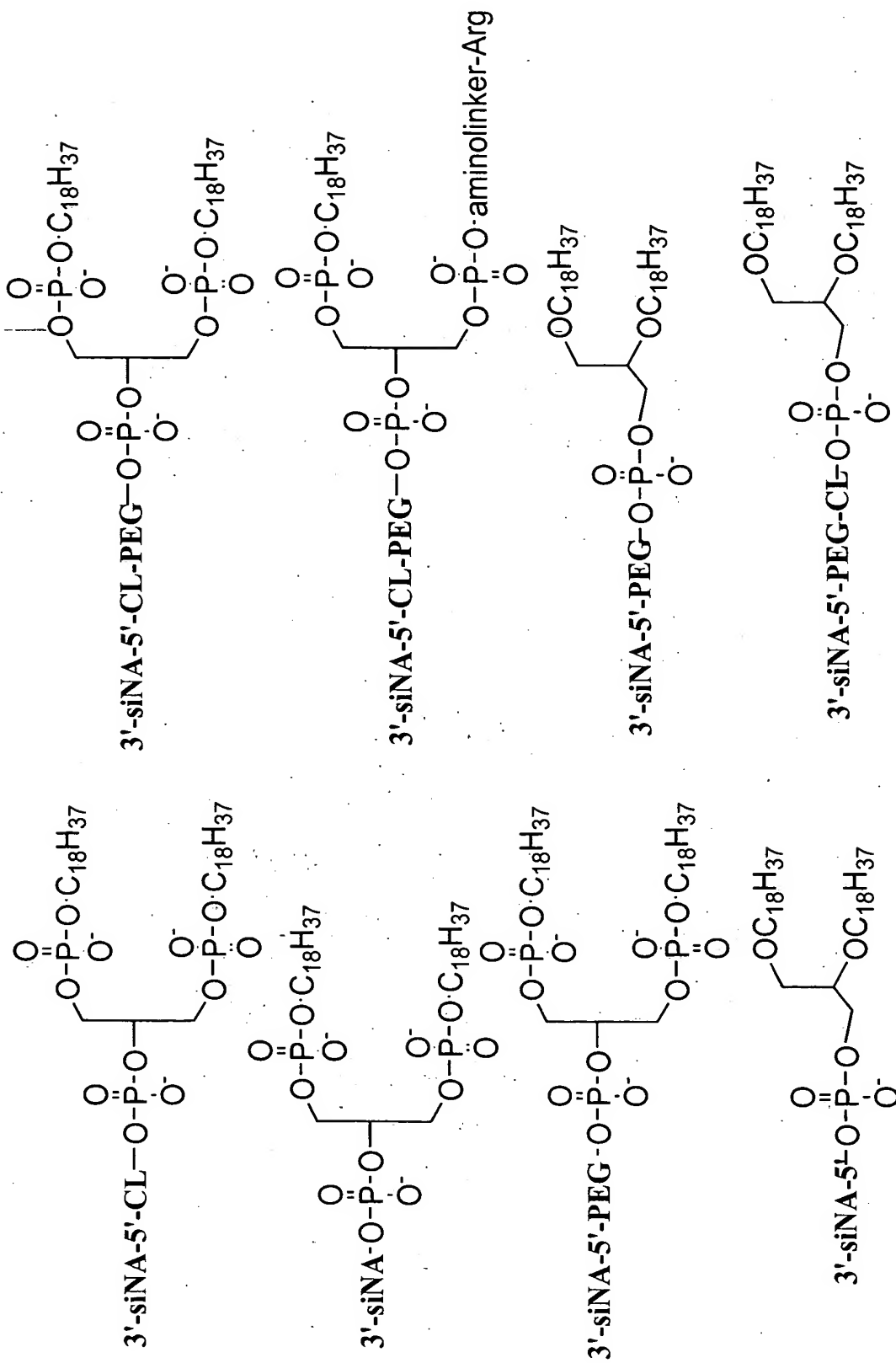


**Figure 49: Synthesis of dodecanoic acid linker**



**Figure 50: Oxime linked siNA/Peptide Conjugate**



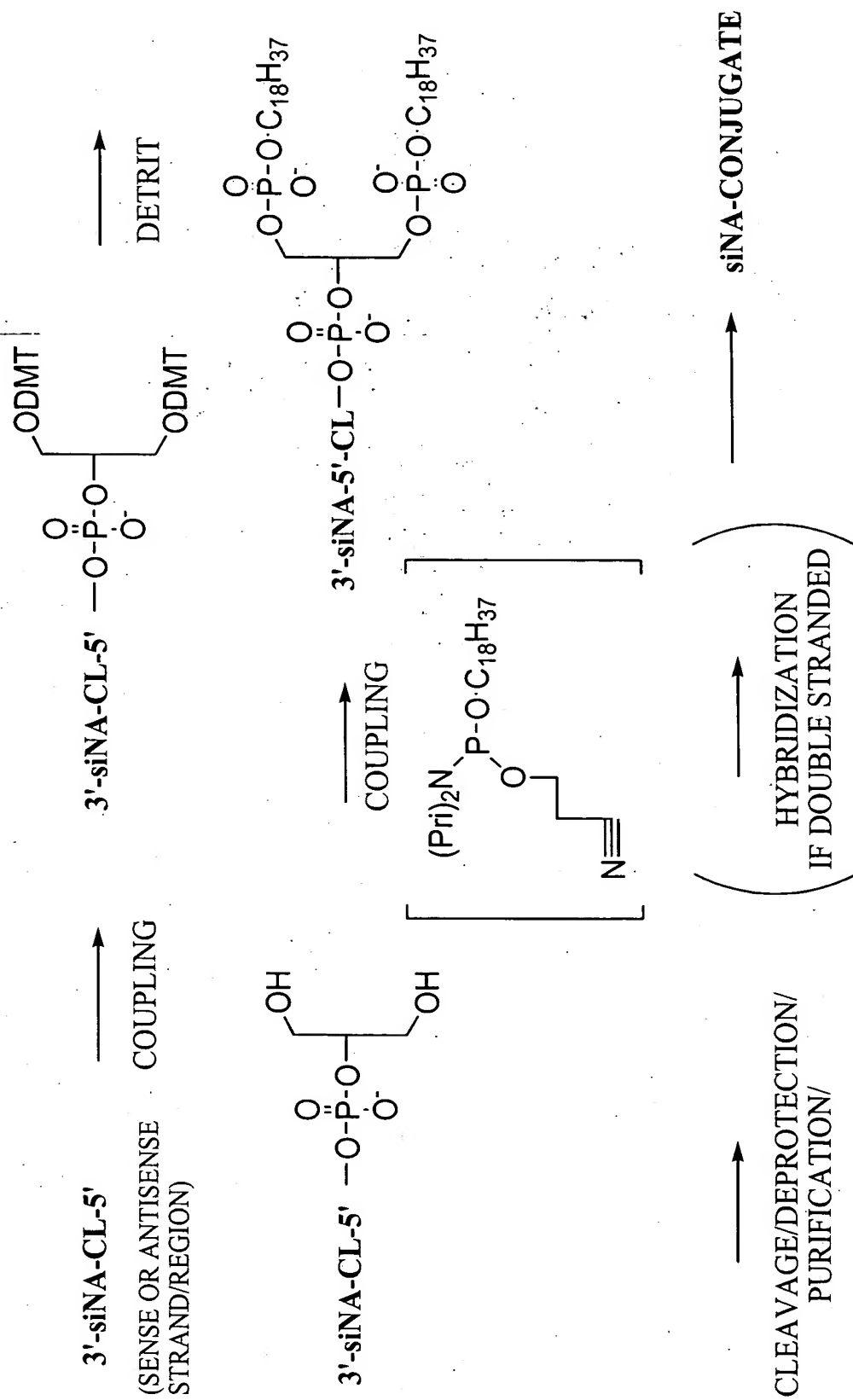
**Figure 51: siNA/Phospholipid Conjugates**

PEG=polyethylene glycol

CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT)

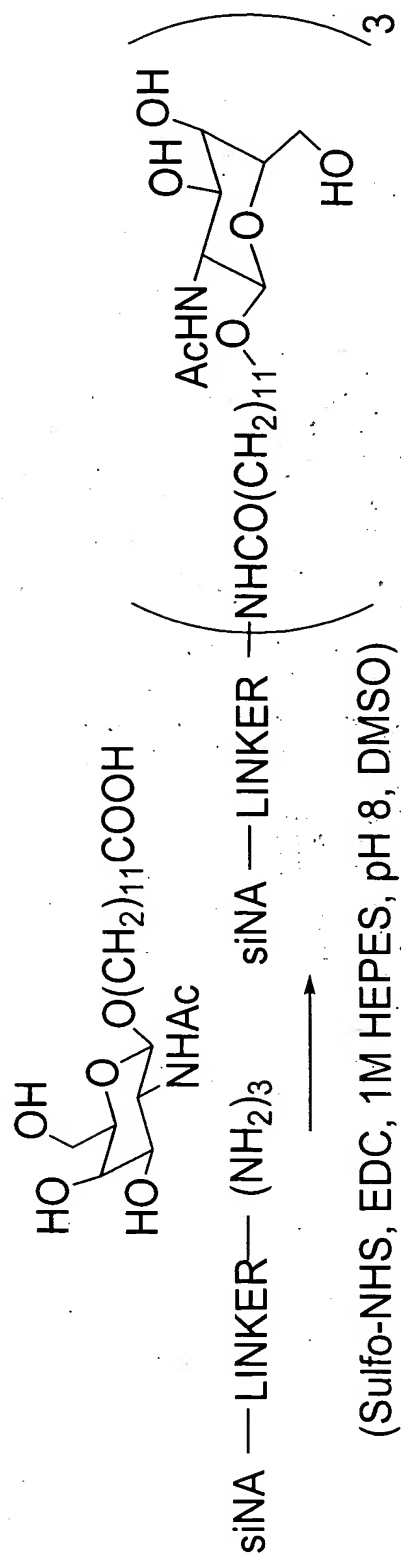
siNA= short interfering nucleic acid molecule or a portion thereof

**Figure 52: siNA Phospholipid Conjugate**

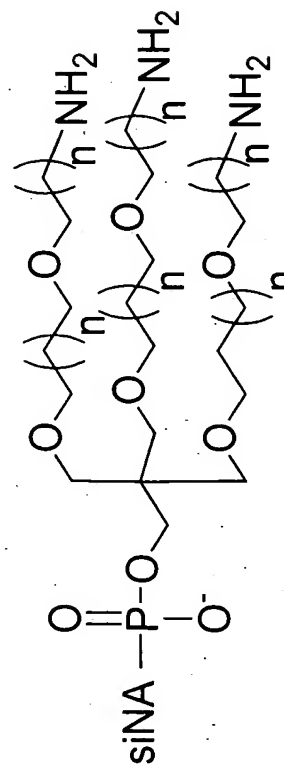


CL = CLEAVABLE LINKER, E.G. ADENOSINE-THYMINE DIMER THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT

**Figure 53: siNA-NAcGalactosamine post-synthetic coupling**

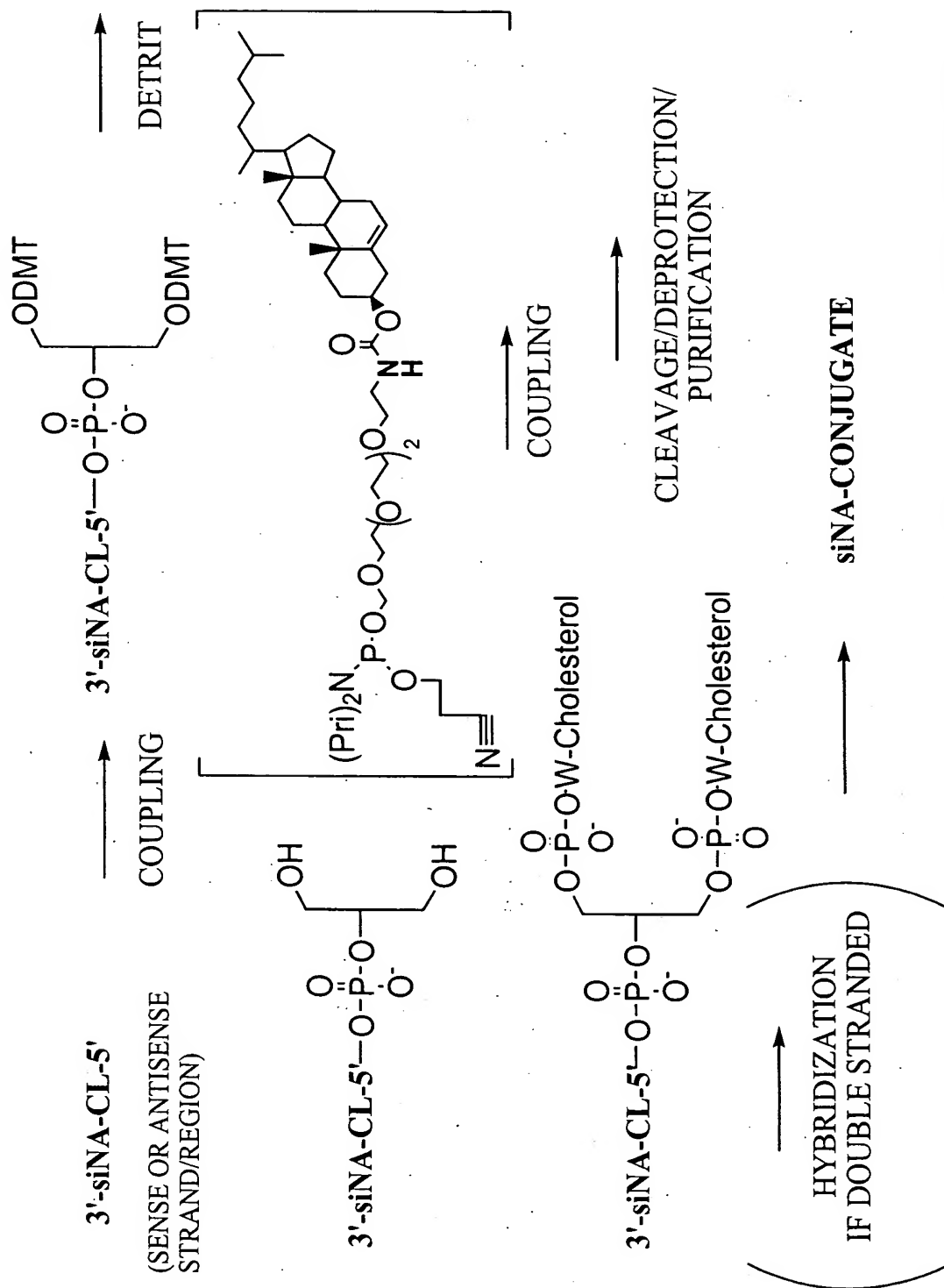


FOR EXAMPLE: OLIGO-LINKER =



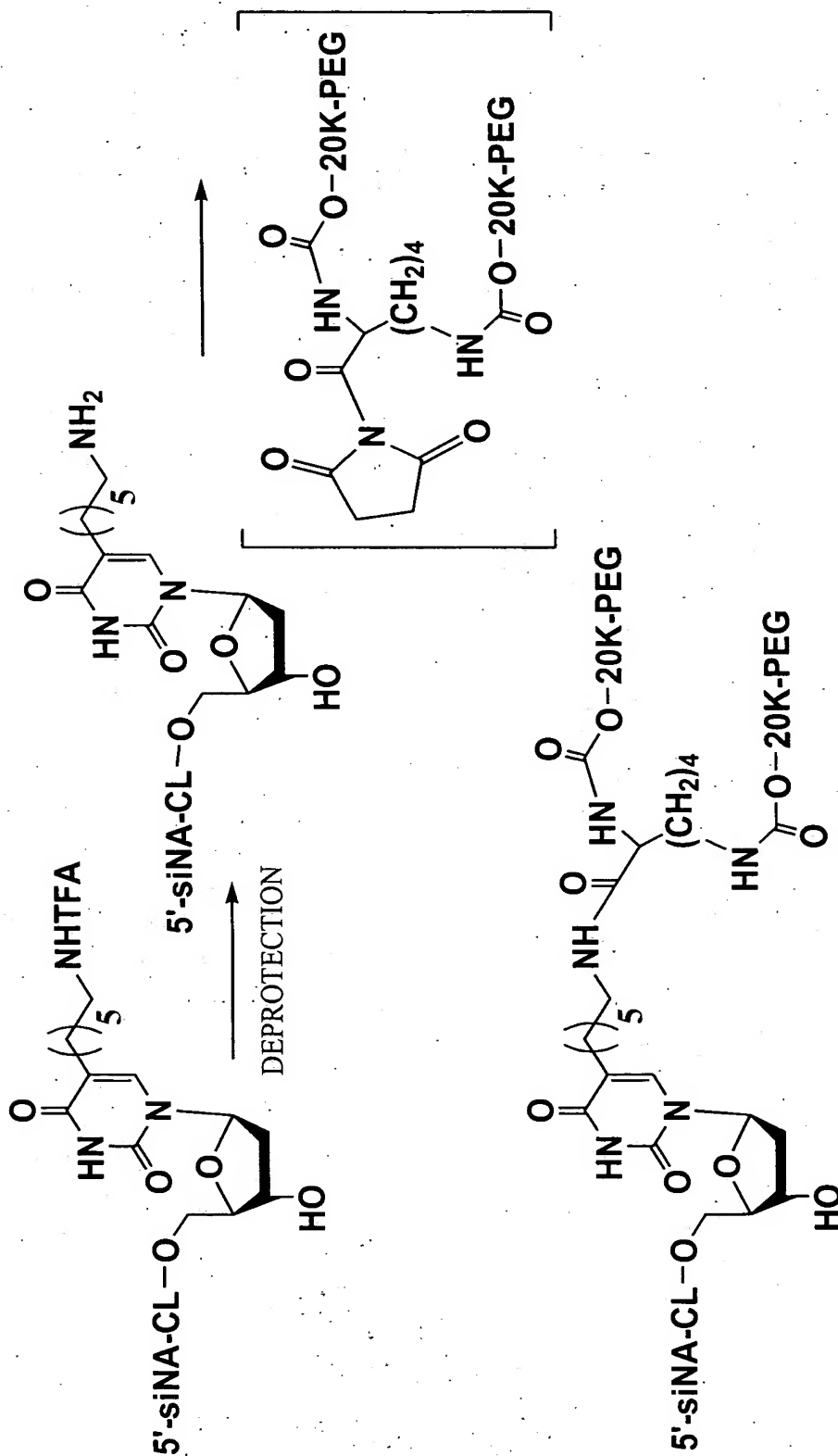
Where n is an integer from 1 to 20

**Figure 54: siNA Cholesterol Conjugate**



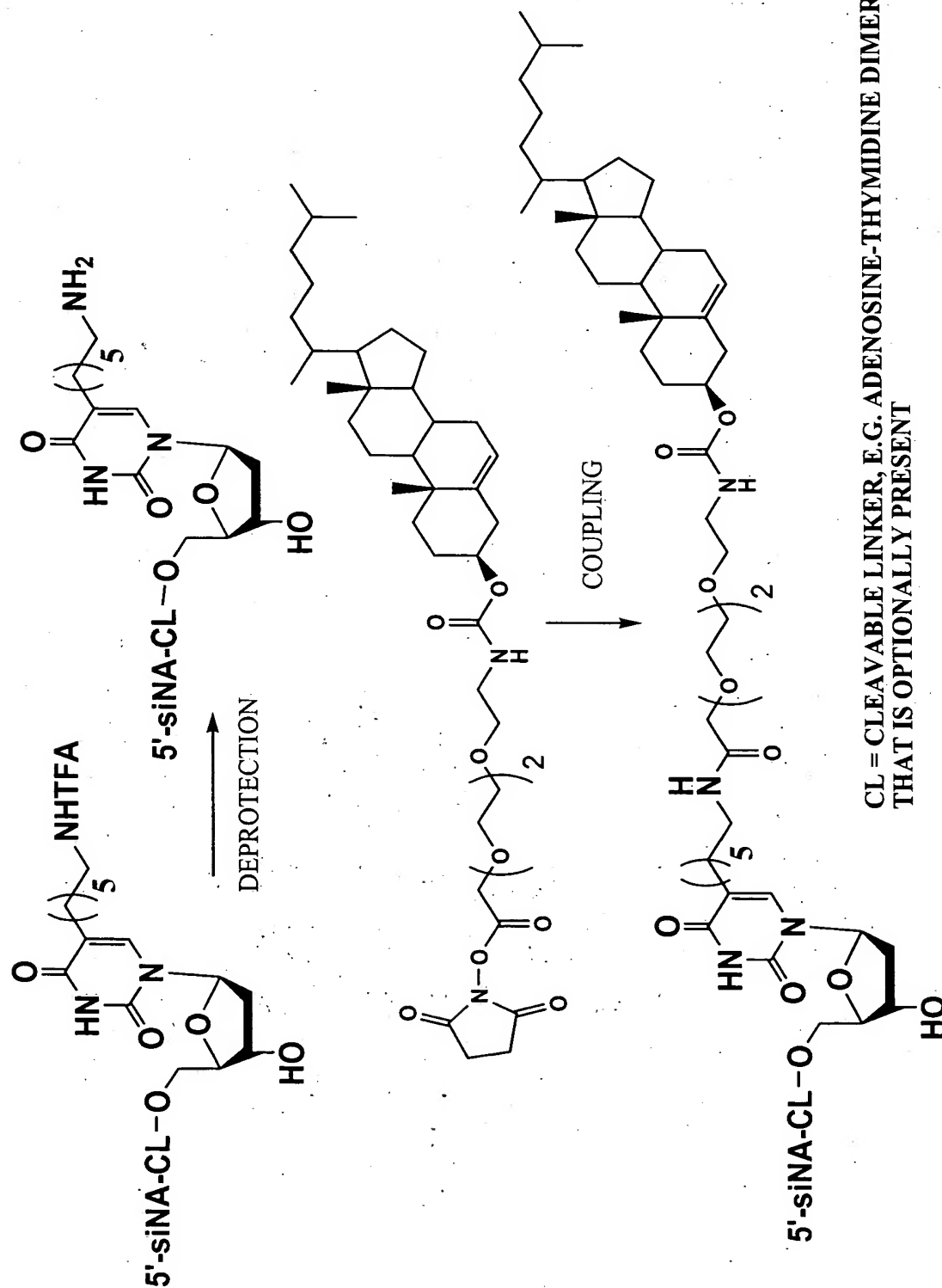
**CL = CLEAVABLE LINKER, E.G. ADENOSINE-THYMIDINE DIMER THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT**

*Figure 55: siNA 3'-PEG Conjugate*



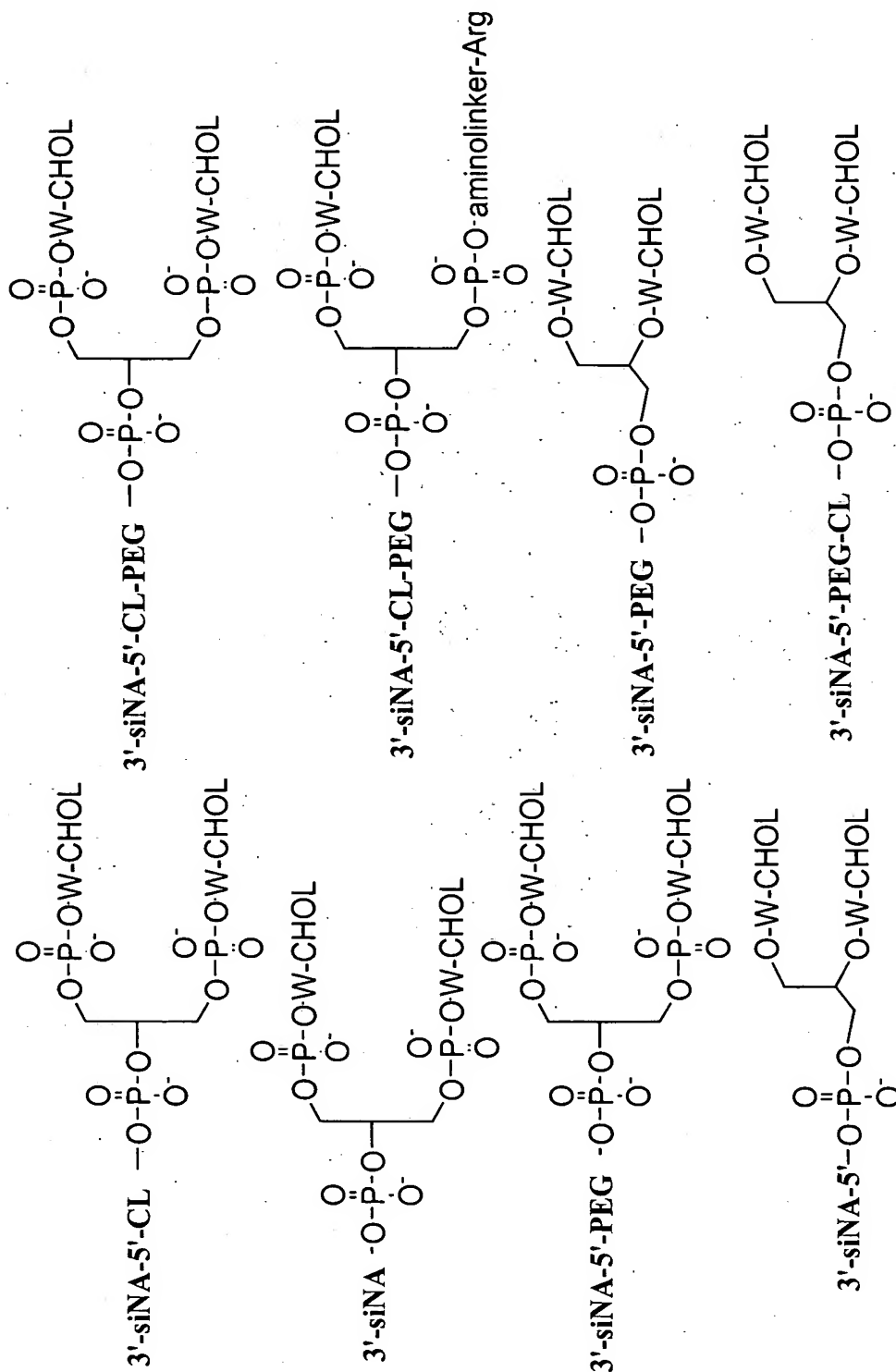
CL = CLEAVABLE LINKER, E.G. ADENOSINE-THYMIDINE DIMER  
 THAT IS OPTIONALLY PRESENT

**Figure 56: siNA 3'-Cholesterol Conjugate**





**Figure 57: Nucleic Acid Cholesterol Conjugates**



**PEG=polyethylene glycol**

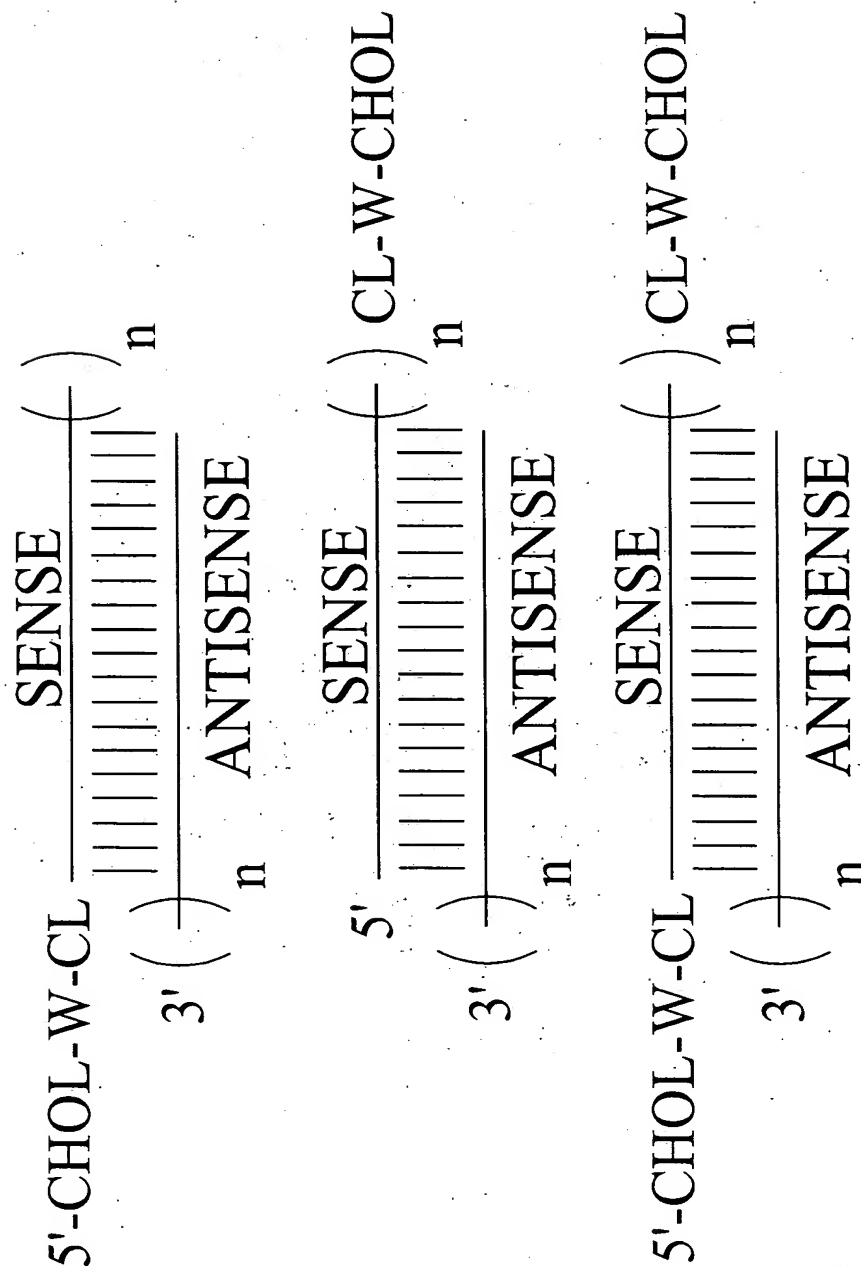
**CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT)**

**siNA= short interfering nucleic acid molecule or a portion thereof**

**CHOL=cholesterol or an analog or metabolite thereof**

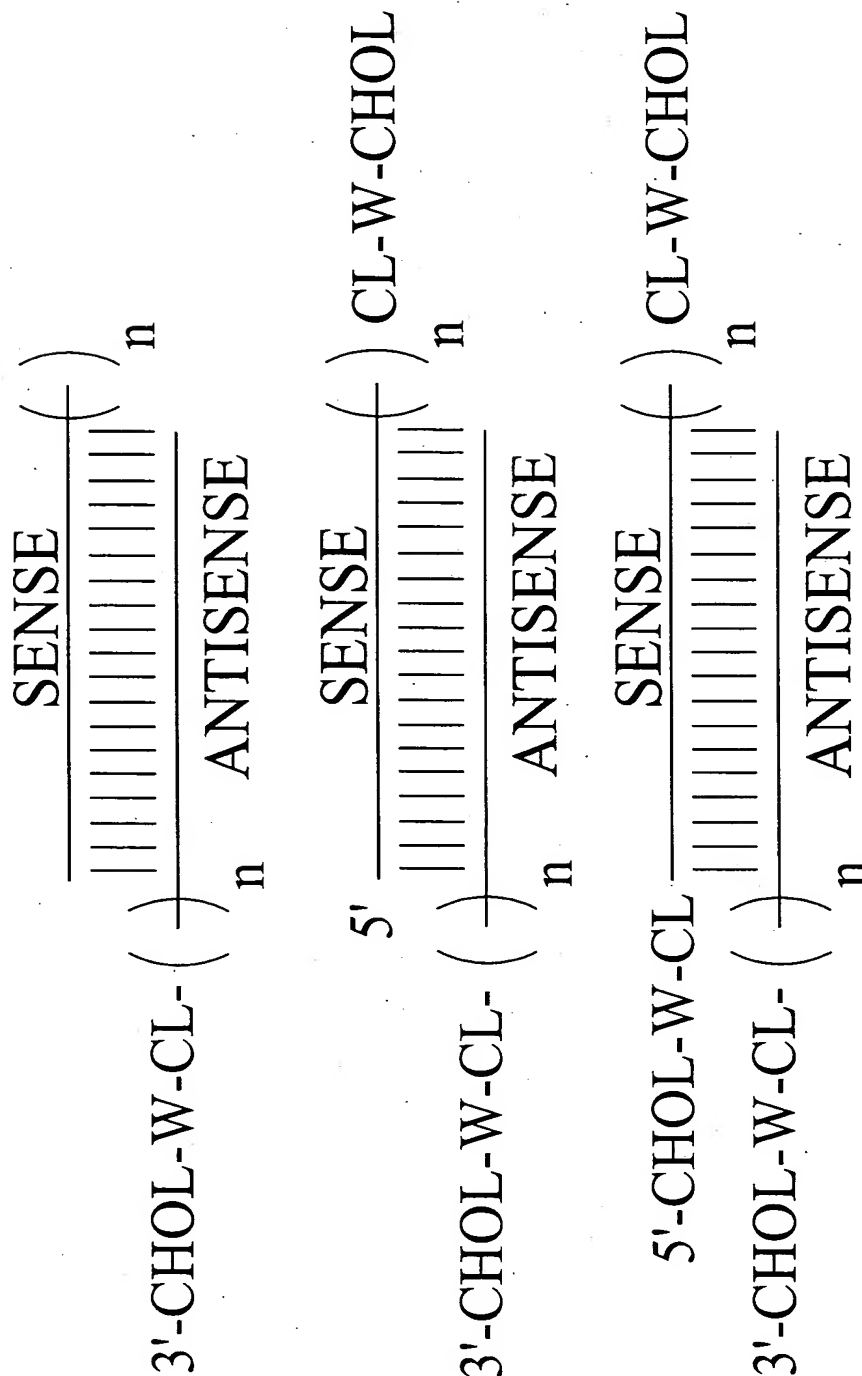
**W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 109 or 112)**

**Figure 58: siNA Cholesterol Conjugates**



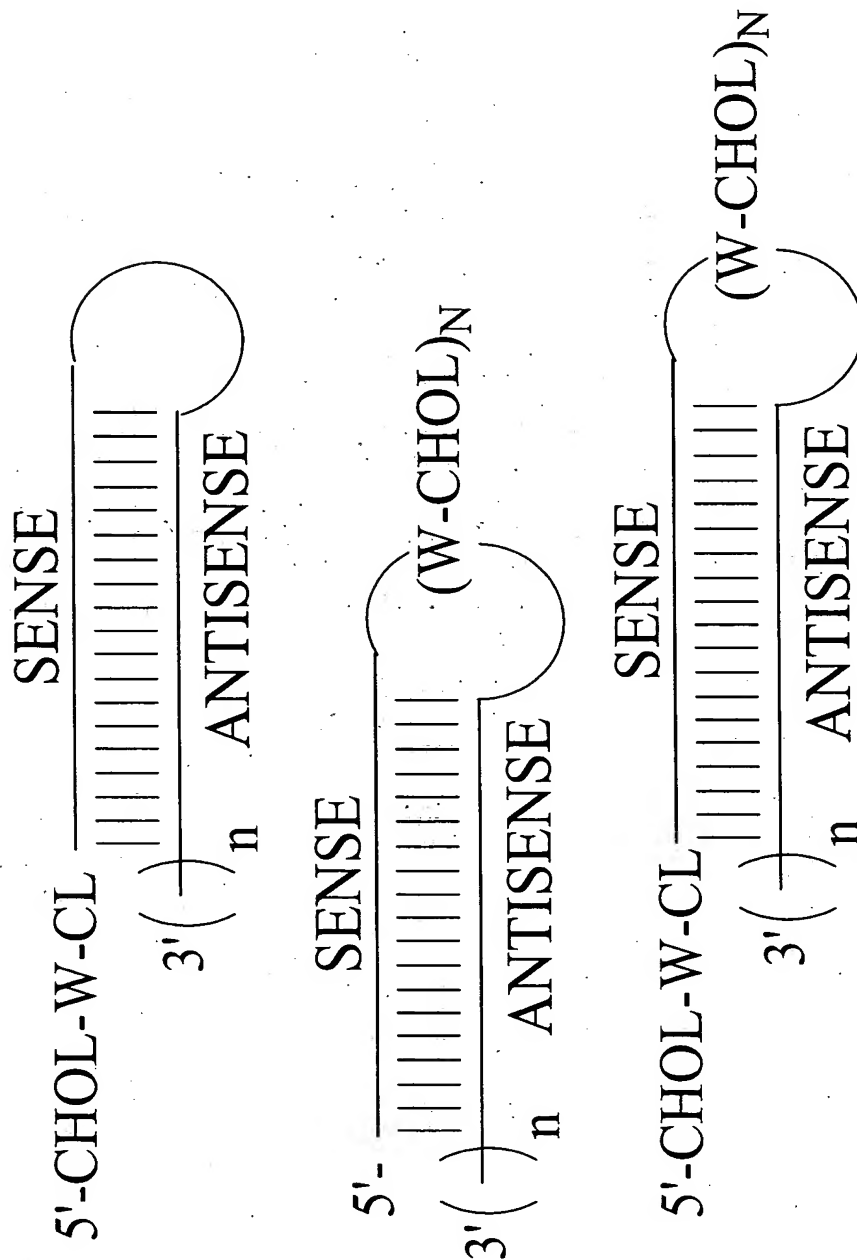
CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present  
 CHOL=cholesterol or an analog or metabolite thereof  
 W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 107, 108, 109 or 115)  
 n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3

**Figure 59: siNA Cholesterol Conjugates**



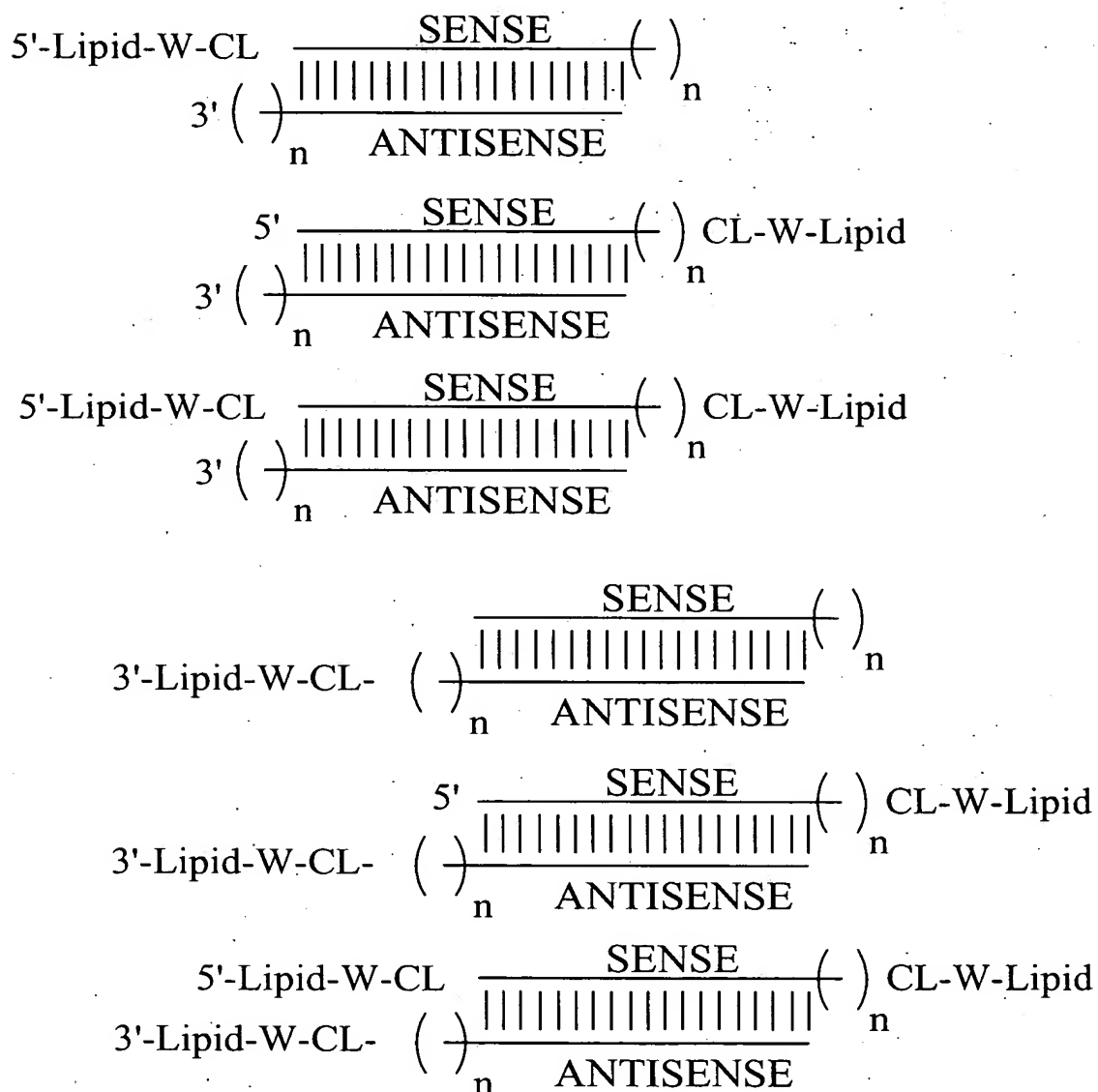
CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present  
 CHOL=cholesterol or an analog or metabolite thereof  
 W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 107, 108, 109 or 115)  
 n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3

**Figure 60: siNA Cholesterol Conjugates**



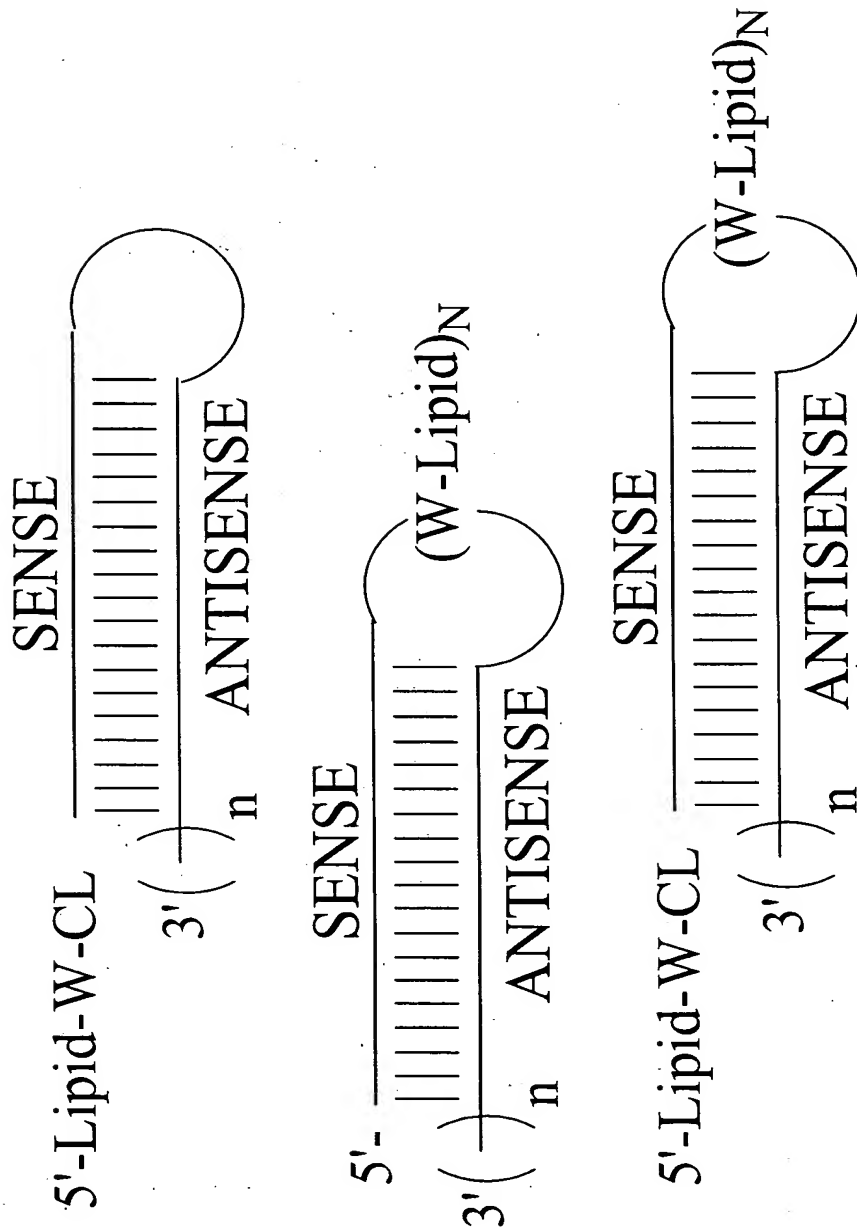
CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present  
 CHOL=cholesterol or an analog or metabolite thereof  
 W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 107, 108, 109 or 112)  
 $n$  = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3  
 $N$ =integer, e.g. 1, 2, 3, or 4

## Figure 61: siNA Lipid Conjugates



CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present  
 Lipid=Straight chain or branched alkyl or fatty acid, e.g. C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>37</sub>  
 W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 48, 49, 64, or 65)  
 n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3

**Figure 62: siNA Lipid Conjugates**



**CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present**

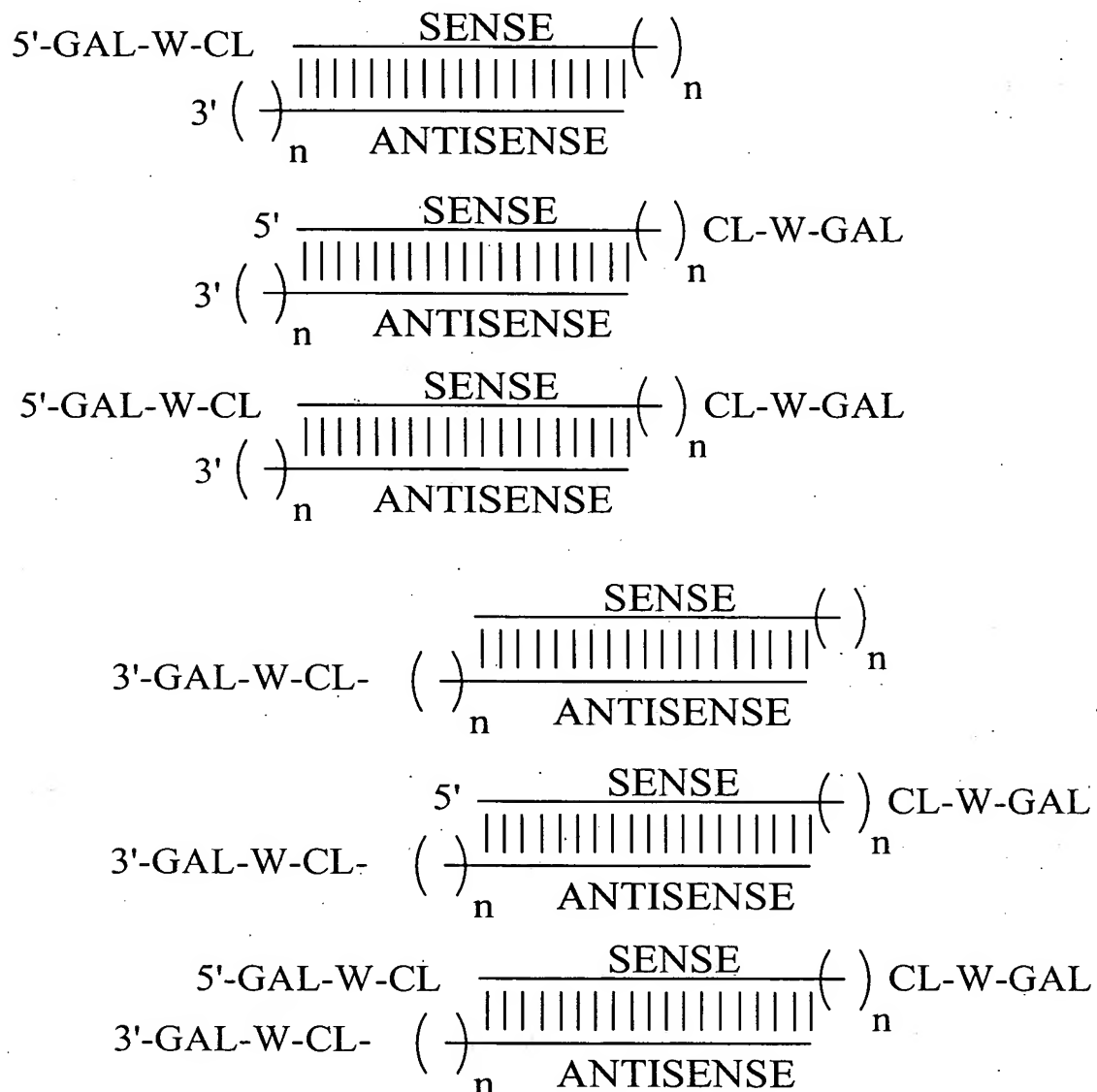
**Lipid**=Straight chain or branched alkyl or fatty acid, e.g.  $C_{18}H_{37}$

W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 48, 49, 64, or 65)

**n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3**

**N=integer, e.g. 1, 2, 3, or 4**

## Figure 63: siNA Galactosamine Conjugates



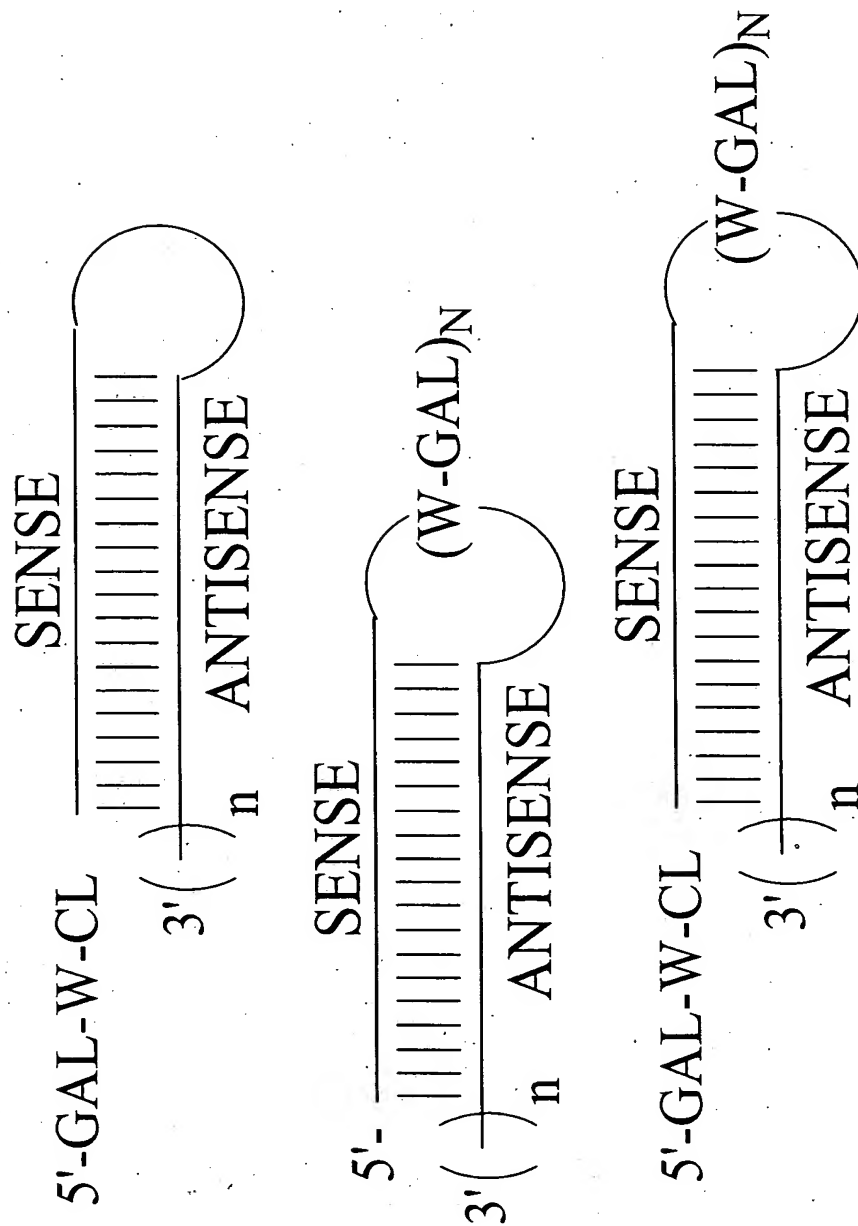
CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present

GAL=GALACTOSAMINE; e.g. compounds having Formulae 51-56, 86, 92, 99, 100, 103, 105, 106

W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 102 or 103)

n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3

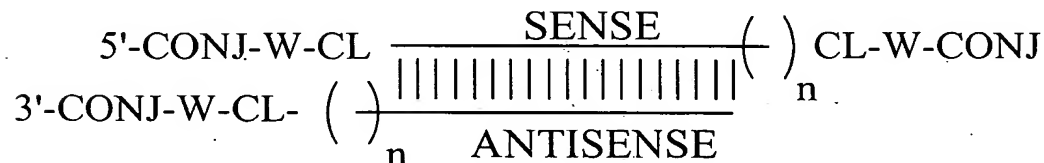
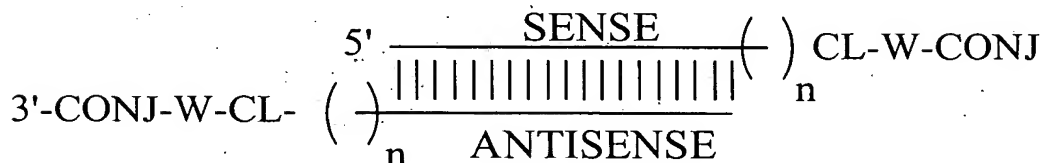
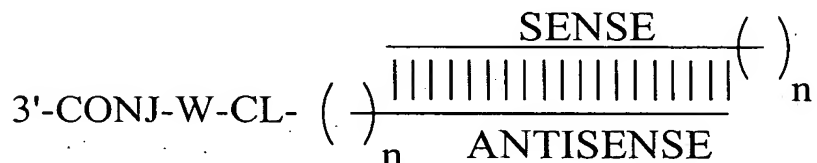
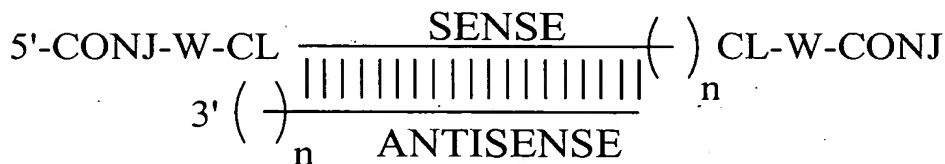
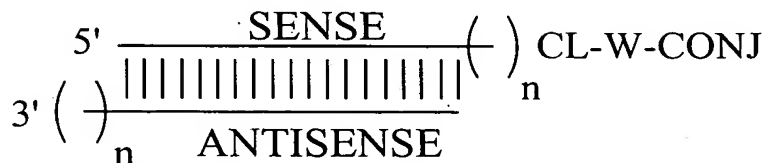
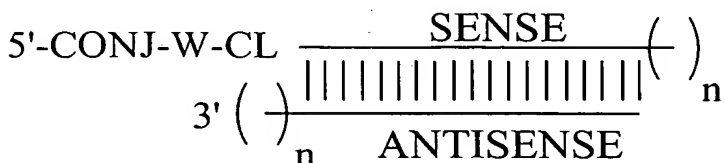
**Figure 64: siNA Galactosamine Conjugates**



CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present  
 GAL=GALACTOSAMINE; e.g. compounds having Formulae 51-56, 86, 92, 99, 100, 103, 105, 106  
 W= linker molecule (see for example Formulae 102 or 103)  
 n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3  
 N=integer, e.g. 1, 2, 3, or 4



## Figure 65: Generalized siNA Conjugate Design



CONJ=any biologically active molecule or conjugate as described herein  
 CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present  
 W= linker molecule  
 n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3

5'-CONJ-W-CL

SENSE

3'(-)<sub>n</sub> ANTISENSE

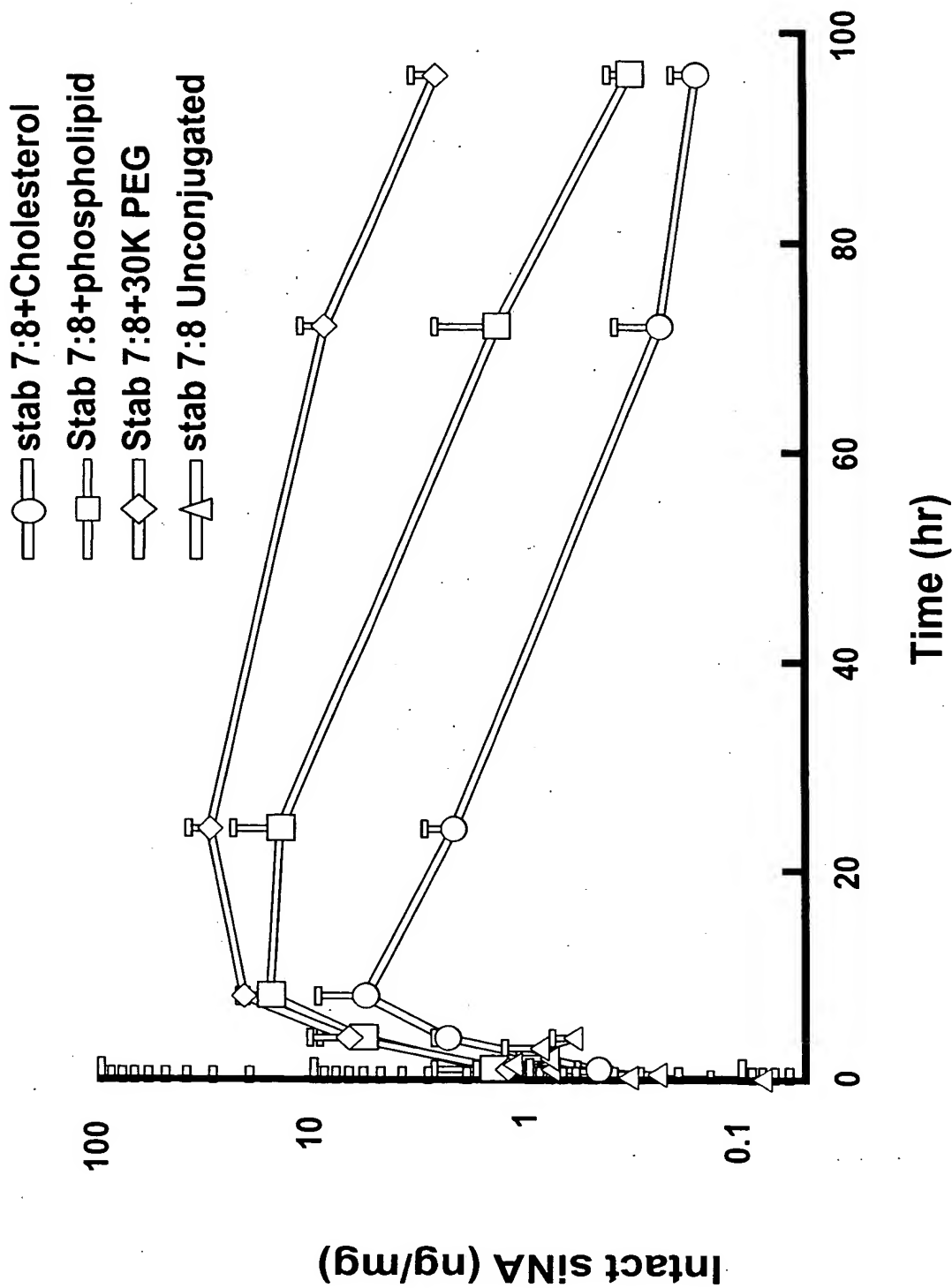
(W-CONJ)<sub>N</sub>

**CL=cleavable linker (e.g. A-dT, C-dT) that is optionally present**

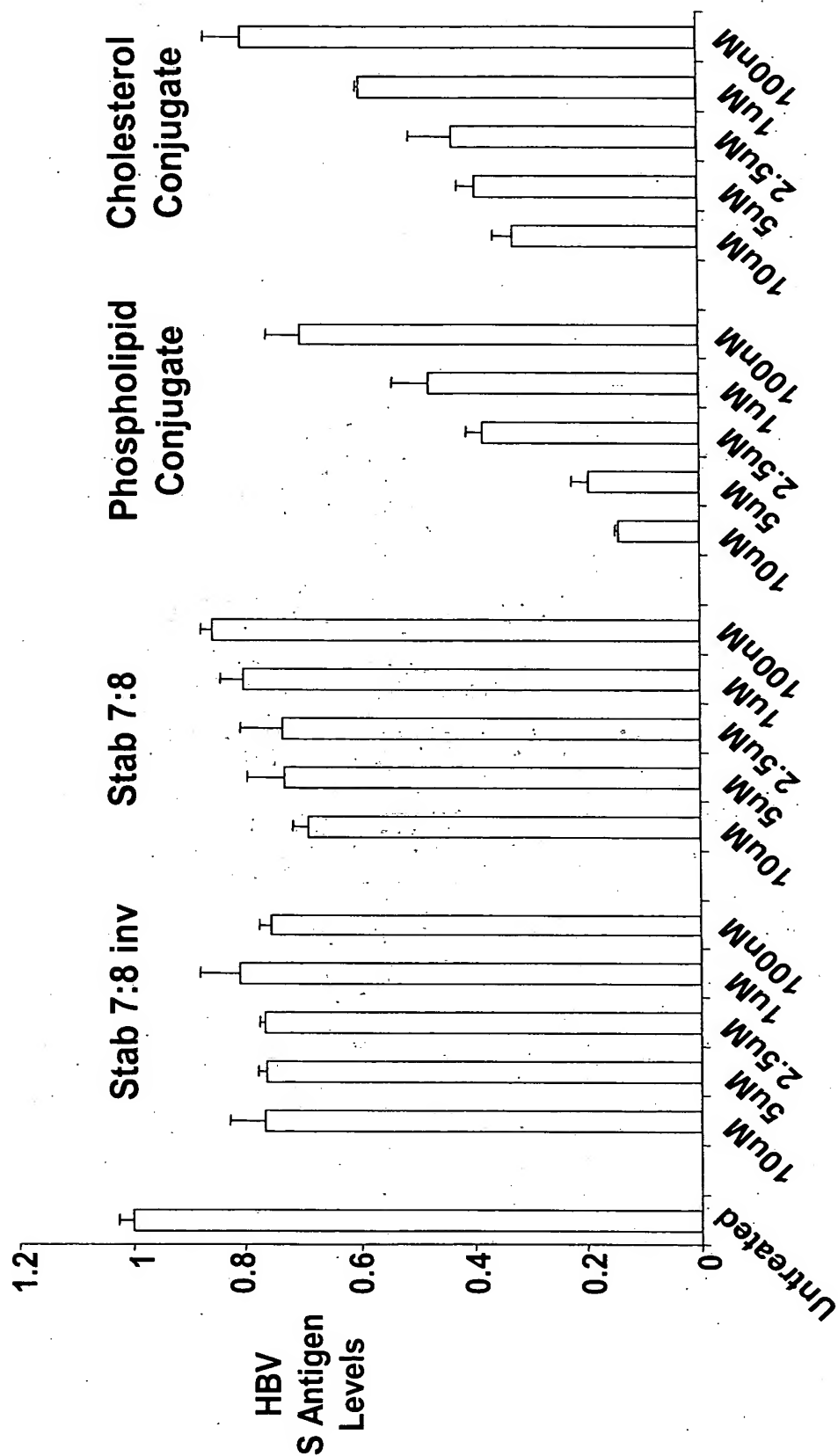
**n = integer, e.g. 1, 2, or 3**

**N=integer, e.g. 1, 2, 3, or 4**

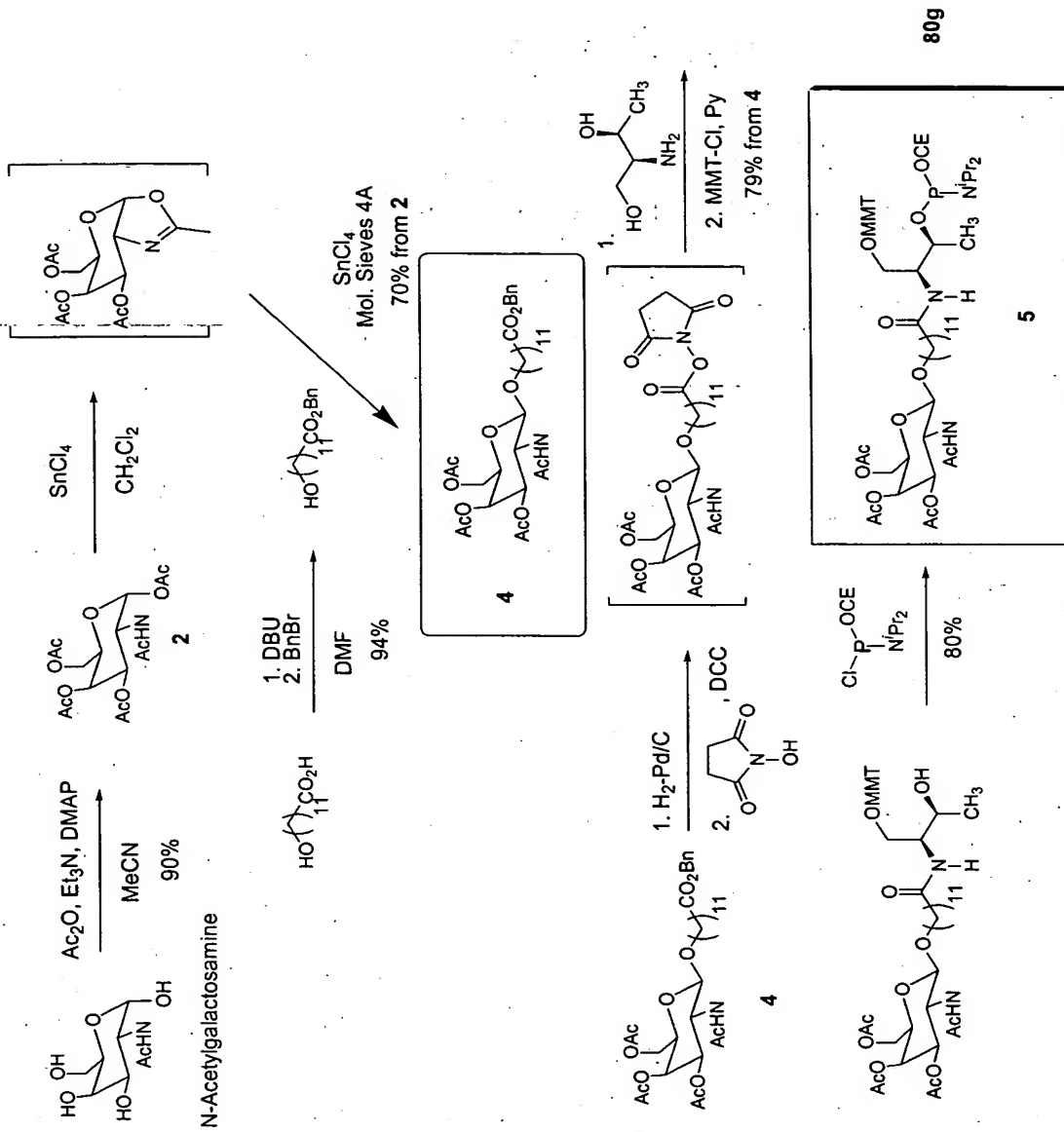
**Figure 67: Distribution of Intact siNA in Liver After SC Administration of Conjugated or Unconjugated Chemistries**



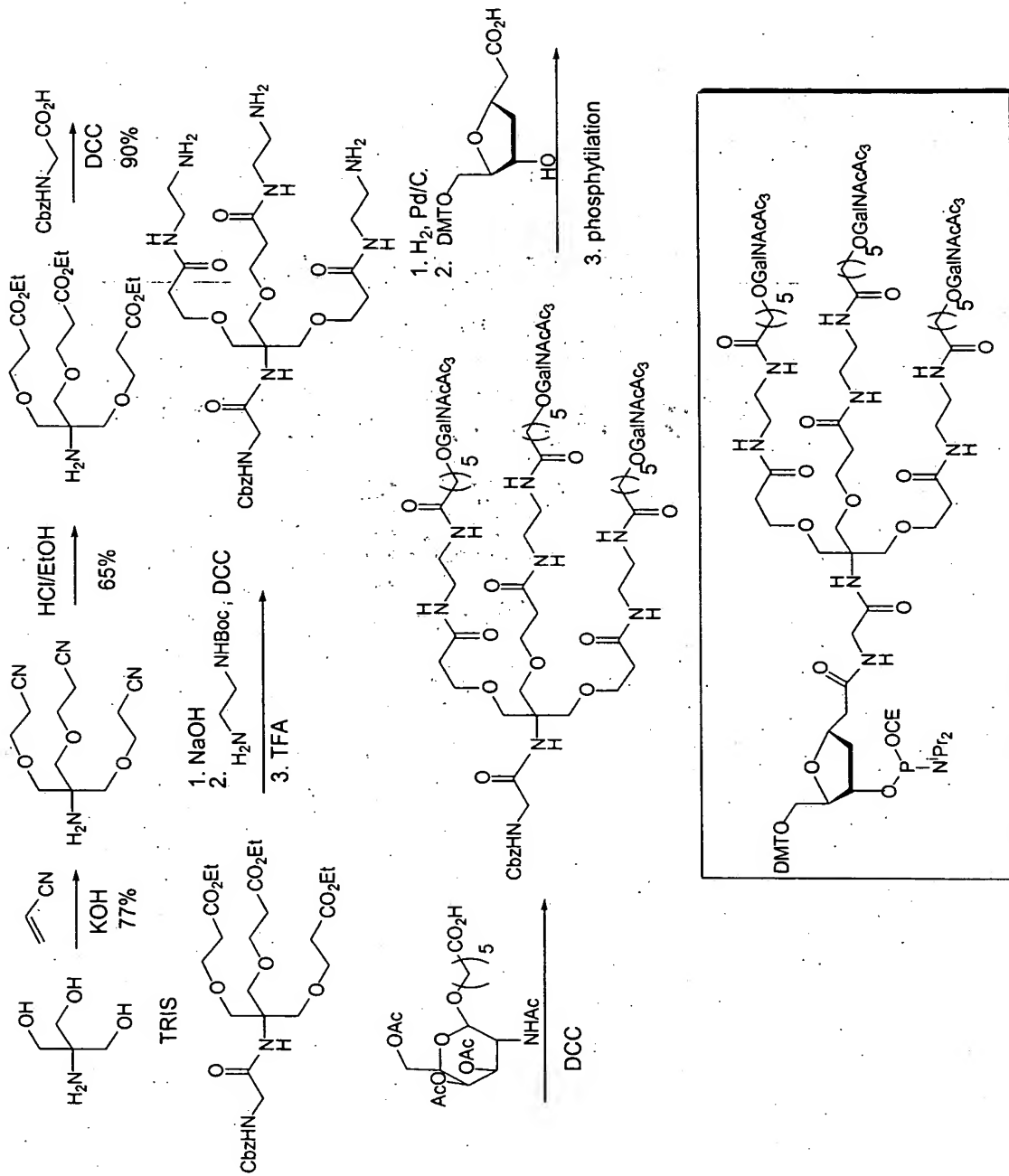
**Figure 68: Lipid Free Delivery of HBV siNA Conjugates in Cell Culture**



**Figure 69: Scale-up of “mono” Galactosamine phosphoramidite**

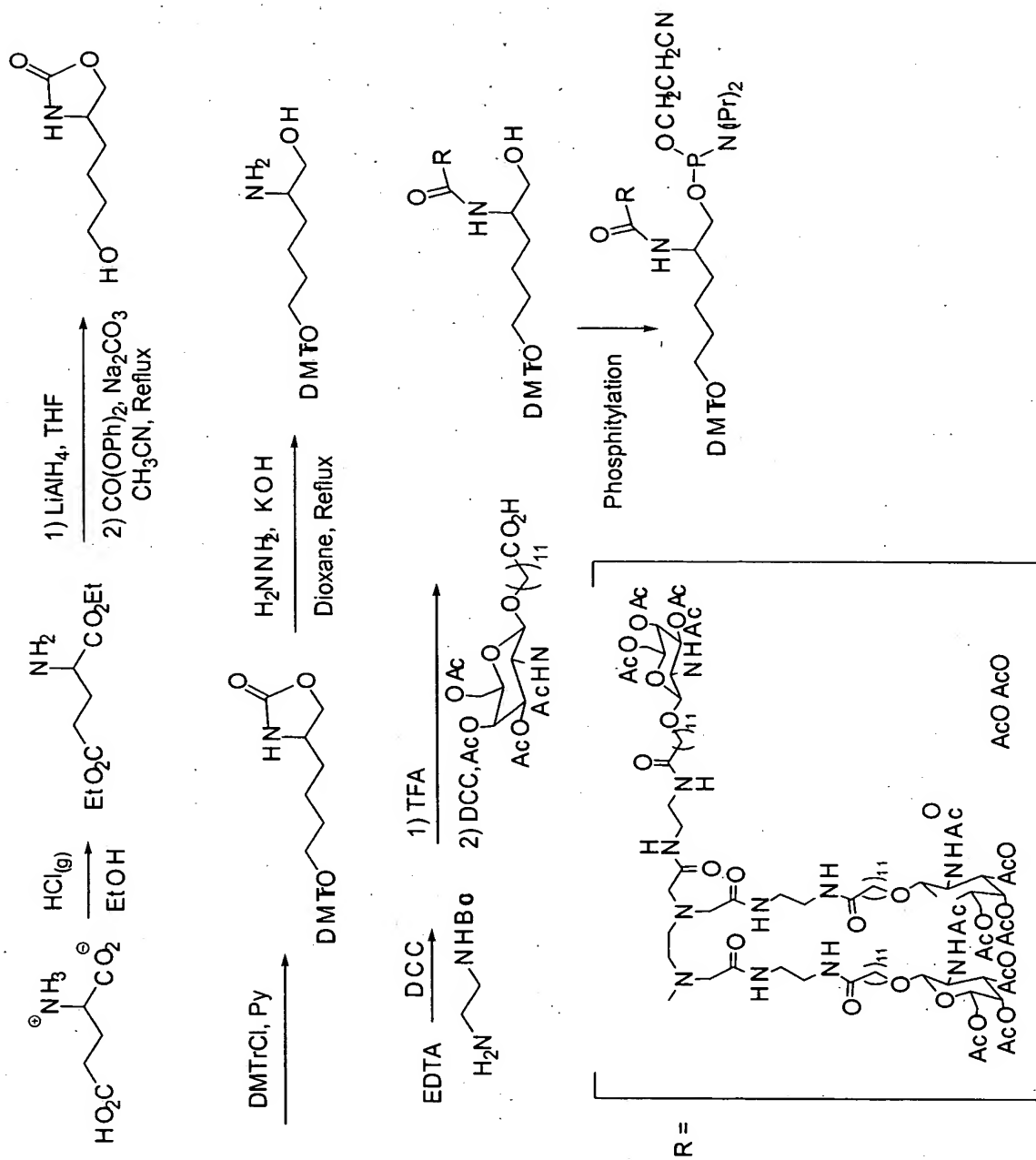


**Figure 70: Synthesis of “tri” Galactosamine phosphoramidite**



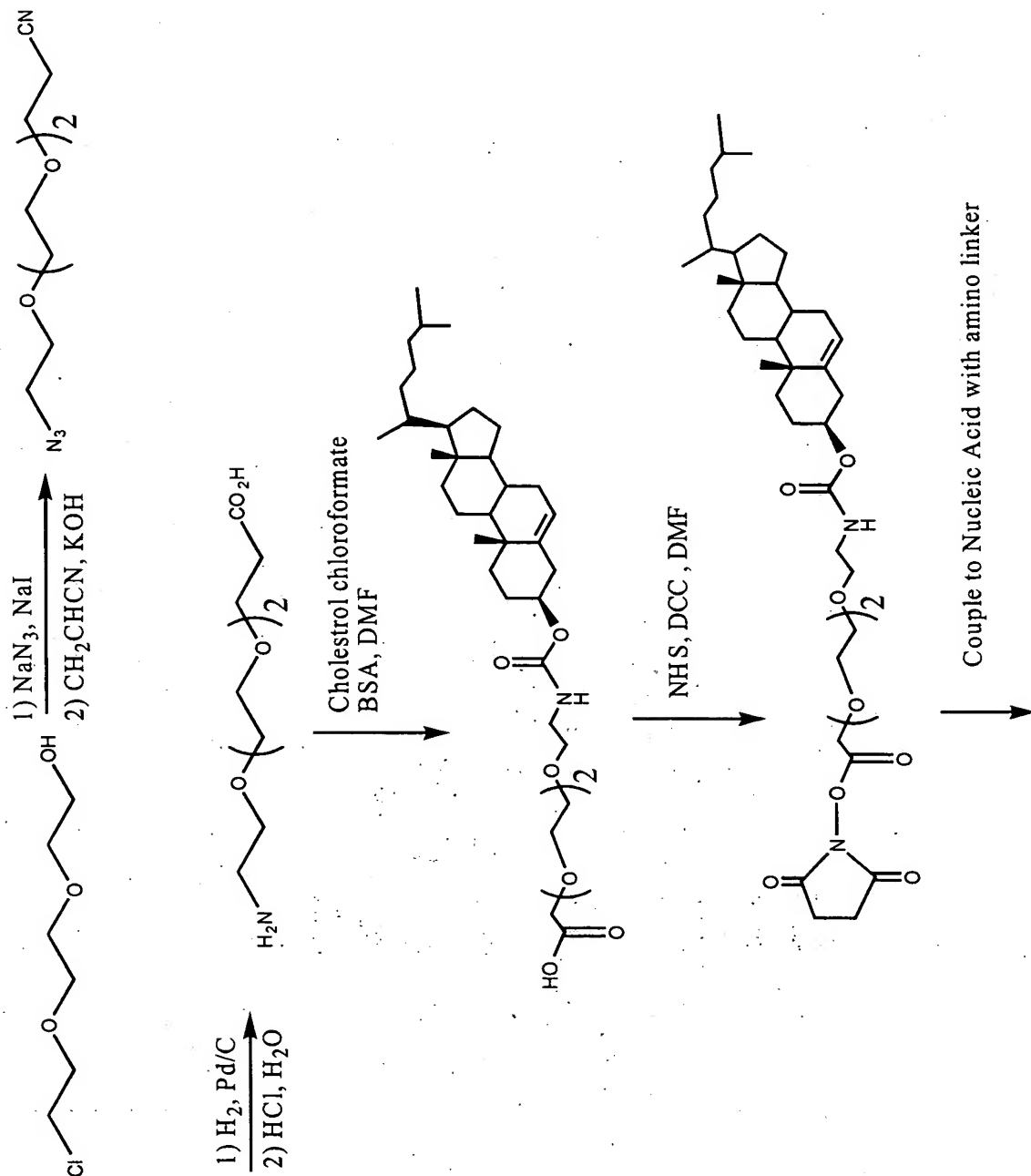
[illegible]

**Figure 72: Alternate Synthesis of Tri-Galactosamine Conjugate**

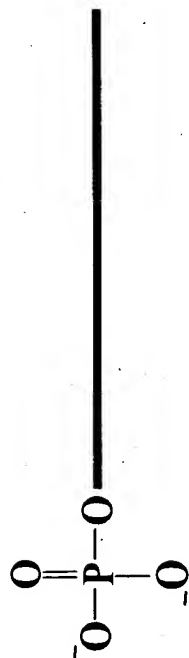




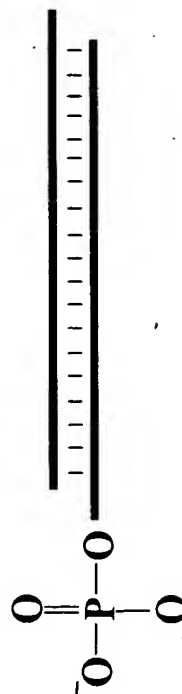
**Figure 73: Synthesis of NHS Cholesterol Conjugate**



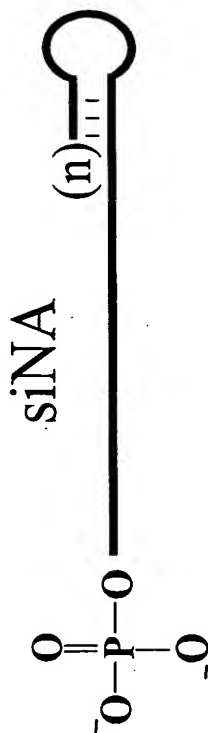
**Figure 74: Phosphorylated siNA constructs**



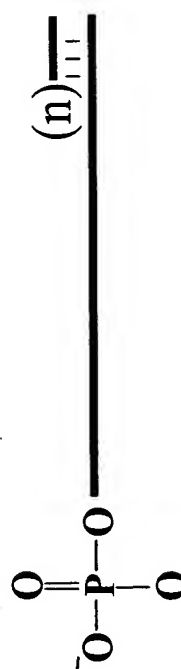
Phosphates can be modified  
as described herein



Asymmetric hairpin



Asymmetric duplex  
siNA



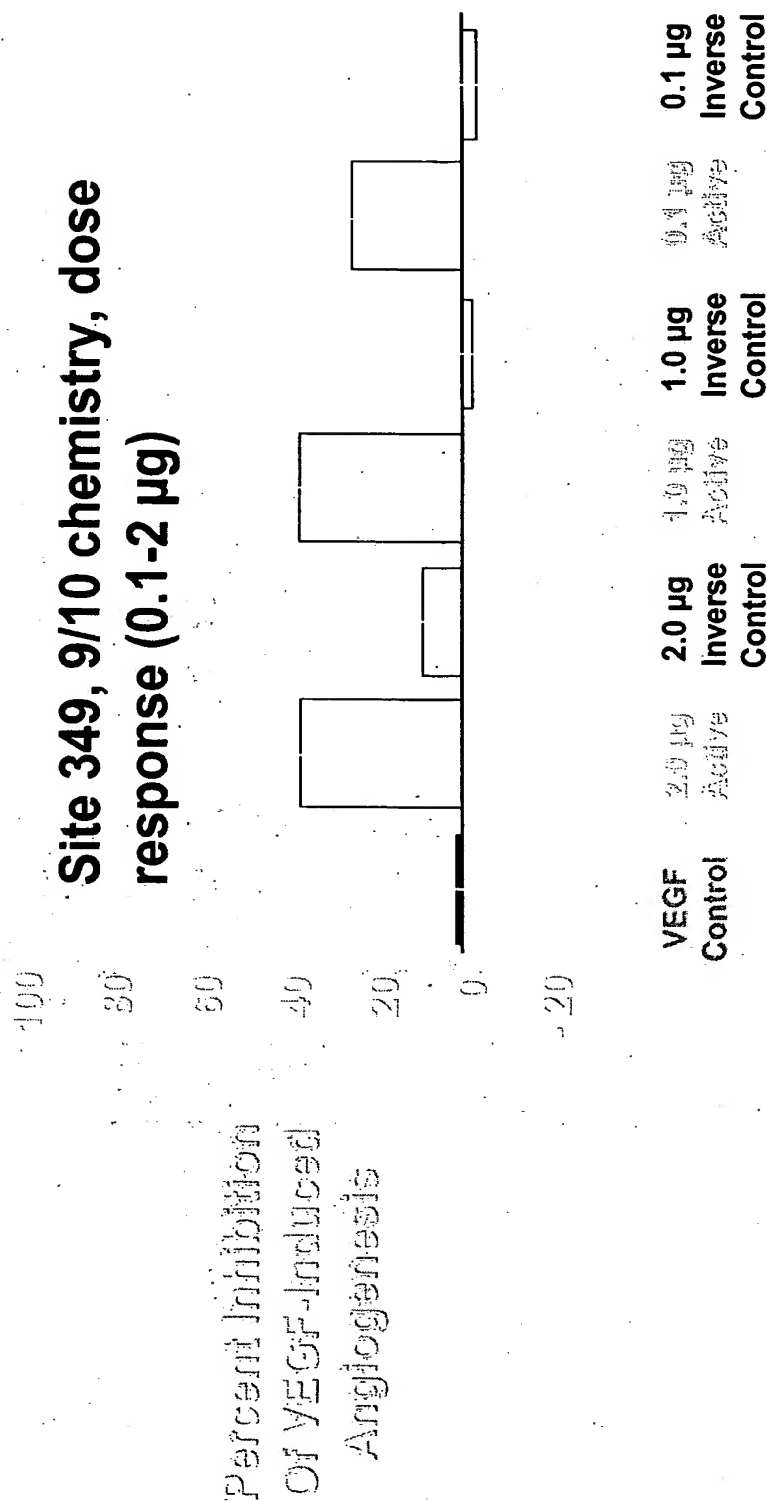
(n) = number of base  
pairs (e.g. 3-18 bp)

Chemical structures of various phosphonic acid equivalents and Vanadyl equivalents, including combinations of other modifications:

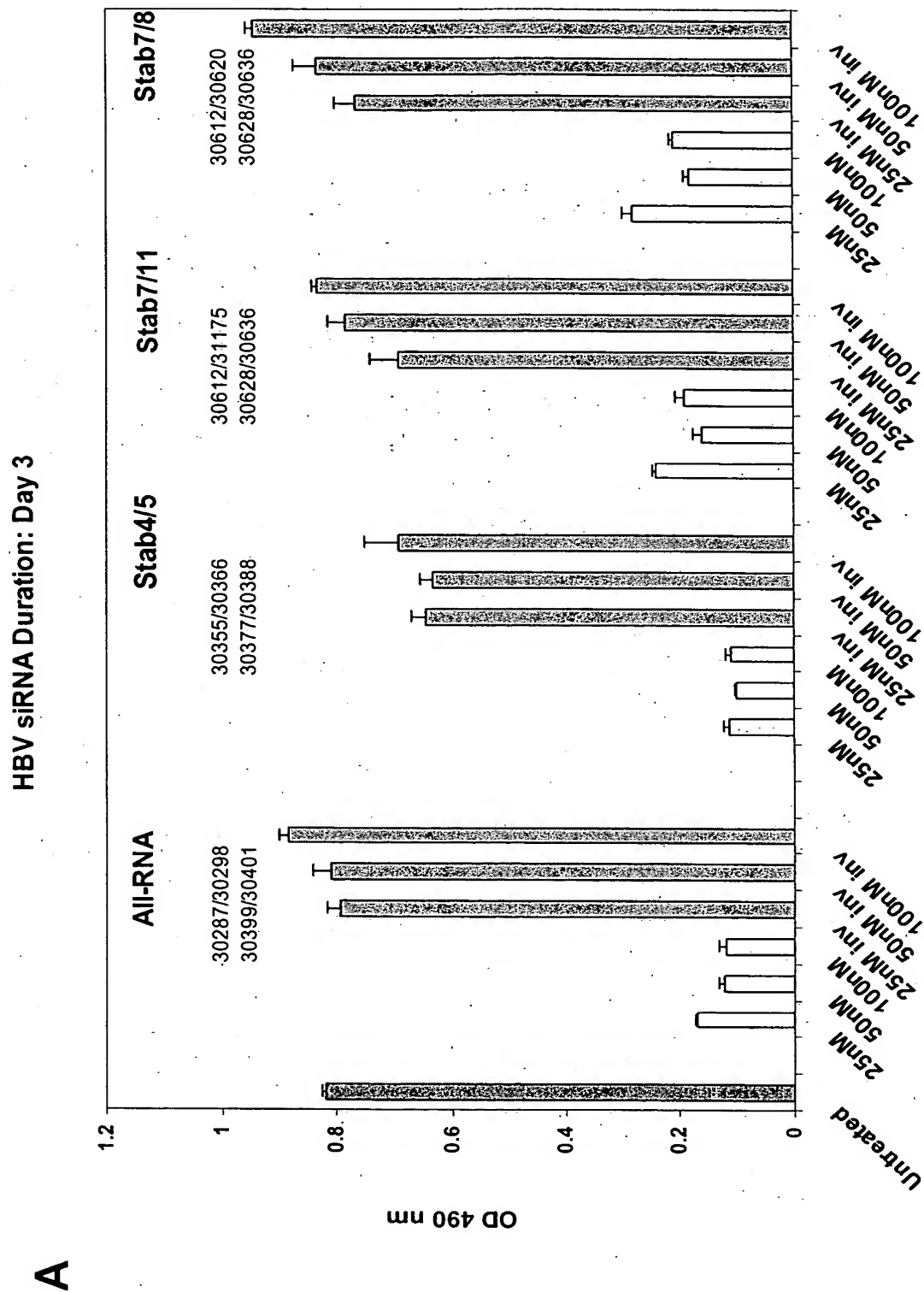
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—}$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—CF}_2\text{—NH}_2$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—Me}$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—CH}_2\text{NH}_2$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—OMe}$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—Cl}$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—}$  (circled)
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—S—}$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—H}$
- $\text{—O—S(=O)(OH)—}$
- $\text{—O—S(=O)(OH)—CH}_2\text{—}$
- $\text{—O—P(=O)(OH)—}$  (circled)

Sulfonic acid equivalent or Vanadyl equivalent with any combination of other modifications herein

**Figure 76: siNA Targeting VEGFR-1 Inhibits VEGF-Induced Rat Corneal Angiogenesis**



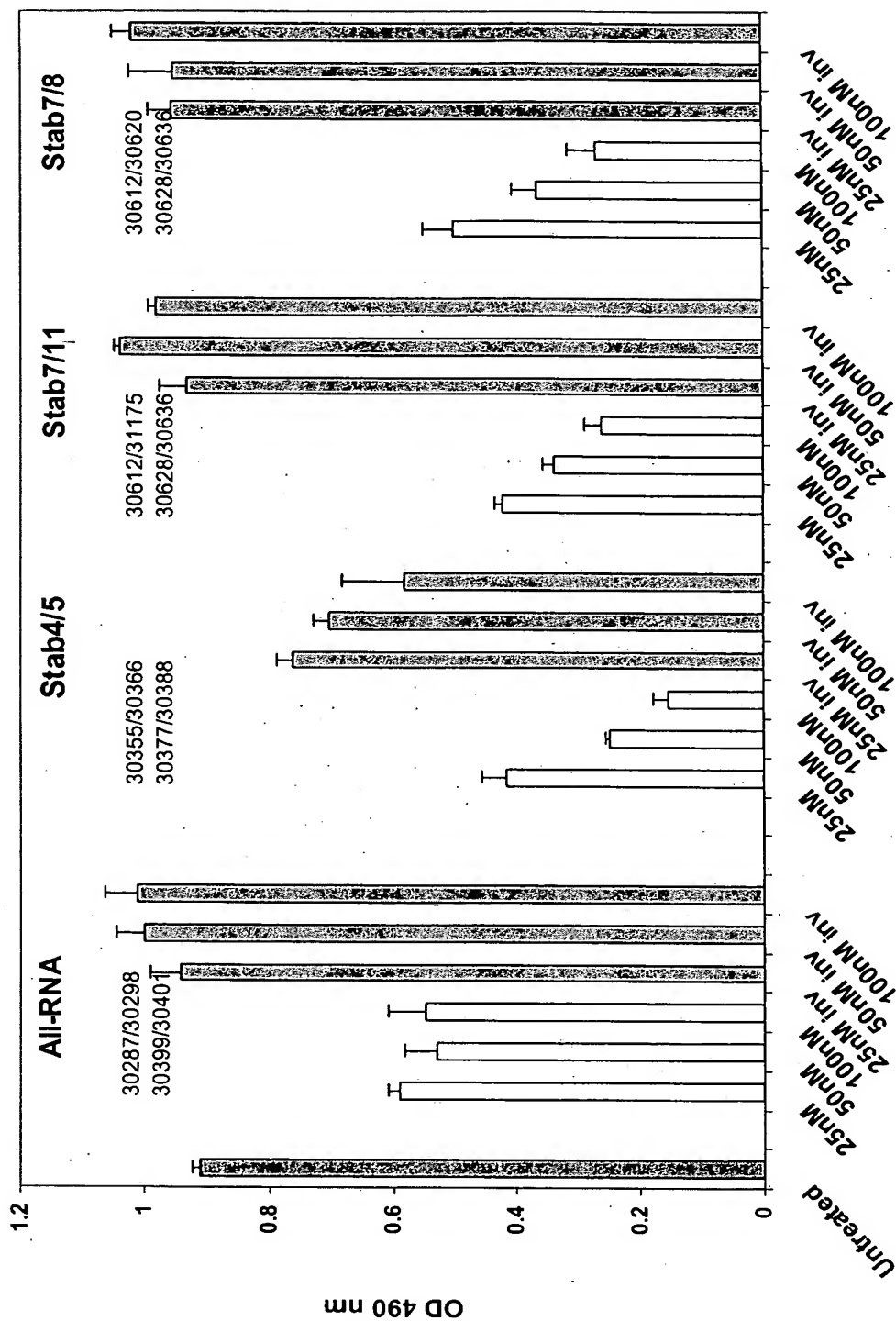
**Figure 77: Duration of Effect of Modified siNA Constructs**



**Figure 77: Duration of Effect of Modified siNA Constructs**

HBV siRNA Duration: Day 9

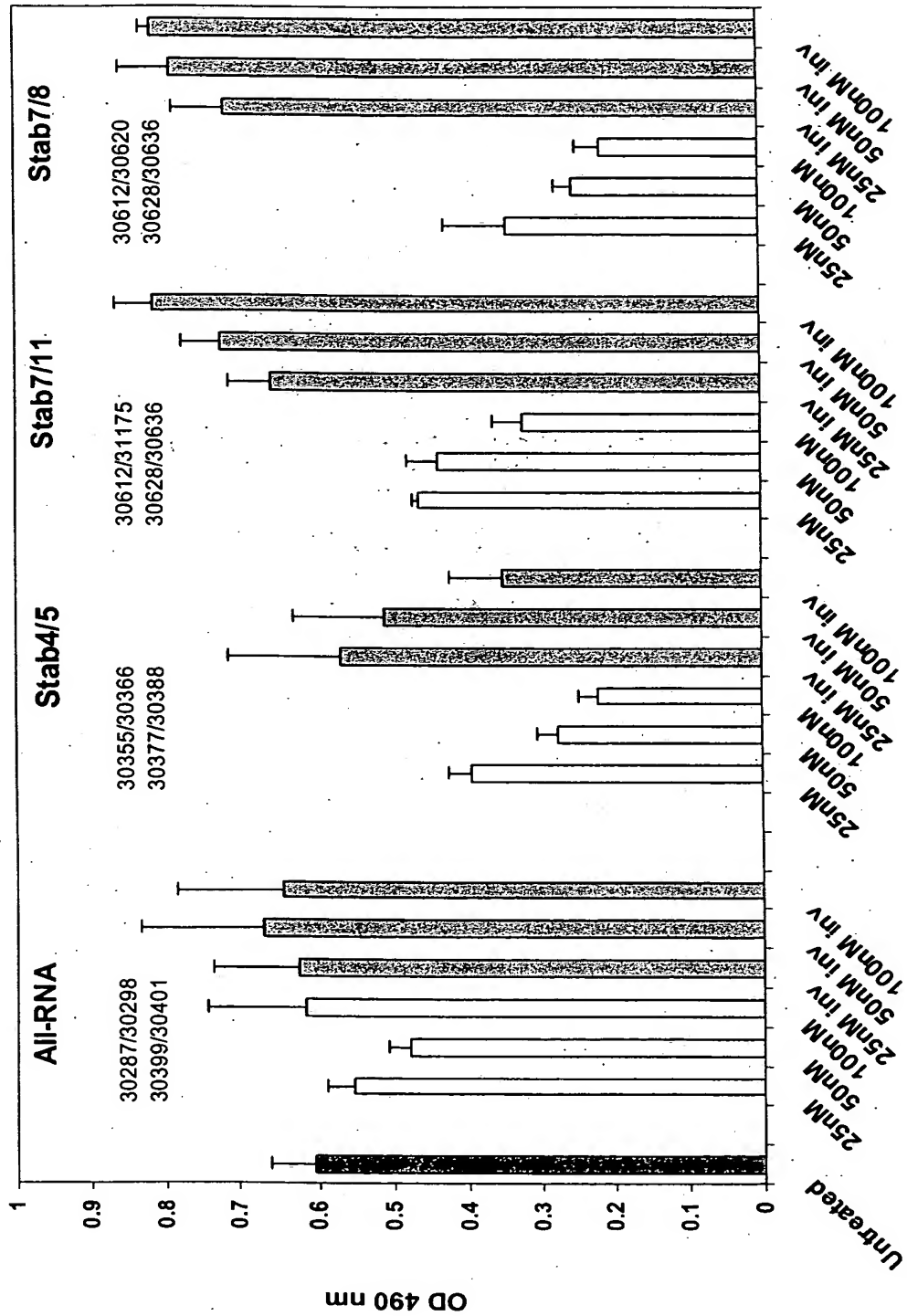
**B**



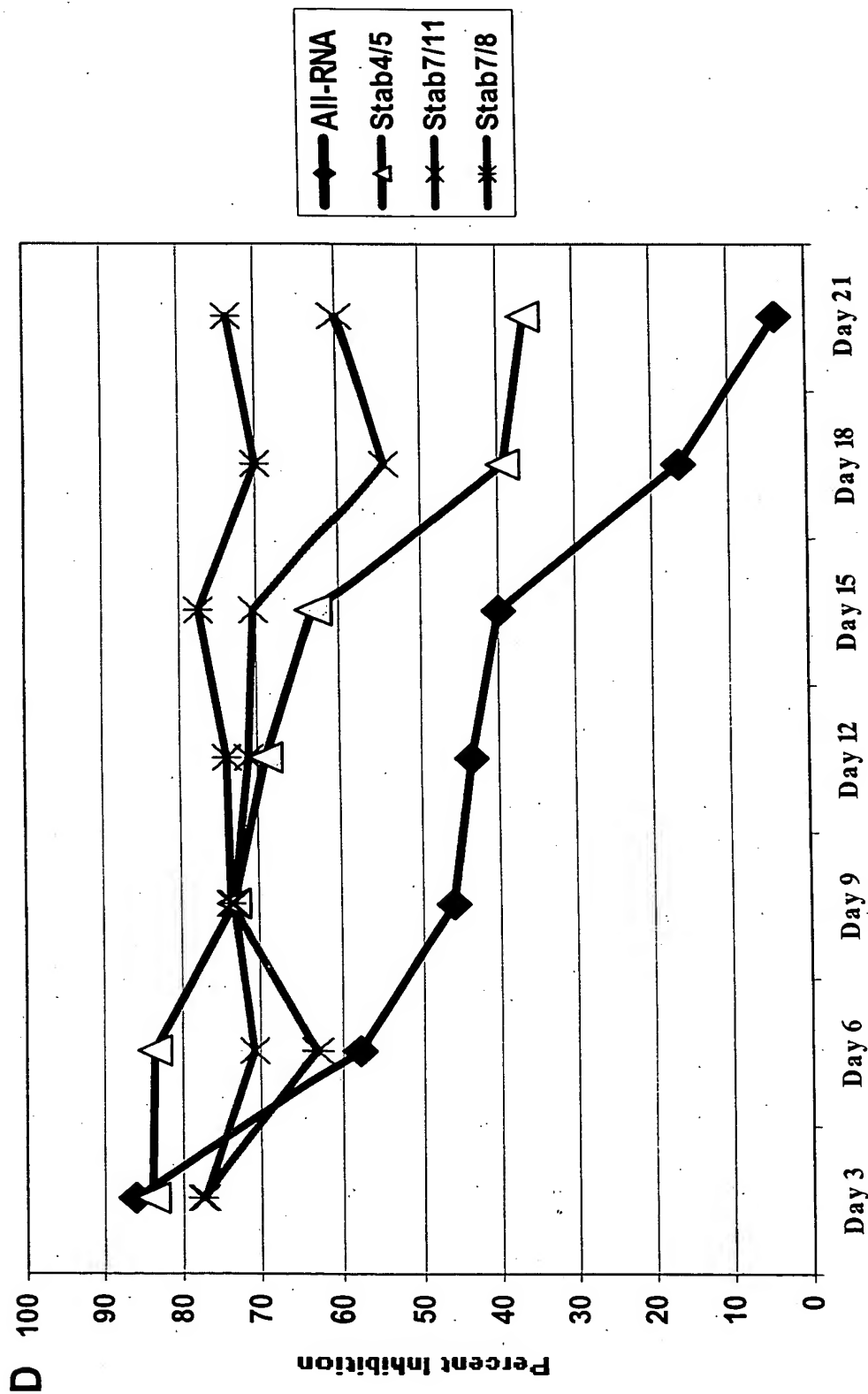
**Figure 77: Duration of Effect of Modified siNA Constructs**

HBV siRNA Duration: Day 21

C

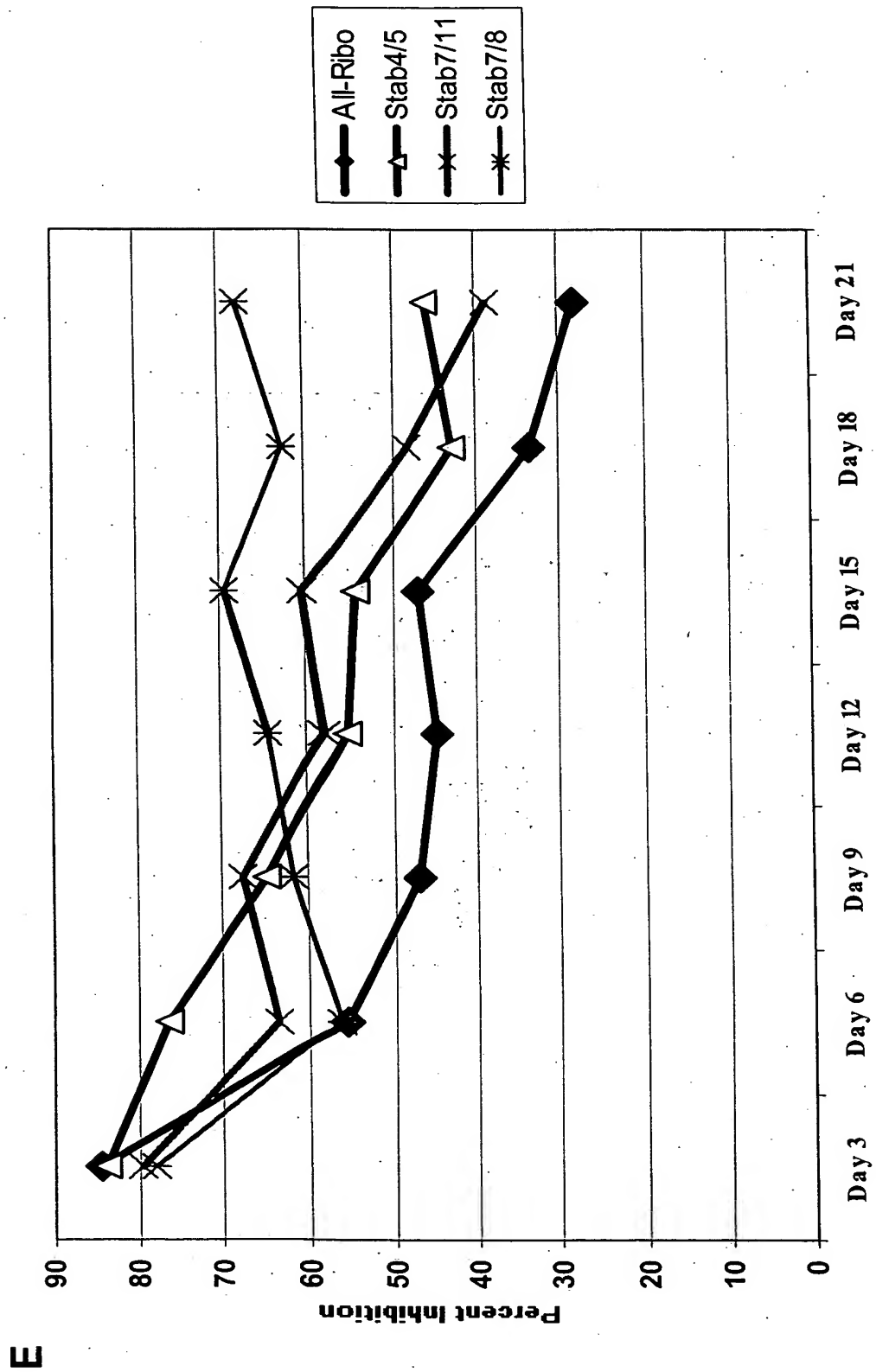


**Figure 77: Duration of Effect of Modified siNA Constructs**

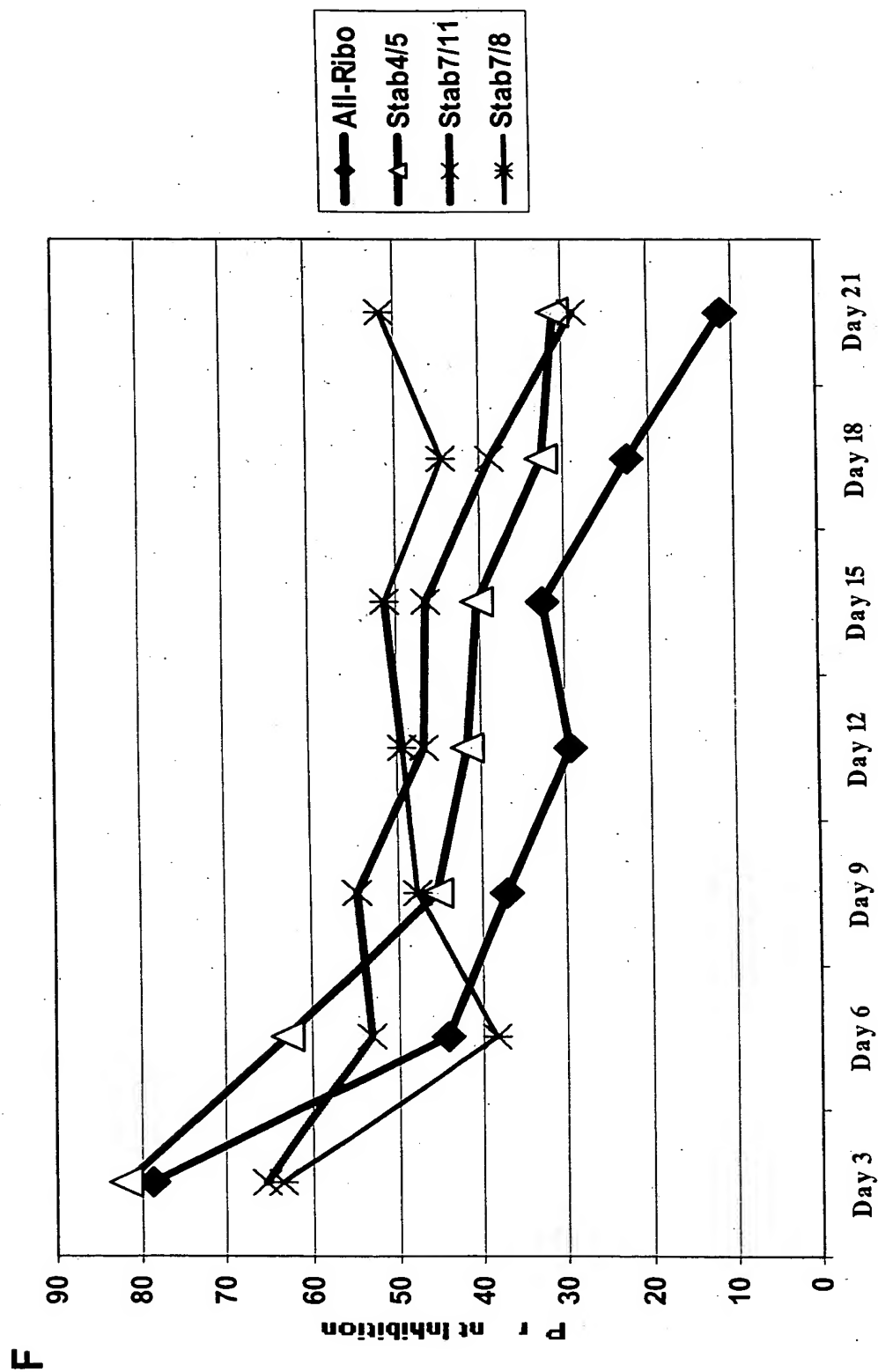




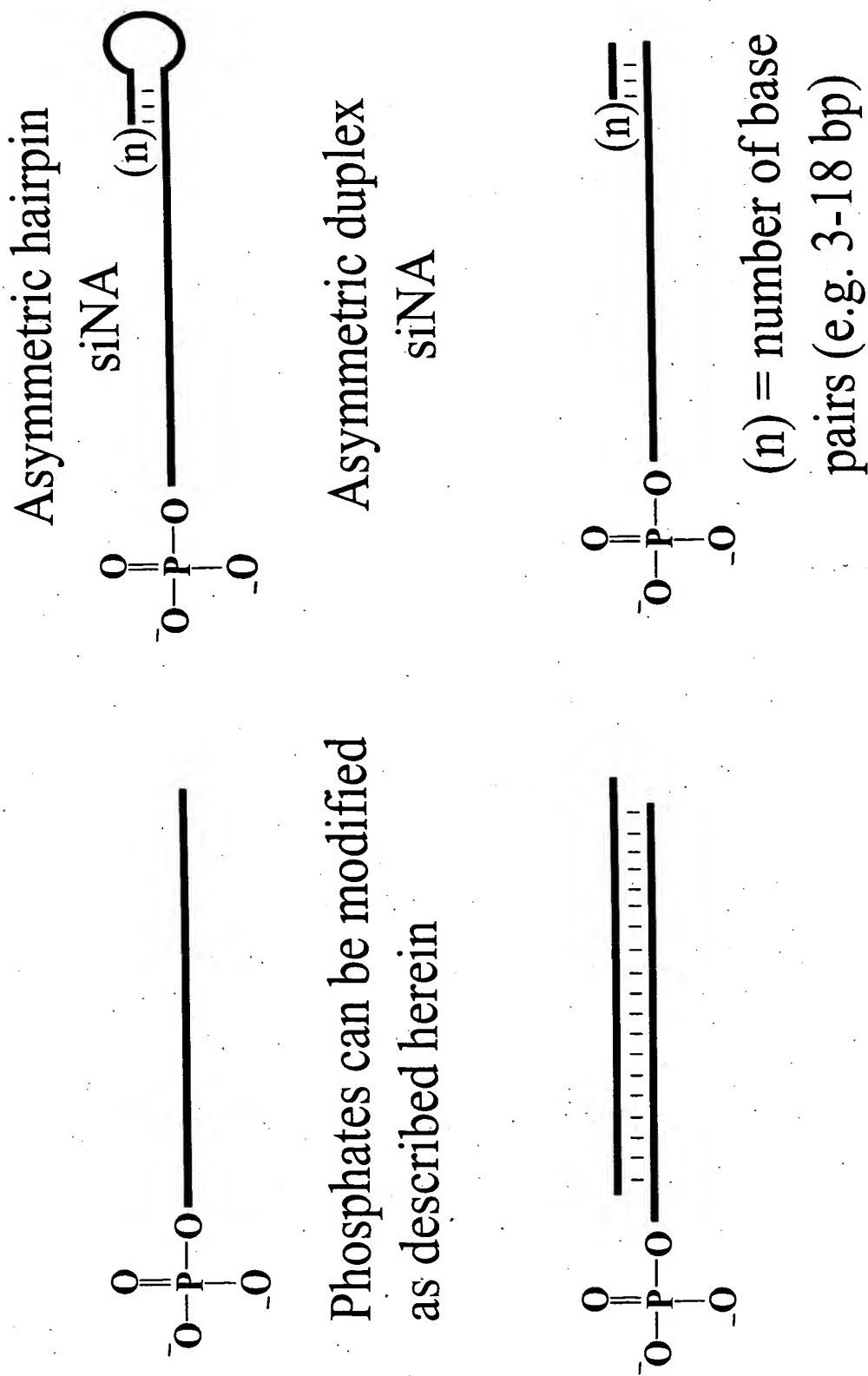
**Figure 77: Duration of Effect of Modified siNA Constructs**



**Figure 77: Duration of Effect of Modified siNA Constructs**

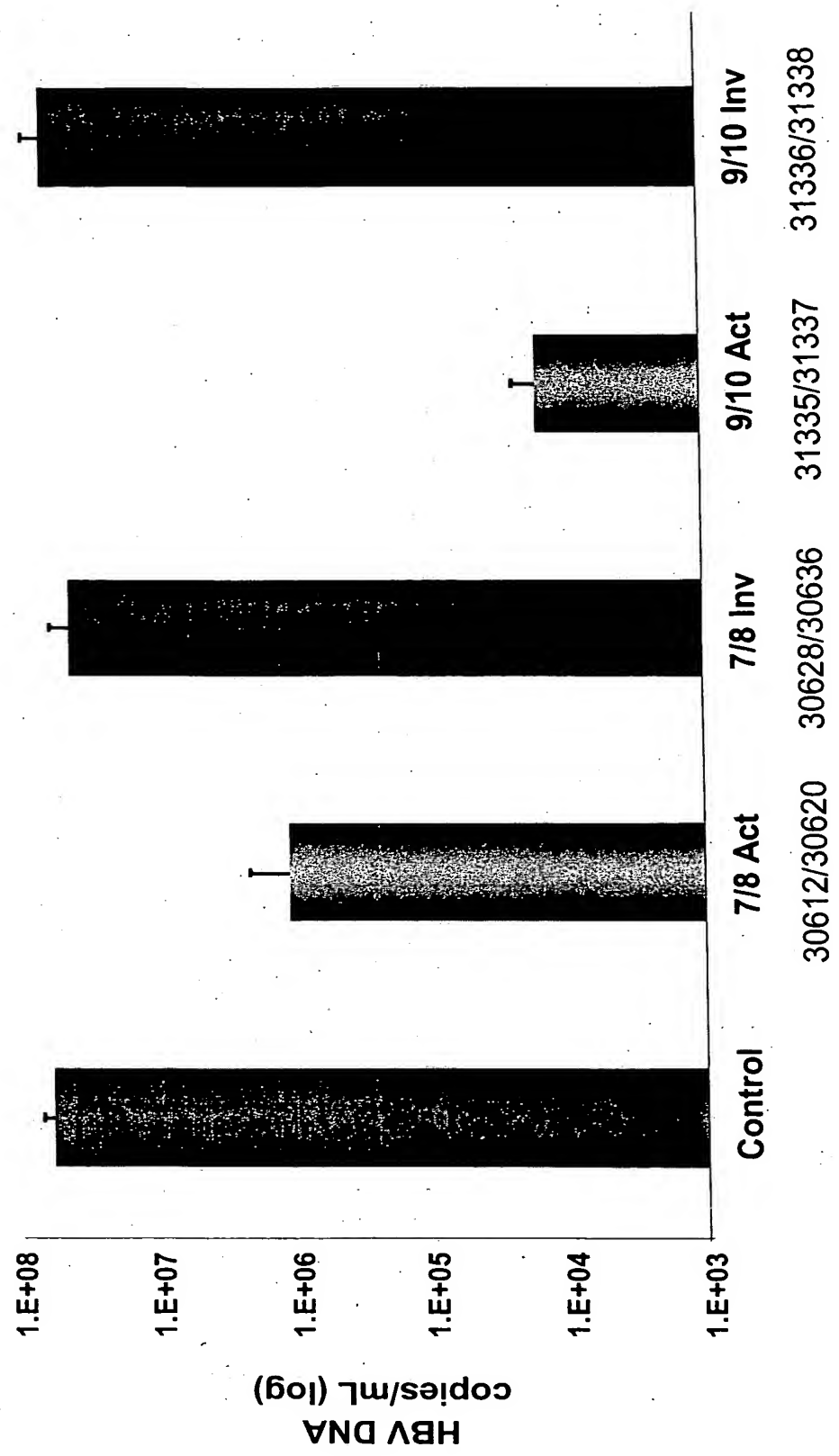


**Figure 78: Phosphorylated siNA constructs**



[illegible]

**Figure 80: Serum HBV DNA in Mice Treated  
 with siNA Via HDI**



**Figure 81: Serum HBsAg in Mice Treated  
with siNA Via HDI**

